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NEW-YORK POLITICS.

The Democratic State Convention at Syracuse.

BEAUTIFUL ROW AT THE OPENING.

Fernando Wood Accomplishes a Grand "Coup," and the Hards Take Possession.

The Softs Attempt Another Organization.

Their Chairman is Knocked from the Platform.

Split of the Two Factions, with Considerable Miscellaneous Sparring.

FINAL ORGANIZATION OF THE SOFTS.

Speech of the Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson.

Delegates to the National Convention to be Chosen by the District System.

From Our Own Correspondent.

SYRACUSE, Tuesday, Sept. 13, 1859—8 P. M.

The Democracy are already assembled here in great force, and it may be safe to predict that the proceedings will be more than commonly harmonious.

* * * It is all but sure that the present State Officers, with the exception of Secretary of State TUCKER, will be renominated by acclammation, though there are rumors that Comptroller CHURCH will decline, preferring to stand back and wait for the next Governorship. GIDEON J. TUCKER has been solicited to reaccept his present position, but refuses point blank, on the ground that he has already made all the sacrifices in this position which the party has any right to expect of him. The position, he says, however ornamental or important, is a positive pecuniary loss, and one which he is not able to continue. DAVID R. FLOYD JONES, of Queens County, is talked of as likely to succeed Mr. TUCKER, and so also is Mr. WOOD, of Kings, for which latter person the Brooklyn delegation are very active and united. Mr. JONES appears excessively anxious for the place, and has been busy pledging men for some months to his support; but whether he can foreclose at will these political mortgages on men's promises, remains yet to be seen. On the whole, he has perhaps as good a chance as Mr. WOOD, but it is not impossible that some entirely new name may be taken up. It is the wish of the Convention to nominate a ticket on which all past divisions of the Democratic Party shall be equitably represented; and this motive will be a governing principle in the selection of delegates to Charleston.

DANIEL S. DICKINSON is here, his hair white as ever and his cheeks as red; he is more cordially received than on any similar occasion since the break of 1852, and his adherents have high hope that the delegation to the National Convention will have no particular prejudice against his name. The fact is that the leading Democrats here have determined to send men to Charleston who are not committed to any specific candidate, and it may be reckoned that friends to all the chief Presidential aspirants will be included in the body sent. Certain prominent self-styled "national politicians" of your City, who have been very securely reckoning on seats at Charleston, will awake to-morrow to the painful but obvious fact that they are leaders without a constituency. After talking for months and traveling at Washington, and dining everywhere on the quasi strength of "carrying their delegation" for this man or that man, it is now certain that not one of these gentlemen will receive a single vote for the position on which each and all have counted! It is a lesson which cannot easily be forgotten, and it may teach other Presidential candidates that there are more "Bernard Donnellys" than one in the City of New-York—men who, with no importance at home, and not able to control even a single Ward in their own District, have still the cool impudence to brag in after-dinner conversation of their controlling "national importance."

The State Central Committee will undoubtedly be organized with a view to harmonize and keep harmonized the Party. For the City of New-York WM. D. KENNEDY and PETER B. SWEENEY will certainly be nominated, and probably elected.

The city is extremely full, and all the hotels overflowing. Postmaster FOWLER has his head-quarters, in company with CAGGER and RICHMOND at the Voorhies House, where FERNANDO WOOD is also staying. WOOD's rooms are deserted by almost every prominent city and State politician, and the mistake he has made in bringing up such men with him as JIM HUGHES, THOS. HEN FERRIS, PAT DUFFY, of the First Ward, the Benicia Boy, HARRY HURD and Canal-boat Jack, of Troy—each in command of eight or ten subordinate strikers—is not likely to help him. These boys are round the bar-rooms swearing vengeance against the Tammany Hall delegates, and occasionally raising a faint cheer on the canal-bridge in front of the Voorhies House for their favorite "Fernandy." The curious feature of FOWLER's parlor on this occasion is, that it is frequented as much by the men who were opposed to the Tammany Hall interest last year, as by the men who acted with FOWLER on that occasion. The Dickinson men have at last learned where the power is, and are not willing any longer to butt their adamantine heads against stone walls. The strength of the Democratic Party is with its traditions, and these are all in favor of regular succession and party usage as represented by RICHMOND, FOWLER, KENNEDY and the interest now in control of the City and State machinery. William D. Kennedy, Nelson J. Waterbury, Peter B. Sweeney, Edward Cooper, John Clancy, John Y. Savage, Augustus Schell, John Cochrane, and many others, are staying at the old Syracuse House, which has claims to their respect as the old Democratic Headquarters. It is not perhaps so gay as the Voorhies, but has many solid advantages of old-fashioned comfort, cleanliness, abundance and good air. Alderman BRADLEY, R. B. CONNOLLY and some other prominent Douglas men are figuring largely round the lobbies; but the special object of their presence here is not known. Should Mr. CLANCY fail to be made Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions—a point on which the City delegation is not unanimous—no doubt a united and energetic vote can be obtained in favor of Mr. ANDY FROMENT, of the Twenty-first Ward, who is also freely canvassed as the delegate to Charleston from his district.

Quite an exciting scene took place last night between the Hon. JOHN C. MATHER and JAMES NESBITT, Esq., on board the steamer *New World*, the origin of the difficulty having reference to certain alleged antecedents of one of the parties involved. Mr. SCHELL was present, and to him Mr. MATHER appealed as his next friend; JAMES NESBITT placing his honor in the care of Mr. THOMAS BYRNES, of the First Ward, who is now conducting negotiations for an amicable settlement. The language used by Mr. NESBITT was undoubtedly personal—extremely personal in its nature; and should Mr. MATHER insist on the satisfaction usual between gentlemen, there will be no way of settling it except by a journey to Canada.

The plan of choosing delegates to Charleston will be that each Congressional delegation will be allowed to select two delegates and two alternates, to be submitted to a committee of eight, one from each judicial district in the State, who shall have power to revise the same if necessary, and select the two gentlemen who are to represent the Congressional district in the National Councils. This plan was first drafted in New-York City, at "inner deliberation," over which Mr. WILLIAM CALDWELL presided. It is very astute, very well calculated to relieve Congressional delegations from unpleasant responsibilities, and will, unless the bottom falls out of everything, be adopted by a large majority to-morrow. This plan has the advantage of making the election of AUGUSTUS SCHELL possible, which it was not before. SCHELL re[illegible] and is accepted in all the good faith of a [illegible], and the influence of his patronage will hereafter be made do good service in promoting the best interests of the party, if there be any faith in the most solemn promises.

The mail is about closing and I can write no more. The City delegation is now in session (9 o'clock P. M.) at the Voorhies House, and the names of the Charleston delegates will undoubtedly be agreed upon. Of these I can give you no other intimation than the assurance that the Congressional districts, in New-York City as elsewhere, will have the right of choosing their own men from within their own borders; and that no squatter sovereignty claims, or divine rights as "national politicians," will be respected. The City delegation embraces "live men," who are subject to no control other than that of their own judgments and wishes, and they will choose men to represent them at Charleston of whom they have have had domestic experience in offices of local trust. Nothing is settled except the fact that ISAAC V. FOWLER is the choice of the City delegation for delegate at large, if he will accept, or delegate from his own district should he prefer to go in that capacity. All the other national delegates are still *in nubibus*, and not likely to become visible, until to-morrow's Convention, to the naked eye. Beyond doubt the resolutions to be passed by the Convention will not be unfriendly towards Judge DOUGLAS, even if they have not an open squint in his direction. A majority of the country delegates are in his favor, as PETER CAGGER is also strongly suspected to be; while DEAN RICHMOND is well contented to stand neutral in the quarrel. Next to DOUGLAS, BRECKINRIDGE has most friends in the body.

HEADQUARTERS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONVENTION.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

SYRACUSE, Wednesday, Sept. 14—2 P. M.

Fifteen minutes before the time fixed for the assembling of the Convention, a delegate, in the interest of FERNANDO WOOD, moved that Mr. ALVORD, of Onondaga, be made temporary Chairman, put the question, and declared it carried. Mr. ALVORD then took the Chair amidst indescribable confusion, and at once received the nominations of SHANKLAND, of Cattaraugus, and HALL, of Schoharie, for Secretaries.

One of WOOD's men, without waiting for the call of the roll or any other formality, moved that both delegations from New-York City be admitted to seats.

The Hon. JOHN COCHRANE then rose, and said that this was a very strange proceeding, and that he did not suppose that anyone would imagine for a moment that any result could be accomplished by attempting to organize a Convention by violence and by the interposition of persons who did not even claim to be members. He said that no roll had been called, and no proceedings yet taken to show that any Convention had met, and it would at least be necessary before acting upon contested seats to ascertain who claimed them, and who were entitled to pass upon them. He would, therefore, move to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. ALVORD decided that it out of order, and refused an appeal.

Precisely at 12 o'clock, the time fixed for the meeting of the Convention, Mr. CAGGER, by direction of the State Central Committee, called the Convention to order, and nominated Hon. JOHN STRYKER, of Oneida, for temporary Chairman. This motion was carried by an overwhelming vote, and Mr. STRYKER took the Chair. Regular secretaries were then appointed.

It was now ordered that the roll of delegates should be called, and as the secretaries were preparing to do this, THOS. H. FERRIS, one of WOOD's contestants from New-York, walked up behind Mr. STRYKER, the Chairman, and knocked him off the platform. Mr. STRYKER resumed the chair, whereupon Mr. COCHRANE moved that after the disgraceful violence which had been manifested, ending in a personal assault on the Chairman of the Convention, it would be unworthy of the dignity of the Democratic party of the State of New-York to proceed with the important business for which the Convention had assembled amidst such violence. He moved a recess until 4 o'clock, P. M., which was carried almost unanimously.

The great mass of persons on the floor then left, leaving Mr. WOOD with some eight or ten delegates and some thirty or forty fighting men.

Mr. BARTLETT, of Broome, DICKINSON's representative, then asked Mr. ALVORD if he (Mr. BARTLETT) had been appointed by him to report upon permanent officers, or any other Committee. Mr. ALVORD answered No, and Mr. BARTLETT retired. Mr. ALVORD had previously appointed a Committee to report permanent officers. Mr. WOOD is on the floor, speaking.

[FROM THE REPORTER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

SYRACUSE, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

Before 12 o'clock the gallery of the hall was crowded densely with spectators, and a large number of Delegates were present, with a number of outsiders.

Immediately on the stroke of 12, HIRAM C. SMITH, of Monroe, jumped on the floor, and moved that THOMAS G. ALVORD be temporary Chairman of the Convention.

The vote was instantly put and carried. Immense excitement followed, the majority of the Convention being taken by surprise so terribly as to prevent any attempt at amendment.

Instantly on the vote being declared THOMAS G. ALVORD, who was on the platform, took the Chair and called the Convention to order.

A motion was then instantly made to elect Messrs SHANKLAND, of Cattaraugus, and J. B. HALL, of Schoharie, Secretaries. This resolution was also carried amidst a perfect panic on the part of the Softs.

C. D. MURRAY, of Cattaraugus, immediately took the floor and moved the following resolution:

Resolved, That, regretting the difficulty in the Democratic Party in the City of New-York, this Convention will not decide upon the regularity of the two existing organizations there, and hereby admits to seats both of the delegations from that City, with equal rights upon this floor.

Loud and overpowering shouts of "question!" "question!" "question!" from all parts of the hall.

The main portion of the Convention, who stated it now was 11¾ o'clock, here entered the Hall.

Mr. COCHRANE took the floor.

This was the signal for a row, although all previous motions had been rushed through amidst the most intense excitement.

The Wood men all occupied the front of the Hall, prominent among them being BENJAMIN RAE, ANDREW SHEEHAN, HEENAN, the Benicia Boy, and other powerful men.

Mr. WOOD was cool but very pale, and Mr. ALVORD in the Chair was the very impersonation of firmness and determination. It was evident instantly that the programme was to be carried out through any circumstances and regardless of consequences.

Mr. COCHRANE, as soon as he spoke, was surrounded by a crowd of adversaries, but pressing forward to the front of the Convention, he stood on a seat, and persevered until silence was partially restored. He denounced in severe terms the whole proceedings. This, he said, was not a Convention. [Loud cries of "Down," "down." It was not, he repeated, a Convention. It was pretended to be organized in a bogus manner before the time, and he denounced all who took part in the shameful proceedings.

The Chair requested him to confine himself to the question before the Convention.

Mr. COCHRANE denied the right of the Chair to call him to order. He continued to argue warmly for some time, and concluded by moving to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. C. D. MURRAY rose to speak.

Mr. COCHRANE—I call the gentleman to order. My motion is not debatable.

CHAIRMAN—The Chair does not feel at liberty at this stage of the proceedings to refuse to allow a motion to lay on the table to be debated.

Mr. COCHRANE—I appeal from the decision of the Chair.

Mr. ALVORD—The Chair recognizes no man's righ to appeal until the regular organization is effected.

This decision created immense excitement.

DUNCAN S. MAGEE jumped on a bench, and addressed the Convention at the same time with Mr. MURRAY, the Chair rapping them to order, and not a word said by either being audible.

At this instant PETER CAGGER appeared on the platform with his watch in his hand, and said:

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION: The time having arrived for the organization of this Convention I move that JOHN STRYKER, of Oneida, be temporary Chairman.

Yells, cheers and the most deafening shouts greeted his motion, rendering it almost inaudible.

Mr. CAGGER meantime stood coolly and firmly up to the edge of the platform, while a crowd began to gather round him of the most violent kind at its foot.

When the motion was put a loud response in the affirmative was heard above the din, and Mr. STRYKER coming forward, took a chair beside that of Mr. ALVORD's, there being a small table for the Secretary beside the desk.

The proceedings were now carried on in dumb show.

Mr. CAGGER remained standing beside the desk proceeding with the temporary organization, by naming Messrs. HALL of Schoharie, and SKINNER of Wyoming, as temporary Secretaries.

Meantime, Mr. MURRAY was still addressing Mr. ALVORD. Mr. ALVORD was rapping continuously for order, and Mr. STRYKER was putting the motions offered by Mr. CAGGER.

Suddenly BENJAMIN RAE appeared on the platform, and the Convention all rose to their feet and pressed forward toward the Speaker's desk.

Shouts of "Sit down! sit down!" were heard above the din and personal altercations carried on in all the front portion of the hall.

Mr. WOOD having moved on his side the appointment of a Committee on Credentials, Mr. ALVORD put the question and declared it carried, while Mr. STRYKER was at the same time putting the question on the appointment of Secretaries.

Mr. WOOD moved for a Committee of one from each Judicial District on permanent organization.

Mr. ALVORD declared it carried, while Mr. STRYKER decided that it was lost.

The excitement had now reached a fearful height and, as Mr. STRYKER rose so as to make his voice better heard, a man named CORNELIUS WOODS, said to be employed in the public stores, struck or pushed him behind, and he fell violently forward from the platform, which is over five feet high, to the floor of the Convention. The perpetrator of this cowardly act immediately ran from the platform and mingled among the crowd.

Mr. STRYKER was lifted to his feet by JOHN COCHRANE and others, and immediately reascended the platform.

Cries of "Shame!" "Shame!" resounded through the hall, the Wood men joining in denunciation o the act.

Mr. COCHRANE rose on his seat and attempted to speak in denunciation of the ruffianly and murderous assault.

At this instant several of the WOOD men made a rush for Mr. COCHRANE, and were confronted by Capt. ISAIAH RYNDERS. Hot words passed between RYNDERS and SHEEHAN and RAE, and two or three blows were struck in the crowd, but without effect.

Mr. WOOD made towards the combatants, when JAMES CARRIGAN, leaping over the benches, rushed to Mr. WOOD, and shaking his fist in his face, exclaimed, "Stop this fight—stop it at once, I say, or you shall suffer,—for you began it."

Mr. WOOD seized the coat of either RAE or SHEEHAN, and pulled him out of the crowd, calling on him to desist.

At this time the wildest excitement prevailed, several pistols were drawn, and one is said to have been pointed at RYNDERS. WOOD had evidently the strongest party, so far as fighting was concerned.

Mr. COCHRANE, with a few remarks about the disgraceful scene, moved an adjournment till 1 o'clock. Nothing could be heard, but Mr. STRYKER declared the motion carried.

The largest portion of the Convention then withdrew, but a crowd pressed forward, and it was impossible to tell how many delegates remained in the hall.

Peace was then restored, and

SPEECH OF FERNANDO WOOD.

Mr. WOOD took the floor. He regretted that the harmony of this Convention had been marred by an attempt of men to usurp the organization of the Democratic Party. He hoped that the Convention would proceed in an orderly, legitimate and legal manner to the transaction of the business for which it was assembled. He could only regret that men were so indifferent to the integrity and honor of the party as to voluntarily absent themselves from the Convention. The Convention hap proceeded to a temporary organization in the regular manner. At 12 o'clock precisely, by Syracuse time, the Convention was organized by Mr. SMITH, of Monroe, whose seat was not contested, and who had a right to move the organization. A Chair was then chosen by the majority by vote. That Chairman still retains the Chair, and is the regularly-elected Chairman of the Democratic Convention now assembled. The proceedings had been conducted in accordance with the custom in all the Conventions ever assembled in the State of New-York. They chose two Secretaries, and the question was put and carried by a decisive vote. No interruption was made from any quarter, until Mr. MURRAY moved a resolution respecting the New-York contested seats. They all knew the trouble which had followed, yet the resolution only sought to settle in a fair and honorable manner the controversy which had so long palsied the arm of the Democracy of the State. He then commented on the quarrels in New-York, declaring he respected old Tammany for what she had done for the Democracy in the days of the past, but could not longer support her usurpations. He was in favor of meeting the Tammany delegates on fair and equal terms, and the resolution expressive of that desire had been put and carried beyond cavil. Fifteen minutes after the hour at which the Central Committee had ordered the Convention to assemble, PETER CAGGER, not a member of the Convention, had called the Convention to order. Then it was that disgraceful scenes, enough to break down a party twenty times more powerful than that of the Democrats, had been enacted. Then it was they who were brought here for the purpose, rallied to support those who had hired them. He sincerely desired to restore peace and harmony to their troubled councils. He was desirous to have an opportunity to continue the proceedings of the Convention in such a manner as to secure a triumph in the State. He was ready to make every sacrifice to that end except that of honor, principle and fidelity to his Party friends in New-York. He moved for a Committee on Permanent Organization.

Carried, and the following appointed:

F. Wood and A. Schell, New-York; E. Mather, Niagara; A. Gregg, H. C. Smith, R. H. Shankland, W. J. Wietand, and James Hasbrouck.

Mr. BARTLETT, of Broome, asked if his name was on the Committee.

THE CHAIRMAN—It is not.

Mr. WOOD moved for a committee of one from each judicial district on resolutions; which was carried, and the following were appointed:

D. C. Murray, J. C. Willett, T. H. Ferris, R. Dunlap, J. Smith, O. Bascom, C. C. Midlar, and S. Tabor.

Mr. C. D. MURRAY spoke warmly against the practice of admitting Delegates on tickets, and declared that the National Democracy would hereafter oppose such proceedings. He moved for a Committee on Credentials, with power to fill vacancies.

The following gentlemen were appointed: C. D. Murray, Dr. Sands, Mr. Staats, J. Tabor, and Mr. Bascom.

Mr. BIRDSALL, of Seneca, desired to know if this body thought it could rule by this violence. He was the oldest Democrat in the Convention, and had never voted a split ticket in his life, but he denounced these proceedings. If Old Hickory were alive he would blush for the Democracy. He cautioned his friends to pause before making this attempt to strike down the party in this State.

Mr. HALSEY R. WING said on behalf of Mr. BASCOM, that he requested that gentleman's name withdrawn from every Committee. The hardest of the Hard Democrats, he rose to protest against these proceedings, not as a member of this Convention, but as a Democrat of the State of New-York. They were taking their course only in favor of the Wise programme as announced from Virginia. He asked gentlemen to pause and take counsel with the Convention drivers from that hall, by violence, prematurely and unjustly. He stated here publicly what he knew to be the fact, that this Convention was called at 12 o'clock. He and others had come into the hall to vote for Mr. ALVORD seven or eight minutes before 12 o'clock, and found the chair already filled, and a resolution respecting contested seats offered.

Mr. SMITH, of Erie. That's so.

Mr. WING continued in behalf of the Democracy of the rural districts. He called on them to get no further into this trouble, and for God's sake not to strike down the Democracy of the Empire State for HENRY A. WISE, of Virginia.

Mr. MCMAHON spoke in support of the proceedings of the Convention.

ANOTHER SPEECH BY FERNANDO WOOD.

Mr. WOOD here rose and said he could respond cheerfully and with sincerity to the remarks made by his respected friend from Warren, (WING.) He, too, thought it lamentable to find the great Democratic Party in the position in which it appears to-day, and he grieved at the circumstance that had thus humiliated it. But he could say to the gentleman, and through the Press, he could say to the Democracy of the whole State and Union,—if the gentlemen who have seceded from the Convention are earnestly desirous of union and harmony in the Democratic Party, let them return to this hall, and he (WOOD) stood ready to extend to them the right hand of fellowship and of brotherhood. He was willing to advocate they be equally represented in this Convention on its State ticket, on its Committees and on the Charleston delegates. He was willing to stipulate so far as himself and colleagues was concerned, that they should come in on equal terms with themselves. He was willing to overlook their secession, as the Democratic Party overlooked their secession in 1848. He regretted the humiliating position of the Convention at that time. If those members who deemed it right to withdraw were willing to return, and go into an organization on an equal and just division, he pledged the delegates to go as far as the farthest to restore harmony and unity to their deliberations, but until some one was authorized to speak for the seceders with power to represent those who left the Convention, he was not in favor of doing anything else, except to preserve the even tenor of their way, and complete the business before the Convention. If he found the gentleman from Warren was not authorised to say this in behalf of the seceders then he could not listen to him. He would ask the Convention what was the object of men who usurped the right to put a badge on the back, and a ticket in the hands of the Democrats elected to the State Convention, unless it was to achieve an organization in their own manner. He asserted and defied contradiction, that here, precisely at 12 o'clock, the Convention was called to order by a gentleman whose seat in the Convention was not contested. By what right did the Secretary of the State Committee call the Convention to order when he was not there as a member of the Convention? He would now invite the Convention to proceed with its business, and he desired to make the following report on permanent organization:

For President—THOMAS G. ALVORD, of Onondaga.

For Vice-Presidents—J. B. Babcock, of Chemung; H. C. Smith, of Monroe; R. Dunlap, of Niagara; D. W. Dean, of Otsego; John J. Armstrong, of Queens; L. A. Edwards, of Suffolk; J. Hasbrouck, of Ulster and Thomas Smith, of Westchester.

For Secretaries—C. D. Murray and W. J. Wietand.

The report was adopted.

STILL ANOTHER SPEECH BY FERNANDO WOOD.

Mr. WOOD—Mr. Chairman, being also Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, I am prepared to offer a resolution of great importance, as a partial report. It is well known that the Democracy of the State and nation have been, for the past six months, agitated by the question of the complexion and mode of election of the Delegates to the National Convention. The subject was one of great importance. One portion of the Democracy favored the laying over of the question until after the State Campaign. Those who desired the union of the Party wished the subject of the Charleston Delegates might be entirely ignored in the proceedings of this Convention. We desired that no effort should be made to introduce a subject so distracting in the Convention, but that the whole matter migot be laid over to a period subsequent to the Fall election. But the call of the State Committee necessarily introduces the question here, and I am desired to introduce this resolution now by those who hold that whenever the delegates to Charleston are elected it should be done by the people of the several Congressional districts. I offer the following resolution:

Resolved, That, earnestly desirous of maintaining the integrity of the organization of the Democratic Party, and of leaving to the people of the several Congressional Districts the right of electing their own delegates to the National Convention for the nomination of candidates to be supported by the Democratic Party for President and Vice-President, the Democracy of the several Congressional Districts are hereby requested to appoint two delegates to represent them in the said Convention, and the delegates so selected will meet in the City of Syracuse on the first Monday of January next, for the purpose of organization and selecting the delegates at large to represent them in the National Convention.

Mr. HASBROUCK moved that the Committee on Credentials have power to fill vacancies. Carried.

The Chair appointed on such Committee Mr. HASBROUCK in place of Mr. BASCOM, and Mr. DUNLAP in place of Mr. STAATS.

H. C. SMITH, of Monroe, moved for a Committee of two from each Judicial District to recommend names for a Central Committee for the ensuing year. Carried.

An adjournment till 7 P. M. was then carried.

As the delegates left the hall they were greeted with hisses from the gallery.

MEETING OF THE REGULAR CONVENTION.

As soon as the Wood party left the hall, Mr. STRYKER appeared on the platform, somewhat lame, his leg having been strained and bruised by his fall from the platform.

Immense cheering followed both from the gallery and body of the hall.

Mr. STRYKER said, before the act of personal violence was committed on the Chair, a motion was made to elect Mr. HALL and J. B. SKINNER as Secretaries. That motion was now put and it was carried.

SPEECH OF JOHN COCHRANE.

Mr. COCHRANE said: Out of the nettle danger the Democratic Party has plucked the flower safely After an unparalleled outrage, the Democratic Party have returned broken, but not dismayed, to do their duty. The Democratic Party, when they left the terrible and disgusting orgies enacted here, where they had been invited by the State Central Committee, did right. There now is no divided Democratic Party in the State of New-York. There was a time when there was danger of a division in the party, now there is none, not a man, Hunker or Barnburner, Hard or Soft, will now fail to come forward and uphold the panoply of the Democratic Party. The part has indeed been rescued from the grave dug for even as the present Chairman of the Convention had been providentially saved from the grave, which it was intended should hold him. Every man deserving the name of Democrat would now rally around the party in support of order and regularity. (Cheers.) After dwelling at length on the happy conclusion of the difference in the party, and severely denouncing the acts of the hired ruffians, who had come there under pay, to break up the Convention, he expressed the wish that the business of the Convention might now be proceeded with in good spirit, and moved a call of the roll.

The roll was then called, and all but nine Delegates replied. The list called included the Tammany Delegates. Oswego was the only one contested.

When the name of Mr. BARTLETT, of Broome, was called, and he responded, the Convention rose, and gave round after round of cheers, while cries resounded of "That's glorious!" "That's Old DAN's home."

The same demonstration attended the response of each "Hard" delegate.

When DAVID POTTER entered the room, Capt. RYNDERS shouted, "Here they come; we shall have WOOD soon."

A VOICE—God forbid. [Loud laughter.]

Mr. VERNON responded to his name amid cheers and cries of "He's at home."

When the name of ISIAH RYNDERS was called, he said: "By the blessings of Divine Providence, and in spite of the gentleman who drew a pistol on me this morning, and of the brawny arms that were raised against me, I am here." [Cheers and laughter.]

When SAMUEL BIRDSALL's was called, he replied: "The Senecas are here through their young and 'Hard' representatives."

A VOICE—"We are a united party. Three cheers for Seneca."

Three cheers were heartily given.

When H. R. WING was called, he said, "I am here and most happy to report myself as the Democratic delegate from Warren, to the Democratic Convention." (Cheers.)

Mr. RANDALL, of Cortland, moved that DANIEL S. DICKINSON be invited to take a seat on the floor of the Convention.

The motion was carried unanimously, amidst immense applause.

The Chair appointed H. S. RANDALL and DARIUS A. OGDEN a committee to wait on Mr. DICKINSON and conduct him to the floor.

THOMAS J. HOW moved the appointment of a committee of one from each Judicial District on permanent organization. Carried.

The Chair then announded the following as the Committee on organization: Thomas J. How, of Cayuga; P. B. Sweeney, of New-York; Messrs. Craig, of Kings; Hardenburgh, of Ulster; Bascom, of Washington; Imley, of Lewis; Greenwood, of Madison; and How, of Orleans.

The Secretary announced the number of absentees as seven.

Cries of "Read their names that we may know them!"

The Secretary read the names of the seven absentees.

It was announced that Messrs. WIKANT and SMITH would both be in after dinner.

At this moment DANIEL S. DICKINSON appeared, and the Convention sprang to its feet both in the gallery and hall, and cheering for several minutes was deafening, and was repeated over and over again as Mr. DICKINSON shook hands with Mr. STRYKER.

Loud calls of "DICKINSON!" "DICKINSON!" rang from every part of the hall, when Mr. DICKINSON spoke as follows:

SPEECH OF THE HON. DANIEL S. DICKINSON.

Mr. CHAIRMAN AND FELLOW-CITIZENS: I am exceedingly gratified to see at a time of such an interesting crisis in the Democratic Party so many true and good men enrol themselves under the Democratic banner. By the hearing of the ear I have understood that there have been some unfortunate differences and dissensions in our ranks to-day, growing out of the organization of the Convention, but not knowing the facts in detail I pass them all by, saying in the abstract that I am here for union, peace and harmony, and for them only. I came to this city for the purpose of taking many a fellow Democrat by the hand. The opportunity to meet so many has not been offered me often. I hoped that my experience in and devotion to the Democratic Party might conduce to a thorough union, a union which would combine all interests, which would know no north, no south, no east, no west, and no section. My voice I hoped might contribute to effect that union. Whoever departs or has departed from this pacific Council has my condemnation. Whoever makes an effort to conduct the Party inconsistent with fairness, with honor, with the usages of the party and the dignity becoming a deliberative body, acts not only without my advice, but against my judgment and my wishes. My feelings towards the Democratic Party are known to all—the record of my life speaks for itself. So long as the differences which formerly distracted the party originated in a difference of principle, and I believed no harmonious counsels could prevail, I acted up to the honest convictions of my mind, as I always do whether in weal or woe, success or defeat. When those who adhered to doctrines adverse to the Democratic creed joined themselves to other organizations, I said then that only personal feelings and prejudices, and the desire of individuals for office, prevented the Democracy from coming together and acting like a unit. Since then I have upon all occasions endeavored to cast oil upon the troubled waters. I may say of these past dissensions as the British King said of the United States, "Though the last man to admit their independence, I was the first to recognize it, and to welcome their Ministers when it was achieved." I have now no fear for the Democracy of the State, for all its great principles of liberty and equality, its national heart, its humanitarian efforts, its ceaseless progress, its respect for the universal rights of man, and I have invoked peace and harmony amongst its disciples. Yes, fellow-citizens, I repeat, I would sooner sever my arm from my body here before you—I would sooner that my tongue should cleave to the roof of my mouth—than consent to lend myself to wrong, over-reaching or anything tricky in a deliberative Convention. I never did and I never will. I repeat, I express no opinion as to what is alleged to have been done, for I know nothing of the facts, but I have the iron nerve to stand by the right, when I am satisfied where that right is. I have had some experience in reverses and dissentions in the Democratic Party. I have seen the time when for a stern discharge of duty like "the spy of WASHINGTON," scarce one would recognize my position, or take me by the hand, and I did not falter. I have seen the time when bouquets of flowers were laid at my feet because I declined the use of my name for the Presidential nomination. I did not falter then, and I am able to stand now as ever by the Democratic Party through triumph. I am of no section geographically, and no section politically. I am of that party which believes in and upholds the equal and just rights of man, and which opposes all assaults upon the Constitution, either of the State or nation, come from whence they may. I am opposed to the party that treats the State worse than Herod and Pilate together treated the people of Judea and Gallilee. Despotic tyrants as they were, and robbers of a down-trodden people, they did not ask that the people, after being borne down with taxation and going up to Jerusalem to be taxed, should go up to the city to register their names. But the Republican Party, the party of professed benevolence and philanthropy—have not only laid their hands on the earnings of labor in taxes, but they ask the laborer to leave his plow and the furrow—every working man to forsake his labor for one day to go up to Jerusalem to get registered. [Roar of laughter and loud cheers.] Now against that party I desire to see the Democracy array itself in a solid body. Away with all squibbles about organization in localities, and about personal prejudice we have here a matter that concerns the people, who have no interest in the squabbles of politicians. The people have a right to demand that justice shall be done to them in matters of so grave a character, and they will see that it is given them. The Democratic Party is the great Catholic Party. By its doctrines I abide. I do not ask what man holds office, and if he discharges his duty. I don't care. I have held office myself, and long enough for my advantage. I do not hold office now and yet I still live, as WEBSTER said. [Laughter.]

[The conclusion of Mr. DICKINSON's speech had not reached us at the time of going to press with our First Edition.]

SYRACUSE, 8 P. M.

A resolution to appoint the delegates to Charleston at this time was introduced, when a motion was made to postpone the subject, but it was voted down by ayes 31, nays 92.

A resolution was then adopted for the Chair to appoint two delegates from each judicial district, to report the names of two delegates to the Charleston Convention from each Congressional district, and four alternates. The vote on the adoption of this was almost unanimous.

Adjourned till 9 A. M. to-morrow.

Interesting from Venezuela.

THE CIVIL WAR AT LAGUAYRA—A BATTLE AT MARIQUETIA—STATE OF THE CITY—ENTIRE SUSPENSION OF BUSINESS—THE FOREIGN RESIDENTS.

From the extensive correspondence of a prominent commercial house of this City (that of Messrs. RADWAY & Co.,) we are permitted to extract the following narrative of recent events at Laguayra:

LAGUAYRA, Monday, Aug. 19.

I arrived here on the 3d inst., but have not been able to reach Caracas. The whole country is in open revolution, and I am in fact a prisoner. About four days before my arrival Gen. AQUADO, a Federal or insurgent leader, entered Laguayra, and taking possession with a mere handfull of men, has held it ever since, whilst Caracas is in the hands of the Government Party. AQUADO has therefore cut off all communication with the interior. On the 9th between three and four hundred men attacked Marquetia, three-fourths of a mile from Laguayra, where are the headquarters of AQUADO, and the two armies fought from 12 M. to 4 P. M., but the Carracanos, having no cannon had to retreat, leaving us as badly off as before. The whole battle could be plainly seen from Laguayra.

Only a few days before this fight, AQUADO entered Caracas, when a hard fight took place in the streets. AQUADO finally retreated, leaving about 100 killed and wounded. Many of his troops are armed with Minnie rifles.

Laguayra is under martial law. No person is allowed in the street after 9 o'clock at night. At every corner barricades of wood and stone are erected; cannon are seen at every turn loaded with balls, bullets and stones, while the soldiers, with lighted cigars, are lounging among them. Accidents frequently occur. One cannon was accidentally fired by a cigar a few nights since, doing much damage to some houses, and wounding two sentinels. It is, therefore, dangerous to go into the streets day or night. There is no business doing. Stores all shut, and people stand about in groups talking over the calamities. AQUADO, when he wants soldiers, entices the people into the plaza, surrounds them with his minions, drives them like a flock of sheep into the carcel, and picks out those who suit his purpose. If he requires money, he imprisons a Spainard of the other party, and threatens to shoot him if he refuse to launch out. Every day they are becoming more insolent. I hope a change will come soon. To-day I hear that the army in Caracas has been augmented considerably, and that they intend marching down. If so, Laguayra will very soon be the scene of homicidal conflict, and the streets strewed with dead and dying. They are fighting in the interior as well as here, and all business is at a stand.

The party at Laguayra are much enraged against foreigners. There are no men-of-war in port, except a small Dutch corvette with three guns. We are, therefore, at the mercy of the black vagabond. I have just seen a "*bando*" published by Gen. AQUADO ordering all persons, foreigners and natives, to pay their custom-house duties within twenty-four hours; those who do not shall be imprisoned, their property confiscated and sold. There are about $32,000 owing the customs. I have not yet heard the results. AQUADO has over 1,000 men, all blacks; if they do not get food they will very likely sack the city. Some robberies have already taken place.

SLAVERY ABOLISHED AT FERNANDO PO.—The Madrid *Gazette*, Aug. 22, contains the following official announcement of the abolition of Slavery at Fernando Po, the new Spanish settlement in the Gulf of Guinea:

In reference to your communication, dated the 20th of June last, in which you explain the petition of the Governor of the Portuguese islands of Santo Tomé and Principe, claiming some fugitive slaves (belonging to certain merchants of those islands) who sought refuge in Fernando Po;

Considering that the right of property in a slave can only be valid in those countries where the laws recognize the existence of Slavery;

Considering that in all countries where Slavery is not recognized, all men, whatever class they belong to, and whatever country they come from, are necessarily considered free;

Considering that the validity of the right on which this petition is based not being admitted, the petition cannot be taken into consideration;

Considering, lastly, that in Fernando Po and its dependencies, the existence of Slavery is not admitted nor recognized in any form whatsoever. Her Majesty, the Queen, has deigned to order that in no case you are to grant the prayer of such petitions as the one presented to you by the Governor of the Portuguese islands of Santo Tomé and Principe.

By her Majesty's order I communicate this to you, so that you may understand it, and fulfill it. May God preserve you many years. O'DONNELL.

SAN ILDEFONSO, Aug. 18, 1859.

To the Governor of Fernando Po and its Dependencies.

WISCONSIN.

Position and Movements of the two Political Parties—Agricultural Fair—The Crops, &c.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Monday, Sept. 12, 1859.

The Fall campaign in Wisconsin is fairly open. At the election in November a full set of State officers is to be elected, and the tickets of both Parties, Democratic and Republican, are already nominated. The appointments agreed upon by the two candidates for Governor for stumping the entire State have been published, and each side is organizing its forces for the approaching contest. The Hon. A. W. RANDALL, the present incumbent, is the candidate of the Republicans, and HARRISON C. HOBART, who has been twice a nominee for Congress, is the standard-bearer of the Democrats. The struggle will be close and hard fought. For, although the Republicans have carried the State at the elections of the last two years, there is now a disaffection among the German members of the Party on account of their favorite candidate, CARL SCHURZ, having been thrown overboard by the Convention, which will tend to diminish the vote for Gov. RANDALL, and perhaps defeat him.

It is noticeable that the Democratic Convention rejected a resolution indorsing the Administration of Mr. BUCHANAN by a nearly unanimous vote, the mover alone voting for it. To avoid offence, however, the election of delegates to the Charleston Convention was postponed until next February. But the entire party, not excepting office-holders, (save a few instances,) in this State is for Judge DOUGLAS, first, last and always.

The Wisconsin State Agricultural Exhibition will be held at Milwaukee on the 28th inst., after the National Fair at Chicago, which commences next week, is fairly over and out of the way. The address here is to be delivered by the Hon. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois.

The weather here is still excessively dry, notwithstanding a powerful attempt at rain yesterday and to-day. The corn, and more especially the potatoes are, in consequence of the prolonged drouth, pretty much a failure in all parts of this State. Pastures are parched, fires rage in different counties, and the whole country is suffering for want of water. Cisterns have failed, wells are low, and water is peddled in carts, which carry it from the river to every house.

The wheat crop, however, is excellent. Probably Wisconsin will export about 10,000,000 of bushels this year. Should such a quantity be taken from the State the receipts for it will help to pay our debts, and tend to raise the now prostrate credit of Wisconsin, which unwise legislation, and profligate waste and notorious dishonesty in high places has sunk and impaired almost beyond redemption. The resources of the State are immense, and time and prudence will eventually repair the damage of a short period of wild and reckless financiering. Yours,

BADGER.

News from Cuba and Mexico.

The United States Mail steamship *Philadelphia*, G. HARRISON, Esq., commanding, from New-Orleans *via* Key West and Havana, arrived at this port last evening.

The *Philadelphia* arrived at Key West at 1 o'clock P. M., on the 8th, transferred twelve passengers for California, and the mails; sailed same day for Havana, arrived there at sunrise on the morning of the 9th. At 4:30 P. M. she left for New-York.

The *Philadelphia* brings forty-one passengers, a fair cargo, and $95,000 in specie, for this port

On Sept. 6, 100 miles from Pass L'Outre, passed ship *Silas Greenwood*, bound for New-York.

Bark *Lyre*, CREWS, master, arrived at Key West on the morning of the 8th.

The United States steamer *Fulton* was at Key West, and was to leave on the 8th on a cruise for the south side of Cuba. All well.

The Havana papers furnish no local news of the slightest interest.

Mexican advices to the 27th,—two days later than those received in this City—appear in the Havana papers; but we obtain from them nothing of special importance. Campeche is said to have pronounced in favor of MIRAMON.

The explanation given by the Cuban press to the departure of Mr. McLANE is amusing. "The American Minister at Vera Cruz," says the *Eco del Comercio*, "has retired, disgusted at having been unable to obtain from JUAREZ, Sonora, Tehuantepec and Lower California for $18,000,000. Against the opinion of his ministers JUAREZ will concede nothing but the State of Yucatan."

We are indebted to the Purser of the *Philadelphia* for special favors.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

HAVANA, Friday, Sept. 9, 1859.

A young creole committed suicide by shooting himself through the head a few mornings since, near the Punta Fort.

The body of a white man, seemingly an American sailor, and those of two negroes were found floating in this harbor. There was a very severe wound or contusion on the scull, from which it is supposed he had been murdered and thrown into the water. Three other white bodies were picked up in this harbor the same day.

On the 3d instant, the bottom of one of the railway cars on the Regla and Guanabucoa Railway fell out, and a gentleman named FRANCISCO ARANGO QUESADA was killed, and another person severely injured, while the other parties in the car saved themselves by hanging on to the windows.

The City Railway was inaugurated on the 3d inst.

The weather is still hot, and the public health no better.

Sugar still dull, though there has been a very little more doing the present week. Molasses without operations. Freights continue very dull, nominally rates rule at 45c.@60c. per box for the British Channel, &c., and 50c.@75c. per box to the United States. Exchanges firm on London, 14 to 15 per cent. premium; on New-York, 3 to 5 per cent. premium; on New-Orleans, 4 to 6 per cent. premium, short sight.

OBITUARY.

DEATH OF THE ORIGINAL OF WALTER SCOTT'S "MADGE WILDFIRE."—A Scottish paper contains the following interesting history:

"On Sunday forenoon intelligence was brought to Galashiels that an old woman of weak mind, well known to the people of Galashiels and Melrose by various cognomens—as Black Bess, Bet Gramsley, and Daft Bess—was lying in a dying state on the road near Ellwand Bridge. The county police, with medical assistance, went to remove the suffering woman, who had lain there all night; but she yielded up her breath just as the doctor approached. The body was conveyed to the sick-house here, and afterwards interred in the stranger's plot at Ladhope burying-ground. Fifty years ago ELIZABETH GRAHAM was the rustic beauty, pride, and toast of Melrose and its neighborhood, respectably brought up, with health mantling on her cheek, and guileless innocence in her heart. Returning home one evening, she was set upon in the gloomy solitude of the Bogle burn, and there ruined. She returned home, or rather she immediately forsook the ordinary haunts of man, having become a raving maniac, and henceforth she dwelt apart, living alone among, but not a responsible portion of, humanity. The outward form of what had once been a gay and happy girl took up its dwelling place in a rude cave in the old Quarry Hill of Melrose. Here she slept at night, in Summer and Winter, wrapped up in a blanket, save when for those wild and woeful weeks after the birth of her dead child, when she followed it to the church-yard, and would not be driven away, but slept among the tombstones to watch its grave. It was from this unfortunate waif that Sir WALTER SCOTT drew the character of "Madge Wildfire," in the "Heart of Mid-Lothian." The particulars of the sad case were quite well known to him, residing in the neighborhood; and the reader will observe that there is a striking coincidence between the real facts as we have briefly detailed them, and the incidents in the novel as pictured by the pen of the author of Waverley."

TAMPERING WITH SLAVES—VIGILANCE COMMITTEES.—The planters residing in the parish of Lafayette, Louisiana, having been seriously annoyed by outside persons tampering with their slaves, formed a Vigilance Committee a few days since, and expelled a large number of obnoxious persons from the parish, after administering to them severe punishment. A counter Committee has also been formed. The *Echo de Lafayette*, Sept. 3, says: "We hear it rumored that an Anti-Vigilance Committee has been organized, or is about to be organized, in a certain locality in the parish of St. Landry, called the Mermento Cove, (*Passe à tasse*,) the same to be headed by some of the proscribed who wish to reinstate themselves and their friends as they were before the ban of proscription was thundered against them, finding it a great deal more difficult to live now than it was formerly—beef being harder to get. They appear to think that by putting on a bold front they can so intimidate the Committee that they will not dare to come to blows with them."

The ship *Ashland*, Capt. Moore, from Bordeaux, arrived at New-Orleans Sept. 7, having on board two prisoners, sent home for trial—Joseph Powell and W. H. Curtis, both seamen, charged with the murder of one of their shipmates on board of the American ship *Orphan*, while in the harbor of Nantes. Powell is arrested as principal, and Curtis as accessory. The United States Consul at Nantes sent the prisoners to the Consul at Bordeaux, who embarked them on board of the *Ashland*.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

ARRIVAL OF THE NORTH STAR.

Later and Important from Central America.

REVOLUTION IN COSTA RICA.

PRESIDENT MORA EXPATRIATED.

AFFAIRS ON THE ISTHMUS.

INTERESTING FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

The Vanderbilt Steamship *North Star*, from Aspinwall on the afternoon of Sept. 6, arrived at this port early yesterday morning, making the passage in seven days and nine hours. Her advices from Central and South America are four days later than those by the *Star of the West*.

An outline of her intelligence appeared in a postscript to our morning edition of yesterday.

The news from Costa Rica is important. A conspiracy against President MORA had been carried to a successful issue, and on the 14th of August he was seized, and measures taken for his expatriation. He arrived at Panama on the evening of the 6th inst. Some particulars in reference to this transaction will be found in our correspondence below.

The British mail steamer *Lima* arrived at Panama on the 5th, with late South American news. The dates from Valparaiso are to August 16, Bolivia August 14, Lima and Callao August 27, and Guayaquil Sept. 1. There is nothing of special importance.

The blockade of Guayaquil had been raised, an armistice having been agreed upon to terminate on the 5th of September. It is thought peace will follow.

THE REVOLUTION IN COSTA RICA.

Accounts from Various Correspondents—San Jose and Punta Arenas—Particulars of the Convulsion—Departure of Gen. Mora—Manifesto of the Revolutionists.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

SAN JOSE, Thursday, Sept. 1, 1859.

The Republic has been wonderfully stirred within the past fortnight. On Sunday morning, the 14th ult., the two fortifications and barracks of the city were taken possession of, not by men, but by [illegible]. President MORA's house was entered by nine men. He was taken prisoner, and carried off to the principal fortification, without either hat, coat or shoes. The custom and law here is, that on the firing of a cannon the males between the ages of fifteen and sixty shall repair to the Plaza. If they do not obey the summons they are punished. As soon as President MORA was made prisoner the gun was fired. The people responded by flocking to the rendezvous. Muskets were placed in their hands, and officers appointed. In a short time two thousand men were in the Plaza under arms. Several prominent men of the place were made prisoners, and closely confined. In the course of the day JOSE MARIA MONTEALEGRE was proclaimed Provisional President, and President MORA, Gen. CANAS and others exiled.

Gen. CANAS, at the time of the outbreak, was in San Mateo, but seeing how matters stood, and that the conspirators had everything in their own hands, he avoided the soldiers who were sent out to arrest him, by taking a circuitous route, came to San José, and gave himself up. The President's brother, Gen. JOAQUIN MORA, has been declared exiled, but has not been taken. It is supposed he escaped to Nicaragua on the 17th, three days after the *émeute*. The Ex-President and Gen. CANAS were escorted to Punta Arenas by a guard of 100 men; and on the arrival of the new steamer *Guatemala*, left for one of the Central American States—I believe for Nicaragua. But it is rumored that President MORA intends visiting the United States, for what purpose I know not.

Several persons have been exiled, but have been allowed a certain time to settle up their business. On the morning of the revolution a prominent merchant and banker, CRISANTO MEDINA, visited the American Consulate. He is a native of one of the South American States, but had some time since declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States. He told Dr. HINES, the Consul, that he had come to the Consulate for protection, as he was a friend of President MORA's, and expected the revolutionists would arrest him. He had not been more than half an hour at the Consulate, when ten soldiers arrived and demanded him. The Consul told the officer that Señor MEDINA was under his protection. A messenger was thereupon dispatched to headquarters, and pretty soon an officer appeared at the Consulate, and asked President BUCHANAN's representative if he would pledge himself that Señor MEDINA would not escape. The pledge was given, and the soldiers were then withdrawn. Señor MEDINA was not further molested; but it is probable, had he been arrested at the time, in the heat of the excitement, he would have been exiled with the rest.

Everything is quiet now. The conspirators fear, however, from Gen. CANAS' known popularity in Nicaragua, that he will raise a force in that State and march on Costa Rica. It is rumored here, that the new Government, in the course of a few days, intend to send four hundred men to Liberia, to hold him in check.

A great military spirit prevails among all classes here. A few days since, an officer, not having anything better to occupy his time, drew his sword and commenced playing with and making thrusts at a man in the Hospital who was under treatment for lunacy. He annoyed and excited the man in such a manner, that the lunatic stepped back, picked up a stone, and threw it with such violence at the officer that he died in a few hours from the effects of the blow.

From Another Correspondent.

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, Thursday, Sept. 1, 1859.

On the morning of the 14th we had a bloodless revolution. The President, DON JUAN RAFAEL MORA, Gen. JOSE JOAQUIN MORA, Commander-in-Chief of the Army, Gen. JOSE MARIA CANAS, Minister of Hacienda, and DON MANUEL ARGUELLO, Judge of First Instance, have been expatriated.

Generals MORA and CANAS were absent at the time, and the whole affair was conducted so quietly that many persons in the city knew nothing of it until several hours after.

At a few minutes past 5 o'clock a guard was dispatched from the barracks to bring the President; they found him in bed, and allowing him time to partly dress himself, marched him off a prisoner. He was then allowed until the morning of the 17th to arrange his affairs, when he left for Punta Arenas, escorted by a guard, and embarked, with the others mentioned, on board the steamship *Guatemala*, for Guatemala. Ex-President MORA says he will return and go to the United States.

Dr. JOSE MARIA MONTEALEGRE has been appointed Provisional President until there can be an election held, which the new party says shall be truly Republican. We shall see. E.

From our San Juan Correspondent.

SAN JUAN DEL NORTE, Thursday, Sept. 1, 1859.

The revolution was accomplished on the morning of the 14th August. President MORA was seized after the guard had all retired. He was notified by a deputation that he was no longer President, to which he replied, "*Muy bien, Señores*," ("Very well, gentlemen.") Half an hour afterwards he was on the road, "bag and baggage," to Punta Arenas. Mr. MONTEALEGRE, Mr. JOY, and Mr. ALFEREZ were of the deputation. It is supposed that MORA got up the *émeute*. While *en route* to Punta Arenas, accompanied by his brother-in-law and Gen. CANAS, he was accosted by the peasantry, who were anxious to know why he was leaving the country, and if he was ejected. He replied that he was not, but was on Government business. His object is to get rid of some [illegible] and destroy the Congress. It is expected he will be recalled after his present friends shall have remodelled things to his liking. President MORA, JOAQUIN MORA, Gen. CANAS and Señor ARGUELLO, sailed in the steamer *Guatemala*, on the 19th of August, for Guatemala.

AN ACCOUNT FROM THE REVOLUTIONARY SIDE.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

PUNTA ARENAS, Friday, Sept. 2, 1859.

The political atmosphere has undergone quite a change within the last few days. The aristocracy of [illegible] the people do not take part in anything—[illegible] for some time past by the absolutism of [illegible] Administration, gathered itself together and [illegible] and executed, that has created [illegible]. On the 14th of August, at 5 o'clock in the morning, his Excellency the President and Captain-General, also Don GUARDIA, was taken by surprise, and separated from his better half, with [illegible] tranquility, by the very same guard under whose protection he was, and packed off to the coast for foreign parts. The Vice-President, Gen. DON [illegible] ESCALANTE, and all the rest of the officers of his vicious Administration, were taken. Gen. CANAS the [illegible] whom the filibusters so much respected, brother-in-law of the President, and actual Secretary of the Exchequer, managed the funds with such dirty hands that on his appearing the following day of Don JUANITO's seizure, he was taken and required to wash them, but the task being hopeless, he was let go. The Commander-in-Chief, with his virgin sword, Don JOSE JOAQUIN MORA, brother of Don JUANITO, and his petted nephew, the Judge of the First Instance, MANUEL ARGUELLO, who ran from here to Legura, was also taken. President MORA, his brother-in-law, Gen. CANAS, and ARGUELLO, were sent to Punta Arenas, escorted by 150 men, and put on board the *Guatemala*.

This *émeute*, as I said before, was admirably managed—for it was done without noise—without the firing of a single shot—without the loss of a single drop of blood. Only the sword of the officer who took his Excellency had to be taken out of its scabbard. He was forced to make this exhibition in order to be obeyed and respected at that critical moment on which depended the successful exit of the enterprise. Some say that a soldier struck Don JUANITO with the butt of his musket, and others that an officer thrust at him. But this cannot be proved, although it seems he made some resistance, and they were obliged to use some force. But little, however, was requisite, for he is short and fat—like Señor A——, of Panama, with a much handsomer and nobler face, however,—and at first they had to take him up, bodily. But, what was still more uncivil, they did not give him time to put on his coat, or hat, or shoes.

Dr. JOSE MARIA MONTEALEGRE, a physician, educated in England, has been made Provisional President; and at the head of the Exchequer they have placed the Rothschild of Costa Rica, Don VICENTE AGUILAR. The Government now is occupied in examining the accounts of the Fiscal, to see to what extent Don JUANITO, his brother, and the Ex-Secretary of the Treasury robbed the strong box. The new Government will surely fall upon their rich coffee estates to make up any deficiency.

A decree orders an election for Deputies to Congress on the 4th of September, the body to meet Oct. 5. Dr. JESUS JIMENES is made Minister of Relations, and Don VICENTE AGUILAR Minister of Hacienda and War.

THE REVOLUTION AS SEEN FROM THE ISTHMUS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Sunday, Sept. 4, 1859.

The regular British steamer from San Juan del Norte arrived at Aspinwall on the morning of the 3d instant, having left that port on the evening of the 1st. Just before she left, a small river steamer brought the news that through a revolution or conspiracy President MORA had been seized in the night, while in bed, and sent to Guaytemala. It is also said that Señor MONTEALEGRE, of San José, has been made Provisional President, and that Mr. JOY, an English merchant in San José, holds a prominent position in the new Government. The officers brought no papers, and could give no further facts, but they stated that the news was fully believed in San Juan.

If President MORA has really been overthrown, I think great injustice has been done him, and I do not believe his people will sanction the act. I believe he is the wisest and most honest of all the Spanish-American rulers. When a merchant, his reputation as an honorable, upright man was recognized by all his associates. Since he has been President of Costa Rica, that little Republic, has prospered immensely, and notwithstanding its sparse population, was considered as at the head of the Central American States. Without MORA's courage, energy, and personal sacrifices, Nicaragua and Costa Rica would possibly at this day, be under the sway of WILLIAM WALKER. MORA not only roused his people to take up arms as in a holy war and induced them to pour their little means into the coffers of the State, to prosecute this war; but he impoverished himself to do it. His finest estate, worth $100,000, was mortgaged to raise money to carry on the war, and this estate was actually sold to pay the debt, the Government not being able to meet it.

About six months since, President MORA, with the advice and consent of Congress, exiled LLORENTE, Bishop of Costa Rica, for the crime of refusing to obey an equitable law, which assessed a small hospital tax upon him and his clergy, and for instructing his clergy and curates to preach treason from their pulpits. I have just a faint suspicion that if MORA has been overthrown, this church affair had a good deal to do with it. If the news is true, it is not probable President MORA has been sent to Guatemala, but has gone to Nicaragua on the Railroad Company's steamer *Guatemala*.

Since writing the foregoing, I have received the following letter from Greytown. It is not probable the reasons given for President MORA's leaving the country are correct. F. W. R.

PARTICULARS OF THE CONSPIRACY.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Tuesday, Sept. 6, 1859.

The Panama Railroad Company's new mail steamship *Guatemala*, Capt. J. M. Dow, arrived at Panama on the evening of the 6th.

By this arrival, the news of the conspiracy against and fall of President MORA, of Costa Rica, is confirmed. President MORA came passenger on the *Guatemala* to Panama. The following letter from San José is from a very intelligent and reliable source, and, as far as it goes, is correct. My idea that the Priests are partially responsible for this movement, is confirmed by several official papers and decrees in the new Government paper. Several notices appear in this paper from the Priests of the different dioceses, approving the conspiracy, congratulating Señor MONTEALEGRE on his accession to the Presidency, and appointing a *Te Deum* at an early day. Another decree of the Government appears, inviting Bishop LLORENTE to return to Costa Rica, and requesting a commission of the clergy to meet, pay him honors, and escort him from Punta Arenas to San José.

The chief of the conspiracy was LORENZO SALAZAR, commander of the military forces of the Department of San José. He was raised from the ranks, and owes his position principally to President MORA. One of the other principal conspirators was a man named BLANCO, a New-Granadian, who served under Gen. CANAS in the war against WALKER, and who was raised out of the slough by MORA.

The whole thing was originated and managed by half a dozen officers, and about the same number of civilians. It is not true that the Englishmen JOY and ALLPRESS acted as a Committee to notify Gen. MORA that he was no longer President, or that they accompanied him to Punta Arenas. But it is freely charged that they and others, foreigners, and a family of Spanish Jews, furnished $20,000 to bribe certain officers to lead the conspiracy.

When President MORA was seized, he was made to sign orders to the commanders of the troops of the different cuartels to obey the new Government, under threats of assassination. The statement that he refused the assistance of the peasantry on the route, who offered to rescue him, and that he told them he left the country voluntarily, is true. He did this partly under threats of assassination, and partly because he did not care to shed blood. At Alajuela, the whole town rose in his favor, but they had no arms and could do nothing. On the route the escort would have killed the officers to accomplish his release, but this he also would not assent to.

The charges intimated in the letter dated at Punta Arenas against President MORA, his brother and Gen. CAÑAS, of embezzling the public funds, is a slander. But I give you the letter, because it embodies some of the main charges of their enemies.

President MORA went to Guatemala in the steamer *Guatemala*, and returned to Panama on her. His brother, Gen. JOAQUIN MORA, is in Guatemala, and Gen. CAÑAS in Salvador. Gen. BARRIOS, President of Salvador, offered MORA men to take him back to Costa Rica, but he declined foreign assistance. President MARTINEZ also offered his assistance.

Señor MEDERIA and one of his sons also came to Panama on the *Guatemala*.

President MORA and Señor MEDERIA go to New-York to-day on the *North Star*. The Ex-President is very wealthy. One of his estates, principally for sugar, is worth from $300,000 to $400,000. He has a coffee estate beside, worth $50,000, and other property. MONTEALEGRE is worth about $400,000, and lives by note-shaving. Instead of robbing the Treasury, he has made noble sacrifices for his country.

MANIFESTO OF THE REVOLUTIONISTS.

REPUBLIC OF COSTA RICA.

The population of this capital, assembled with a view to remedy the evils that the Administration of DON JUAN RAPHAEL MIRA has for so long a time inflicted upon the unhappy Republic whose destinies were confided to its care, now that the illustrious patriot, DON LORENZO SALAZAR has broken our chains, and has marvelously rescued us from the abject slavery to which the oppressor had devoted us—agree upon and establish the following act, which will be held as the solemn will of the nation:

1. DON JUAN RAPHAEL MIRA is disowned as Supreme Chief of the Republic.

2. With all the warmth of patriotism we can render our most cordial and expressive thanks to the heroic commander-in-chief of the forces of the Republic, DON LORENZO SALAZAR, for the immense good he has done us in restoring our usurped liberty.

3. We name as Provisional President the Señor DON JOSE MARIA MONTEALEGRE, on whom we confer the amplest powers until the people shall elect a person to fill permanently this high office.

4. To complete the tranquility of the nation the President will banish from the country the Señores, DON JUAN RAPHAEL MORA, DON JOSE JOAQUIN MORA, DON JOSE MARIA CAÑAS and DON MANUEL ARGUELLO, to whom every right in person and property is guaranteed.

5. The present Congress, as the instrument of the late tyranny, ceases to exist, and it will be necessary in consequence to convoke a constituent Assembly.

Dated at San José de Costa Rica, the 14th day of the month of August, 1859.

Signed by RAMON QUIROS, Governor *ad interim*, President, JUAN MERCEDES BOLIVAR, Secretary, and one hundred others.

NEWS FROM THE ISTHMUS.

The Gold Diggings at Chiriqui—Maritime Intelligence—The Election at Panama—The New Spanish-American Paper at New-York.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Tuesday, Sept. 6, 1859.

The news from Chiriqui by the *Guatemala*, confirms the facts I sent you in regard to the grave-diggings, by last mail. About 50 persons from Panama have been six weeks on the spot, and have not collected enough, altogether, to pay their expenses. Undoubtedly, however, a good deal of gold will yet be found—but digging potatoes on the average, will be a more profitable employment.

The United States frigate *Sabine* was anchored outside San Juan, pitching and jumping about most gloriously. The *Jamestown* had gone on a ten days cruise.

The United States steam flag-ship *Merrimack* leaves Panama on Wednesday, the 7th, for home, *via* Valparaiso. At that place Flag-Officer MONTGOMERY will transfer his flag to the *Lancaster*.

On Sunday last the election for National Senators took place, but the result is not yet known.

The new Spanish paper in New-York, *El Noticioso* fills a literary gap that has long needed filling in South America. It appears to be "written up" with ability, and its news is arranged with that conciseness that makes the California TIMES and some other New-York periodicals so valuable to the people of this coast. But bid your Spanish *confrère* employ a good Spanish proof-reader. The paper is strewn with typographical errors, and such liberties have been taken with names of individuals, as to make the most familiar ones unrecognizable either by Spanish or American readers.

JOE SCOTT, with the citizens of Greytown, are engaged in opening the San Juan Harbor. They have the river steamers, with a dredging machine, at work. SCOTT intends to turn some small rivers again into the bosom of the San Juan. Providing he succeeds, he is to be paid by the citizens of Greytown a certain amount. The rains continue, and the river is high; the water upon the bar has increased from seven to twelve feet, and all appear sanguine about the finale.

The *Jamestown* and *Sabine* are at San Juan, *St. Louis* at Carthagena, and *Roanoke* and *Preble* at Aspinwall.

The revolution continues in Carthagena.

Since the change of masters in Costa Rica all is quiet; the people are apparently satisfied.

President MARTINEZ is said to be preparing to follow his neighbor, Señor MORA, into retirement.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Blockade of Guayaquil Raised—Peace between Peru and Ecuador Probable—The Chilian Army Reduced—Naval Development—Business at Valparaiso.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Tuesday, Sept. 6, 1859.

The British mail steamship *Lima* arrived at Panama last evening, bringing dates from Valparaiso to Aug. 16, Bolivia to Aug. 14, Lima and Callao to Aug. 27, and Guayaquil to Sept. 1. The news is of but little importance.

ECUADOR.

The blockade of Guayaquil and the river has been raised. It appears that a sort of armistice was agreed upon for fifteen days, which expires on the 5th September. This arrangement seems to have been made rather between the authorities of Guayaquil than by the President of Ecuador, with the Peruvian Admiral. Vessels from Paita had entered Guayaquil and were discharging and taking in cargo. The people of Guayaquil having virtually submitted, it is thought this armistice will lead to peace.

PERU.

There is not a single item of interest from Peru. For once, I have not a single revolution or *émeute* to notice from this quarter. President Dictator CASTILLA had been on a visit, in the steam frigate *Amazonas*, to the Chinchas and neighborhood.

BOLIVIA.

President LINARES' government bids fair to be a very successful and prosperous one. Everything was quiet, and the country progressing. There was some talk of a war with Peru, but there is but little probability of it.

CHILI.

The Republic is enjoying a season of repose. It has been resolved to make war on the Arauco Indians in October, but in the meantime the army has been diminished.

Congress was still in session at Santiago. The project of law on Banks of omission, has passed and will soon be a law.

The funds of the English seven million dollars loan, on hand, for the finishing of the railroads, amounting to more than $1,500,000, have all been loaned at nine per cent. The balance of the loan is to be employed in the same manner, until wanted for the work.

It is calculated that Chili consumes annually four million dollars' worth of foreign sugar.

The discovery of a rich mineral district to the north of Copiapo is confirmed.

The navy of Chili, according to the report of the Minister of Marine, consists of four steamers, of the joint power of 600 horses, capable of carrying 30 guns, and four sailing vessels, carrying 40 guns. The Government intends to have built for it several steamers, and publishes the proposals of Mr. W. H. WEBB, of New York, to that end. Mr. WEBB says:

"*First*—I will build, equip and deliver in the port of Valparaiso, a wheel steamer 170 feet length of beam, 28 feet breadth, and 12 feet depth, with engines of 230 horse-power, carrying 10 guns, like the steamer *America* which I built for the Russian Government, and which touched at Valparaiso in 1856, on her way to the river Amoor, for the sum of $150,000.

Second—I will build, equip and deliver in Valparaiso, a wheel steamer of 180 feet length of beam, 30 feet width and 12½ feet depth, with engines of 250 horse-power, carrying 10 guns, like the *Harriet Lane*, built by me for the United States Government, and that is one of those composing the squadron intended for Paraguay, for the sum of $160,000.

Third—I will build, equip and deliver in Valparaiso, a screw steamer of 217 feet length of beam, 36¾ breadth, and 17¼ feet depth, with engines of 300 horse-power, and carrying 12 guns, like the Russian steam-corvette *Japenese*, which I built last year for the Russian Government, and which sails at present in the Chinese Seas, for the sum of $250,000.

All these vessels will be of the first class, and built as solidly as possible, and of the best materials, and shall be completely armed and equipped for immediate service according to the most approved plans.

I would prefer delivering the vessels in New-York, with a corresponding reduction in prices."

The metallic life-boats ordered from the United States for the different ports have been received, and others will be ordered.

The merchant navy of Chili counts 268 vessels, with a total of 58,676 tons.

Business was much better than during the previous fortnight. Money is plenty, and 8 per cent. interest is with difficulty obtained. During the last year Chili has imported from the United States $1,844,118; and exported to the States, $1,901,932. Imports from France and French Colonies, $3,282,295; exports, $1,518,036. From England, $6,418,751; exports, $9,460,965. Germany, $1,250,408; exports, $729,855. From California, $147,590; exports, $178,484. Total imports to these and all other countries, in 1858 $18,186,292; exports, $18,335,442. The reason why the shipments to England appear so large is that that country is the first port of destination, but the goods ultimately go to other markets.

There is a scarcity of British and American Cotton stuffs in the market. Carolina Rice is $6 to $6 25. American Refined Sugar $3 50 per aroba of 25 pounds. Lumber is in demand. Nitrale of Soda $2 06 per quintal, cash. The scarceness and dearness of Coal, and the fall of prices in Europe, have caused the suspension of the Copper foundries. Flour is sold at from $4 to $4 37, six months. Freights, to Liverpool £3. American ship *Parthenon*, parcels from Caldera to Baltimore, $11. American ship *Crusader*, Nitrate, from Iquique to Baltimore, $13. Exchange on London, 60 days, 45 to 45½ ₧ $1; on the United States, 60 days, 8 ₧ cent. premium. F. W. R.

Further from Brazil.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE—COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Additional files of Rio journals extend to the 30th of July.

There is no news of striking interest.

The Spanish war-steamer *Concordia*, bound from Cadiz to the River Plate, was in the harbor.

Two vacancies in the Rio Chamber of Commerce had been filled by the choice of THOMAS M. EWBANK as the representative of English trade, and FERDINAND G. URBEN as the representative of German interests.

The shipments of coffee from Rio Janeiro, from the 1st to the 20th of July, amounted to 151,280 bags.

On the 20th there were no official quotations of prices.

Exchange on London was 24½d.

The Rev. Dr. Lathrop, of Boston, returned from Europe by the *Europa*, and was to have resumed his pastoral duties on Sunday.

The British West Indies.

NEWS FROM JAMAICA, DEMERARA, TRINIDAD, GRENADA, ST. VINCENT, BARBADOS, ST. LUCIA, ETC.

By an arrival at New-Orleans we have received files of Kingston, Jamaica, papers to the 15th day of August. The *Journal* of that day says that the Falmouth rioters, of whom nearly a hundred had been arrested, were to have come up for examination the Friday previous. Commenting on this unfortunate affair, the *Journal* dwells at length on the unprotected state of the northern portion of the island, and says that a public meeting has been called to petition the Queen for further reinforcements.

The Kingston *Advertiser* furnishes the gratifying intelligence, communicated to it by Capt. COFFIN himself, that sanguine hopes were still entertained of the ultimate rescue of the new West India mail steamer *Paramatta*, whose misfortune on the Anegada reef we have already recorded. It would be necessary, however, to seek assistance from England.

The *Colonial Standard* contradicts a widely circulated rumor that the present Bishop of Kingston was about to resign.

"The much abused planters of the West India Colonies," says the Kingston *Advertiser*, "will rejoice to learn that there is, at length, some prospect of their obtaining emigrants from China, under a well-regulated system, approved, and with some modifications likely to be sanctioned and ratified by the Imperial Government."

The news of peace was received in the Colonies, especially by the planters, with great joy. As to the crops, they are said to promise abundant harvest. In the months of June and July high trade winds prevailed, which cracked the soil and dried up the young plants, but copious showers had more recently fallen. The cane fields looked well, especially the young plant was strong and healthy.

The public attention in Demerara, as indeed in most of the other colonies, was principally occupied by the various propositions for procuring labor from India and China. A message had been received by the Governor from Gov. KEATE, of Trinidad, on the subject, in reference to which the *Colonist* says:

It is desirable, for very obvious reasons, that the British West India Colonies should cooperate in procuring immigrants; for to set up rival establishments to compete against each other would have an injurious effect upon immigration generally. We hope that Jamaica will take the same reasonable view of the matter as Trinidad; and that a joint agency will be established for the whole of the British West Indies. If the immigration field in China be well worked, there need be no lack of labor in the whole of the British West Indies or in this Colony. What we want here is a steady and continuous stream of immigration, pouring into the Colony without interruption, and giving to this country the one thing needful to make it one of the most flourishing in the world.

The Port of Spain *Gazette*, (Trinidad,) of July 23, thus writes of the last crop:

The crop of 1859 is not only finished, but we may almost say shipped. The amount is short though not by much, taking in barrels and tierces, of the expected 40,000 hogsheads; but it still exceeds the produce of any previous year in a considerable degree. During the early part of the season, and for a longer period than usual, the yield of the canes was very deficient everywhere.

The crop of Grenada amounts to about 7,000 hogsheads, and for the future harvest the prospect is good. A large breadth of new land has been brought under cultivation, and the weather was favorable to the young plant. The local paper, the *Chronicle*, however, from which we copy, puts forward, most bitterly, the old complaint of want of labor.

The crop of St. Lucia added up about 6,000 hogsheads, and the weather was favorable to the new plant.

From St. Vincent we have no harvest intelligence, or indeed any news of importance.

The shipments from Barbados up to July 25 were: Sugar, 37,397 hhds, 2,550 tierces, 5,435 bbls.; molasses, 10,295 puncheons, 252 hhds., 500 bbls.; rum, 394 puncheons, 294 hhds. There was still a considerable stock of sugar, however, in the warehouses.

The inauguration of the statue of the Empress JOSEPHINE at Port Royal, now called Fort de France, Martinique, was to take place on the 29th ult. Grand preparations were being made, and excursion parties from the neighboring islands organizing. Barbados was to be represented by the Administration members of the Legislature, and other gentlemen in official position.

From the River Plate.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS—RECAPTURE OF GEN. FLORES—URQUIZA AT THE HEAD OF HIS TROOPS—THE APPROACHING ELECTION IN THE ARGENTINE STATES.

Our files from Buenos Ayres reach to the 22d of July.

The warlike preparations were carried on as actively as possible. A reserve division was being organized in the town of Mercedes, the centre of the province, and counted already 1,200 men.

The Buenos Ayrean squadron, notwithstanding the loss of the *Pinto*, was still pretty strong, numbering five steamers and one brig. The names of these vessels are: *Constitucion*, *Camilla*, *Buenos Ayres*, *Seyce*, *Almirante Brown*, and the brig *Rio Bamba*. An attempt to recover the *Pinto* was in contemplation.

One of the Buenos Ayrean steamers had made a bold expedition up the river Uruguay, and had brought out Gen. FLORES and some other officers kept prisoners by Gen. URQUIZA in the town of Ibicui.

It was expected that the active army would amount to 15,000 men before the 1st of September.

There were rumors of mediation between the belligerents, the agents of France and of the United States having interfered.

The dates from Rosario are to the 12th of July.

Gen. URQUIZA had arrived at Parana, capital of the Federal Government, to place himself at the head of the divisions that were to advance to Santa Fé, and form the active army to open the campaign against Buenos Ayres.

It is generally supposed that the object of MURATORI's expedition was to surprise the City of Parana and take Gen. URQUIZA, and some members of the Federal Government, prisoners.

MURATORI defended himself bravely against the mutineers, and his son fell fighting by his side.

Gen. URQUIZA had demanded from the inland provinces a contingent of 2,000 men, but had not yet received one.

The Argentine papers publish a decree of that Government convoking the people to general elections for appointing President of the Confederation.

The decree is founded on the consideration that the present distinguished President's legal term expires on the 5th of March next, according to what the *75th Article of the National Constitution declares*; that, according to the 33d article of the *election laws*, *electoral meetings should be convoked* throughout the Confederation six months before the expiration of the Presidential term; that the Minister of the Interior has not taken the measures ordered by law as preliminaries to the Presidential election; that the Minister's omission should in no way be allowed to interfere with the citizens' legal rights insured by the Constitution; that the 54th article of the election laws authorizes the Governors of the provinces to remove all obstacles to the execution of these laws, under the condition of accounting for their conduct to the National Chambers; and lastly, that the convocation of the electoral meetings is urgent in order to appoint electors within the six previous months, as is prescribed by the law.

Later from Mexico.

ARRIVAL OF THE BROOKLYN—THE VERA CRUZ PRESS ON THE DEPARTURE OF MR. M'LANE—MEETING OF REACTIONIST LEADERS AT THE CAPITAL—A STEAM LINE GRANT.

Files of Vera Cruz papers to the 1st inst. have been received by the arrival of the *Brooklyn* off Point Clear, near the mouth of the Mississippi.

The Vera Cruz *Progreso*, of Sept. 1, says:

"As our readers will see by the notes which we shall publish to-morrow morning, His Excellency, Mr. McLANE, Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States, is about to take advantage of the leave of absence granted him by his Government. It is publicly rumored that he leaves in the morning by the war steamer *Brooklyn*, which stands at his orders. We wish him a speedy and happy voyage, and that on his return he continue to manifest the same spirit of good will towards Mexico that has distinguished him during his residence here. He has also our wish that on his return he may find the season more favorable to his health—and may that be reëstablished—than the Summer has been. It gives us pleasure to add that the Legation remains under the charge of Mr. LA REINTRIE, who has known so well how to win upon our regard."

The correspondence alluded to above, between Mr. McLANE and the Government at Vera Cruz, has not reached us, nor have we anything further in reference to its contents. It would seem, however, to contemplate the return of the Minister to his post in the Fall.

The *Progreso*, of the 31st ult., announces the departure of ROBLES PEZUELA for the City of Mexico, to attend a grand council of war, at which all the chieftains of the Reactionary army were to assist. The immediate object of the council is supposed to be the defence of the capital against the Liberal army, now rapidly marching on it. On the other hand, the *Boletin* of Jalapa would seem to hold out the idea that a projected expedition against Vera Cruz was the object which called the chieftains together.

ROBLES was accompanied by an escort of some 300 men, infantry and cavalry. The rest of his command was at last accounts still at Jalapa.

The Government at Vera Cruz has granted to DON JOSE A. PENAS the privilege of running a line of steamers between that port and the villa of Tlacotolpam.

LOCOMOTIVE EXPLOSION AT ROCHESTER.—The locomotive "Ontario," run by STEPHEN HANFORD, an engineer who has been employed on the road for 21 years, and the senior engineer on the road, exploded her boiler at Rochester on Monday morning, while drawing a train of freight cars from the freight-house to North-street. The locomotive was quite demolished. HANFORD was so injured that one of his legs had to be amputated. The fireman was blown over a fence, about twenty feet distant. The passenger train was detained about an hour by the accident and delay in clearing the track, but arrived in Buffalo only twenty minutes behind time.

The Boston *Transcript* learns from private letters that Mrs. Elizabeth Barrett Browning is lying seriously ill at her home near Florence.

LAW REPORTS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice [illegible].

INJUNCTION AGAINST THE EIGHTH AND NINTH-AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANIES.

George Brooks et al. vs. The Eighth and Ninth-avenue Railroad Companies.—This was an application for a temporary injunction against the defendants, to restrain them from laying an additional track on the south side of Canal-street. The case was reported in the TIMES of Tuesday. The injunction has been granted, with an order to show cause why it should not be made permanent.

The undertaking of the plaintiff was fixed at $3,000, and was entered into by him and James W. Constable.

Thomas Rigney vs. Samuel W. Tallmadge et al.—Motion to discharge attachment granted, with $10 costs, on defendants stipulating, &c.

Before Justice Davies.

MANDAMUS AGAINST THE COMPTROLLER.

James T. Gregory vs. The Mayor, &c.—This was an application for a peremptory *mandamus* against the Comptroller, directing him to forthwith comply with a former order of the Court, commanding him to relieve plaintiff from an erroneous assessment. As it appeared the Comptroller had not complied with the order of the Court, the *mandamus* was granted.

J. H. Potter, for plaintiffs.

Application of Francis W. Kinney.—This was an *habeas corpus* to Officer Wilson, of the City Hall Police Court, commanding him to produce the body of the petitioner, whom, it was alleged, he had arrested without warrant or process, and then detained unlawfully.

The petitioner set up the above facts, and that the officer took from him at the time of his arrest (which was about 1 o'clock Wednesday morning) all his money, jewelry, his own and his lady's wearing apparel, which were then in the possession of the officer.

Mr. Spencer, upon making the application, stated to the Court, that the jewelry taken amounted, in value, to about $800; that the petitioner was sick, and one of his lungs was already gone with consumption, and that but a short time since he was not expected to live from hour to hour.

The writ was served at once upon Officer Wilson, who had the prisoner at the City Hall Court, awaiting an opportunity to prefer a charge, and who at once brought the petitioner into Court, and made a verbal return to the effect that the party with whom the petitioner boarded, had first spoken to him in regard to the petitioner, and had communicated to him the fact that Kinney was in some way associated with the two women, Graham and Morgan, who were arrested a few days since, and that for that reason he had arrested the defendant on suspicion, as he would any other party, and that he was about to prefer a charge against him. The officer also stated that the defendant was a known character, as were the women referred to.

Mr. Spencer then demanded that the prisoner be set at liberty, because he was held without process, and upon that point made a very spirited speech; but the Court held that, as the officer was about to prefer his complaint, it was not proper to restrain him from so doing. The Court was then asked to direct the officer to make his return in writing, which was done, and the defendant remanded into his care and custody until the return was made.

Counsel then demanded that the defendant be dismissed, as the return did not state what offence he had committed, nor whom against. The Court directed the officer to go before Alderman Brady and make his complaint, upon which, if entertained, obtain a warrant, by which he could hold the prisoner.

Pending these proceedings, Mr. Allen, Assistant District-Attorney, came into Court, and stated that, from his knowlege of the facts, he believed the defendant was the husband of one of the women referred to, and it was from such circumstances that he was held. As no complaint was made before the Magistrate, and nothing offering as a reason for his being longer detained, the prisoner was discharged, the Court stating he could be arrested again on sufficient grounds.

Dean & Spencer for defendant.

Before Justice Clerke.

Catharine Bissell vs. Hiram Studley.—The amendments in this case not being numbered, cannot be received. Besides, the lines on the case itself are not numbered as required by rule 34, the party making the case must also consider the amendments, and mark his allowed or disallowed thereof. (See Rule 34.)

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Brady.

Elizabeth Brunet vs. William W. Brunet.—In our report of this case, yesterday, an error was committed. The report of the referee, so far from finding that the plaintiff should have a divorce, decided that the plaintiff had not sustained the charges of adultery made in her complaint; and upon this report the Court gave judgment for the defendant, on the 13th of July last.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before City Judge Russell.

George King pleaded guilty yesterday morning to burglary in the third degree, and was sent to the State Prison for two years.

Wm. Fischer, a German, pleaded guilty to a charge of passing counterfeit money, and was sentenced to three years in the State Prison.

John Williams pleaded guilty to grand larceny, and was sentenced to the State Prison for two years.

Thomas Callahan, a small boy, was charged with assaulting a Mr. Harley, in company with some other boys, and robbing him of a watch, of little value, and $5 in money. The Jury, under instruction from the Court, found him guilty of petit larceny, although the indictment was for robbery, in the first degree. He was sent to the House of Refuge.

John Bowen and James O'Neil, jointly indicted for stealing a watch, were placed at the bar and demanded separate trials. Bowen was tried, but the complainant being unable to identify the watch, he was acquitted. O'Neil was remanded for further proceedings.

Julius Dubois pleaded guilty to grand larceny, and was sent to the State Prison for two years.

James Smith, Thomas Sweeney, and *John Lewis* were tried for an attempt to commit grand larceny on board the schooner *Martha Moore*, lying at the dock between Market and Catharine streets, on the night of Aug. 8. Captain Lewis Bennett, master of the schooner, testified that he had considerable property of value on board at the time, far beyond the amount necessary to constitute the attempt to be one of grand larceny, as charged. John De Corday, Police Officer of the Seventh Precinct, deposed that he watched the actions of the defendants, saw them go on board the schooner, and arrested two of them, Sweeney and Lewis, at the cabin door. Smith made his escape, but was arrested next day on his going to Essex Market Police Court to learn the fate of his companions. On the person of Sweeney was found a bowie knife, and in the pockets of Lewis were matches, and a piece of wax candle. The prisoners were all of them noted thieves, and it is satisfactory that the Jury convicted them, and that they were sent to State Prison for four years.

Bartley Cunningham and William J. Kellar, jointly indicted with William Sickles, were next tried for burglary in the store of Mr. Sempler, No. 200 West-street, from which they stole tools, brass knobs, rivets, and other property. Sickles was used as a witness against them, and was therefore entitled to his discharge for turning State's evidence. Cunningham and Kellar were convicted and sentenced each to five years in the State Prison. The Court then adjourned.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Sept. 14, 1859—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 48 bbls. Ashes, 12,000 bbls. Flour, 32,893 bushels Wheat, 51,420 bushels Corn, 500 bushels Rye, 25,088 bushels Oats, 50 pkgs. Provisions, and 194 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales have been made to-day of 50 bbls. Pots, at $5 50, with small lots (reported) at $5 37½; and 15 bbls. Pearls at $5 25, ₧ 100 lbs. Stock in the *Inspection Warehouse, this morning*, 1,350 bbls., including 900 bbls. Pots and 360 bbls. Pearls.

COFFEE—Has been more active to-day, sales having been made of 5,256 bags Rio at 11c.@12c.; 1,000 bags Maracaibo, on private terms; 200 bags Savanilla at 11¼c.@12c., and 50 bags triage Laguayra on private terms.

COTTON—Has been lightly dealt in, sales having been confined to 600 bales, at essentially unaltered figures.

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. Orleans & Texas.
Ordinary	9	9	9½	9¼
Middling	11⅝	11¾	11⅞	12
Middling Fair	12⅛	12⅜	12	13¼

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market has been generally depressed, to-day, for most kinds of Flour. Superfine State has been in lively demand, and this description has been purchased at very full prices. Extra State and nearly all descriptions of Western Flour have been more freely offered, and have favored buyers. The willingness of holders to accept the prices offered by the principal purchasers has encouraged the latter to buy with increased freedom. We have heard of sales of 12,000 bbls., in lots, including inferior to very choice superfine State, at $4 40 @$4 60 for old, and $4 65@$4 75 for new; extra do. $4 70@$4 80 for old, $4 80@$4 90 for new; superfine Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio at $4 30@$4 65; extra Wisconsin, old and new, at $4 65@$5 10; extra Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, and Michigan, poor old to choice new, $4 70@$5 25; inferior extra Ohio at $4 75@$4 85; round hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $4 90@$5 05 for old and $5 10@$5 25 for ordinary to choice new, ₧ bbl.

Unsound Flour	$3 30@$4 15
Standard Superfine State	4 40@ 4 75
Extra State	4 70@ 4 90
Standard Superfine Western	4 30@ 4 65
Extra Wisconsin	4 65@ 5 10
Extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan	4 70@ 5 25
Inferior Extra Ohio	4 75@ 4 85
Extra Ohio, round hoop, shipping brands	4 90@ 5 25
Extra Ohio, trade brands	5 25@ 5 75
Fancy Genesee	5 00@ 5 25
Extra Genesee	5 45@ 7 50
Inferior to choice Extra Missouri	4 80@ 6 50
Extra Kentucky and Tennessee	5 00@ 6 25

Southern Flour is plenty and in good demand at about previous prices. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 2,000 bbls., in lots, at $4 90@$5 35 for very inferior to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore, Brandywine, &c.; $5 45@$7 for fancy to choice extra brands ₧ bbl. Canadian is quiet to-day; sales having been made of only 200 bbls., at $6 for very choice New Extra, ₧ bbl. Rye Flour is inactive, at $3 70@$4 30 for fine and superfine, ₧ bbl. Corn Meal is in moderate demand, at $3 75@$3 80 for Jersey and Pennsylvania, and $4 10@$4 15 for Brandywine, ₧ bbl. Puncheons of Brandywine are quoted at $19@$19 12½ each.

GRAIN—Wheat is more abundant, and is less valuable. The reduction in prices has occasioned a slight increase of demand. We have heard of sales of 31,000 bushels, including fair new White Canada at $1 27½; choice new White Michigan at $1 25; fair new White Indiana at $1 20; some White Western on private terms; mixed new Michigan at $1 22; unsound old Chicago Spring at 71½c.; good new Red Western at $1 13½; ordinary to prime new White Kentucky at $1 30@$1 40; ordinary to good new White Southern at $1 20@$1 35; and very good to strictly prime new Red do. at $1 21 @$1 23 ₧ bushel. Corn is rather less active and less firm. Sales have been reported of 31,000 bushels, at 81½c.@82½c. for poor to good new mixed Western; 83c. for yellow Western; 86c.@87c., chiefly 86c. for yellow Northern; and 81½c. for inferior white Southern, ₧ bushel. Rye continues quiet at 80c.@ 82c. ₧ bushel. Oats have been in demand, including Canada at 38c.@41c.; Western, 37c.@40c.; State, 38c. @40c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania, 33c.@37c.; Southern, 30c.@36c. ₧ bushel. Barley has not varied much.

MOLASSES—Sales have been made to-day of 50 bbls. New-Orleans at 35c.@42c.; 50 bbls. Cuba Muscovado at 29c.@31c.; 171 hhds. do. do. at 25c.@30c.; and 276 hhds. inferior Porto Rico at 20c. ₧ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine has been more sought after and has advanced. Week's receipts, 1,527 bbls.; sales, 2,200 bbls North County at $3 43¾; 1,600 bbls. Wilmington at $3 50, and 1,600 bbls. do. at $3 56¼; also, 1,000 bbls. soft North County at $3 62½ ₧ 280 lbs.; stock, in first hands, estimated at 1,500 to 2,000 bbls. Spirits Turpentine has been in fair request at slightly improved prices. Week's receipts, 2,268 bbls; sales, 4,500 bbls., chiefly at 46c.@46½c. ₧ gallon; stock estimated at 3,000 bbls. Messrs. BARROW & SEGGERN, in alluding to the week's business, remark thus: "Many receivers have so far advanced their pretensions, as to be entirely out of the market. The receipts have not been equal to the sales, leaving the stock less than last reported, and a considerable portion of that now available is in rather poor order, in fact, entirely unfit for shipment. The amount now on the way to this port is comparatively small, and the rapid advance in price in Wilmington, as well as the small receipts there, render the prospect of large shipments improbable for the immediate future. The home trade has now fairly commenced buying for the fall business." Tar has been quite scarce and has been in demand. Week's receipts, 148 bbls; sales, 800 bbls., within a range of from $2 50@$2 87½ ₧ bbl.; stock estimated at 1,500 bbls. Resin has been moderately inquired for. Week's receipts, 9,474 bbls.; the sales included 4,800 bbls. common at $1 50@$1 55—principally at the former rate; 900 bbls. strained at $1 60; 800 low No. 2 at $1 90; 1,800 bbls. various grades, at $2@$4; 400 fine at $3 75; 177 do. $5 50.

Naval Store Trade of New-York, Jan. 1 to Sept. 13, '59.

	Receipts.	Exports.
Crude Turpentine, bbls.	72,301	65,380
Spirits Turpentine, bbls.	102,870	40,080
Resin, bbls.	530,904	437,[illegible]
Tar, bbls.	36,786	18,420

The foregoing tabular statement has been compiled from the circular of Messrs. LOCK & TURNER.

OILS—Whale and Sperm have attracted more attention during the past week, and prices have favored sellers. Other descriptions have been moderately inquired for. Crude Sperm, $1 30@$1 33½; Unbleached Sperm, $1 35@$1 40; Crude Whale, 45c. @50c.; Refined Whale, 40c.@60.; Linseed Oil, 57c. @59c.; No. 1 Lard Oil, 87c.@95c.; Red Oil, 50c.; Olive Oil, $1@$1 05 ₧ gallon, and $3 50@$4 10 ₧ basket; Palm Oil, 9c.@9¼c.; Tallow Oil, 10c. ₧ lb. In New Bedford, during the week ending Sept. 12, sales were reported of 2,895 bbls. Crude Sperm, chiefly at $1 25@$1 30; 5,300 bbls. Crude Whale at 42c.@48c. ₧ gallon. Also, 300 bbls. Cocoanut Oil at 78c. ₧ gallon, 6 months' credit.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. Sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	Lbs. Bone.
From Jan. 1 to Sept. 12, 1859	74,240	164,479	1,776,700
Same time last year	66,562	225,500	1,[illegible]

PROVISIONS—Pork has attracted more attention, and sales have been reported of 2,800 bbls., in lots, at @$15 for Mess, here; an unascertained price for Mess, for future delivery; and $10 31¼@$10 37½ for Prime, ₧ bbl. Cut Meats continue scarce and quiet, including Hams at 8¼c.@8¾c., and Shoulders at 7¼c. @7½c. ₧ lb. Bacon is in request, chiefly at 9¼c.@ 10c. ₧ lb. Lard is in demand at about former rates. Sales to-day 380 tcs. and bbls. common to choice at 10¾c.@11¼c. ₧ lb. Beef has been more freely dealt in. Sales 500 bbls., in lots, at $7 25@$9 50 for repacked Western Mess; $10@$11 50 for fair to choice extra do.; $6@$7 for Country Mess, and $5@$5 75 for do. Prime ₧ bbl. Beef Hams, $14@$17 50 ₧ bbl. Butter is salable and steady at 15c.@21c. for State; 12c.@16c. for Ohio, ₧ lb. Cheese is in request in lots, at from 6c.@9¼c. ₧ lb.

TEAS—The auction sale, to-day, was attractive and very successful. Greens, which formed the bulk of the catalogue, were purchased at a shade better prices. Blacks were essentially unaltered. The total sales amounted to about 7,250 pkgs., including about 6,000 pkgs. of Greens. The prices obtained were, for Gunpowder, 34c.@54c.; Imperial, 33c.@ 72c.; Hyson, 33½c.@48c.; Young Hyson, 20½c.@55c.; Hyson Twankay, 26½c.@34½c.; Hyson Skin, 25c.@ 27c.; Oolong, 24c.@48c.; Souchong, 30c. ₧ lb.

FREIGHTS—Have been less active to-day. For Liverpool there were engaged 150 bbls. Spirits Turpentine at 4s.; 60 tons Oil Cake at 12s. 6d.; and 10 tons Cheese on private terms. For other ports the important engagements. The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been: Ship *Eureka*, 1,041 tons, to Shanghae, at $10,150; a bark from Minatitlan to London, £3; ship *Gleaner*, 960 tons, from St. Stephen, N. B., to Liverpool, Deals, 75s.; ship *Belle of the Ocean*, 986 tons, from Charleston to Liverpool, Cotton, ½d.; a brig, 300 tons, from Minatitlan to New-York, $9 and $7 under and on deck; a schr., 150 tons, from Jacksonville to Port Spain, Trinidad, Lumber $12, and back from Bonaire to New-York, Salt, 10c.; a brig, 260 tons, from Norfolk to a Windward Island, Lumber, $14; one from Curacoa to New-York, Salt, 10c.; one, 160 tons, from Jacksonville to Havana, two voyages, first $12, and second $10; one, 245 tons, to Nuevitas, $1,800; one, 230 tons, to North side Cuba and back, $2,000; a schr., 112 tons, same voyage, $1,100; a Br. brig, 120 tons, to Jamaica, 65c.; a schr., 1,500 bbls., to Jamaica, 75c.; one, 112 tons, from Alexandria to Barbadoes, Flour, 70c.; ship *Cortessa*, 757 tons, to Valparaiso and Callao, ship *Sportsman*, 683 tons, to Shanghae and Hong Kong, on terms not made public.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAS COME.

HAS COME.

HAS COME.

THE GOOD TIME HAS COME.

SINGER'S No. 2 SEWING MACHINE

Can now be had for .... $[illegible]

Do. No. 1 .... [illegible]

For manufacturing purposes the only reliable and unexcelled sewing machine in the world.—*Singer's Gazette.*

We have tried them in our own families, and find them superior to anything now in use.—*Times.*

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES from $50 to $[illegible].

I. M. SINGER & CO.

New-York, Sept. 15. No. 458 Broadway.

OFFICE FOR PROCURING AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS. J. J. PIRSSON, No. 5 Wall-st., New-York. A pamphlet of information sent free.

SUNBURN, FRECKLES, ERUPTIONS, MORPHEW TAN. JONES' ORIGINAL ITALIAN CHEMICAL SOAP, price only 25 cents. Clears dark, yellow or discolored skin, sore heads, beards or legs; it is fine for infants or shaving. Sold at No. 100 Fulton-st., Nos. 395 and 609 Broadway, No. 188 Bowery, and at Mrs. HAYES', Brooklyn.

TO CHRONOMETER AND WATCH MAKERS.—SANEVAL & CALLARD, watch pendulum, spring and wire manufacturers, No. 27 Alfred-st., Islington, London, respectfully call the attention of the trade to their list of prices. Best lever pendulum springs $5 per gross. Pendulum spring wire, 15 cents per bobbin. Pocket chronometer wire, 50 cents per bobbin. Box chronometer wire, $2 50 per bobbin. Samples may be seen at the office of A. W. FRANCIS, Steel Seal Engraver, No. 315 Broadway, New-York.

BENT FUTTOCKS—300 WHITE OAK, 8 BY 6 feet long, 10 by 9 inches square, suitable for the middle ship sections of a large steamer, and giving four times the strength on the bilge of ordinary futtocks, for sale low. Apply at Phenix Wood-Bending Works, at Greenpoint, or to C. A. BURGESS, No. 6 Broad-st., New-York. N. B.—Bent felloes of superior quality always on hand.

AN AMERICAN LADY—AT PRESENT EMBARrassed, wishes to meet with a gentleman of refinement, that would loan her a small sum of money, with good security and reference. Any willing to comply with the above may address, for three days, Mrs. R. R. MIDDLETON, Union-square Post-office, 831 Broadway.

CORDIAL COGNAC BITTERS IMMEDIately relieve all diseases of the bowels and biliousattacks. For sale by S. STEINFELD, sole importer, No. 70 Nassau-st., and by all bars, grocers and druggists in the City.

THE FINEST BARTLETT PEARS EVER raised will be found at No. 141 West-st., New-York. They are grown by James Powers, of Catskill, N. Y., who defies all competition as to the flavor and size of his pears.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND-HAND SHOWcase, about 4 feet by 12. Price must be low. Apply for two days to HUBBARD & BURGESS, No. [illegible] William-st.

SHOWCASES—HOFFMAN & FERSH'S SHOWcase warerooms, No. 44 Chatham-st., near City Hall. A general assortment of showcases kept constantly on hand. Old cases exchanged. Orders promptly executed.

3,000 ISABELLA GRAPE VINES, SIX years old, for sale by L. S. HASKILL, No. [illegible] Cedar-st.

PEW IN THE NEW BRICK CHURCH FOR SALE. One of the best in the Church. Price $2,000 cash. Address Box No. 585 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—PART OR WHOLE PEW IN DR. Spring's Church. State location, price, whether whole or part. Address Box No. 2,887 Post-office.

PERSONAL.

TO PROPERTY AGENTS IN NEW-YORK.—Some two years since a Property Agent in New-York addressed to JOHN W. WOLFF, of Northumberland, a letter of inquiry concerning the heirs of PHILIP WOLFF, deceased. If said agent will address the Rev. B. N. BROWN, Alexandria, Va., the desired information can be given.

ASTROLOGY.

NE—WHO HAS NOT HEARD OF THE CELEbrated Madame PREWSTER? She has been consulted by thousands in this and other cities with entire satisfaction. She feels confident she has no equal. She tells the name of future wife or husband; also, that of her visitor. If you wish truth, give her a call at No. 201 [illegible]-av., above 21st-st. Ladies 50 cents; gentlemen $1.

CLUB-HOUSE CARDS.

SAMUEL HART & CO., NO. 307 BROADWAY, New-York, now offer to clubs and consumers the above celebrated brand of cards, made of parchment, warranted not to split and to retain their size, gloss and quality. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

SITUATIONS WANTED.
FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR [illegible] servants. A number of the [illegible] female servants of [illegible] and respectable class for [illegible], No. [illegible] Hillary-st., Brooklyn, [illegible] for [illegible] situations. Especially [illegible] cooks, washers and ironers, experienced nurses, [illegible] servants, accustomed to serve in [illegible] in Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as seamstress; understands dressmaking and all sorts of family sewing; would be willing to assist in light chamberwork. Can be [illegible] recommended by her present employers, [illegible] leave in consequence of their not keeping a [illegible] this Winter. Call or address No. 34 West [illegible], for two days.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation to take care of children, and is fully capable of taking the entire charge of a baby from its birth; is willing to assist in the light chamberwork, sewing, or the baby's washing, if required; will be found useful and obliging; best of City reference given. Call at No. [illegible] 24th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.; will be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT GIRL, a situation as cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing; the best of City reference can be given; also, wanted by a young girl a situation as chambermaid and waiter, and to assist in the washing and ironing, or to take care of children and do plain sewing; can be seen for a week; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Apply at 230 West 29th-st., near 9th-av.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS, A situation in a private family; can cut and fit ladies' and childrens' dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing and needlework; can give the highest testimonials as for character and capability. Can be seen for two days at No. 488 6th-av., between 29th and 30th sts., Room No. 13.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as nurse and seamstress; can take the entire charge of a baby, or would do light chamberwork and fine washing and ironing; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 120 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as nurse and seamstress, or to do chamberwork, or fine washing and ironing; is a competent person in either capacity; the best of City reference given. Call at No. 84 West 17th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—IN A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, A situation as cook and laundress. Good references given by the family in whose employment she is at present, and has been for several years, and at whose residence, No. 250 West 32d-st., she can be seen for two days, between the hours of 3 and 5 P. M.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL, WHO HAS lived in some of the best families in this City, wishes to engage her services to a lady going to England or Ireland; can give the best testimonials as to honesty and capability. To be seen for three days at No. 150 Avenue B.

WANTED—A VERY WILLING, STEADY GIRL, wants a situation as excellent meat and pastry cook; makes the best of bread, cakes and pies, in every variety; would assist in the washing and ironing; will be found competent and anxious to give satisfaction. Call at No. 129 Waverley-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as seamstress; is a good shirt-maker; would prefer seeing to children and sewing, as she understands all kinds of plain sewing; is neat and quick with the needle; the best of City reference. Call at No. 384 3d-av., in the store, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and plain sewing, or to take care of children. Has five years reference from her last place. Call at No. 81 West 28th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., top floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as nurse and seamstress; she is fully capable of taking charge of an infant from its birth, and perfectly understands all kinds of family sewing. Can be seen for two days at No. 89 West 27th-st. Can give the best City reference.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-AGED American woman, as housekeeper, or in any respectable capacity requiring confidence, for which she can refer to a family in whose employment she has been about six years, and left in consequence of death. Apply at 216 East Broadway, from 9 to 5, for three days.

WANTED—CITY AND COUNTRY LADIES WHO wish to economize by employing good faithful girls, are invited to call or send to the Domestic Institute and Home, No. 69 6th av., where efficient domestics can be had. The proprietor, E. CARROLL, has known many of these girls from 5 to 15 years.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl to do general housework and assist in the washing and ironing; wages not so much an object as a good home; three years in her last place. Apply at 748 [illegible]-av., corner 33th-st., up stairs, front, for three days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as cook in a small private family; is an excellent baker of bread, biscuit and pies, and also understands making cake. A good recommendation can be given. Call for this week at No. 81 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing or waiting. Good City reference. Apply at No. 275 West 25th-st., first floor, back room, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation to do chamberwork and plain sewing in a private family; she will be found willing and obliging. Call for two days at No. 96 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO PROTESTANT girls; one as cook, and to assist in the washing; the other to do waiting and light chamberwork or waitress. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 365 6th-av., near 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman as professed cook; understands all kinds of game, soups, baking, pastries, jellies, ice cream, and all kinds of desserts; best of City reference given. Call at No. 104 Avenue B.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook; understands cooking in all its branches, would assist in the washing and ironing if required. Good reference given. Call at No. 124 9th-st., 2d floor, near Avenue A.

WANTED—A COOK'S SITUATION IN A FIRST-class private family, for a highly-recommended Protestant woman; she thoroughly understands pastries, boned turkies, game, &c. Apply, for two days, at No. 4 Garden-row, in 6th-av., corner 11th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as chambermaid and laundress, or chamberwork and fine washing; is competent of filling either situation thoroughly; has satisfactory City reference. Apply at No. 445 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to do the cooking and assist in the washing and ironing of a private family; good City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 161 West 18th-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as chambermaid and seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress; is accustomed to all kinds of sewing; can be seen for two days at No. 55 3d-av., in the millinery-store; good City reference given.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR SIX COOKS, seven good chambermaids, four nurses, and other good servants. Families will do well to call at the Servants' Institute, No. 414 Broadway, opposite Brandreth House.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS Protestant cook, who knows her business in all its departments; can be seen from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., at No. [illegible] 11th-st., corner of 2d-av.; no objections to a private boarding-house; has the best of City reference.

WANTED—BY A HARDWORKING, HONEST girl, a situation to do general housework; is a good plain cook, a good baker, and a first-rate washer and ironer. Apply at No. 434 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as lady's maid and seamstress; understands air-dressing. Best of references. Address, for two days, MARY A. K., Madison-square Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOMAN to cook, wash and iron; good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 182 9th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., Room No. 4.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG AMERICAN girl to do light chamberwork and plain sewing, or assist in the care of children. Address ELIZA, Box No. 147 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SWEDISH PROTESTANT girl, as seamstress and dressmaker in a private family. Good references given. Call at No. 85 East 10th-st., near 3d-av., in a fancy store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS and embroiderer, by a competent person; no objection to assist with children. Can be seen at her present employers, No. 163 Joralemon-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as chambermaid, do plain sewing, and take care of children. Good reference. Call at No. 249 West 25th-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as waitress or chambermaid; best of City references; can be seen at her present employer's, No. [illegible] West 25th-st., for the next two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT girl, as chambermaid and to assist with washing. May be seen for two days, at her present employer's, No. 15 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing. Has the best of City reference. Call at the basement No. 67 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG COLORED woman, to travel as child's nurse or lady's maid; does not get sea-sick. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 138 8th-st., second story, front room.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as nurse and seamstress; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 157 29th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT girl, a situation as nurse and seamstress; can be seen where she has lived two years, at No. 48 West 15th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as cook or laundress. Reference given. Apply at No. 221 7th-st., top floor, front room.

COLORED SERVANTS.—A SPLENDID COLORED woman, with best of City and foreign reference, speaking the French, Spanish, and German languages, wants a situation with a respectable family to travel, or to remain in the City. No. 414 Broadway, opposite Brandreth House.

ALL FAMILIES IN WANT OF GOOD SERVANTS—German, Irish, Scotch, English, &c.—Call at the late Institute and Home for Domestics, No. 138 11th-st., corner of 6th-av. This extensive place has abundance of civil, capable help to suit all, at moderate wages. Conducted by a respectable American lady. [illegible]

GOOD MALE AND FEMALE FRENCH, German, and other servants, at Nos. 12 and 14 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; also a first-class French cook. French and German languages spoken. A lady in attendance.

SITUATIONS WANTED.
FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A STRONG, ACTIVE, RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as cook, washer, and ironer; understands pastry, bread, biscuit &c. and is an excellent washer and ironer; also, a situation by a young woman as chambermaid, waitress, seamstress, and nurse; both would do general housework separately; best reference; no objection to country; wages moderate. Call at No. 510 Broadway, 3d floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as nurse and plain sewer or to assist in the chamberwork; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 169 East 11th-st., first floor, front. Can be seen for two days if not engaged.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as cook in a private family; has the best of City references from her last place. Call at No. 139 East 29th-st., second floor, back room. Can be seen until engaged.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and seamstress; also, by one as laundress, chambermaid and laundress, or cook and laundress. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as cook and assist as laundress. Has the best of City references. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 132 Columbia-st., Brooklyn, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN who lately arrived from England, as chambermaid in a hotel or private family. Apply at Mrs. TAYLOR'S, No. 91 Greenwich-st., for three days.

WANTED—BY A LADY OF REFINEMENT AND education, a situation as housekeeper in a hotel or private family. For particulars apply at 179 Bowery.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.—EMPLOYERS RETURNING to the City and others are respectfully informed that there never was a more respectable class of girls, capable of filling first-class situations, to be found in the City than can be seen at present at WESLEY & CO.'S Select Female Office, No. 292 4th-av., near 22d-st. On hand, several Protestant girls. A lady in attendance. Families supplied one year for $2; six months, $1.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A STEADY, ACTIVE AND RESPECTABLE young man, a situation as coachman and gardener; is a good, careful driver, and a good plain gardener; is willing to make himself generally useful on or about a farm, milking cows, &c.; understands his business well; good references; a steady home in preference to high wages; will devote his time to his employer. Call or address COACHMAN, No. 510 Broadway, third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as gardener; understands the care and management of a greenhouse, cultivation of all kinds of vegetables, flowers, fruit, and ornamental trees. Has the best of recommendations as to integrity and capability. Or would act as coachman. Understands the care and treatment of horses. Can have an interview with my last employer. Address P., Box No. 212, *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A single man, 29 years of age, who perfectly understands the care and treatment of horses; is a most competent groom and steady driver; has had long experience in the old country and this country; is not afraid of hard work; liberal wages required. Has the best of City reference. Any person desirous will address E. M., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SUPERIOR GARDENER, A SITuation, where knowledge and taste is wanting, to manage a gentleman's place in the country, where everything that a gentleman requires can be forthcoming at the proper season—grapes, peaches and nectarines, apricots, figs, &c. Address M. J. D., to Mr. Parmalee's, No. 585 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel, New-York.

WANTED.—A GARDENER, WITH A WIFE AND one child, is desirous of meeting with a permanent situation; is a very sober and industrious man, and is competent to take charge of any gentleman's place; is a good florist and grape forcer, or the laying out of a new place. For further information, call at, or address, M. L. SMITH'S seed store. No. 64 White-st., N. Y.

WANTED.—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE married Scotchman as coachman, who has had long experience in the care and management of horses; can show the best of recommendations as to honesty, sobriety and carefulness; has no objection going to live in the country. By addressing a note to A. R., Box No. 220, *Times* Office, will be punctually attended to.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED MAN, OF small family, a situation as gardener; has held some of the best situations in the vicinity of New-York; will be found a hard-working man; understands his business; a place where there is a green-house or vinery preferred. Apply to or address J. M. L., No. 589 1st-av., between 34th and 35th sts. Has City reference.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED ENGLISHMAN, without family, a situation as groom and coachman, in a private family; understands fully the care and treatment of horses. Also, by the woman, to cook, wash and iron, in the same family. Good reference from last employer. Address W. P., Box No. 218 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY an Englishman, (single,) who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches. The best of references given. In or near the City preferred. Address B. W., McILVAIN & YOUNG, seed-store, No. 9 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom in a private family by a respectable man; is a good and careful driver, and understands the care and treatment of horses; can give the best of City reference. Call or address COACHMAN, for three days, at No. 96 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN, A situation to take care of a team of horses, carriage, &c.; understands the care and management of horses; is a good City driver; has four years recommendation from his last employer. Address WILLIAM, Box No. 191 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND gardener by a respectable man, who perfectly understands his business as coachman and gardener; has had long experience in both; can give the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Address M. H., Box No. 196 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY an Englishman; one who thoroughly understands his business, and has the best of recommendations from gentlemen with whom he has lived. Address a note to J. H., Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom; no objection to work in a garden if required; understands the case of horses and is a good driver. Understands his business in all its branches. Address B., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SMART, RESPONSIBLE MAN, with good City references, a situation in any respectable mercantile house, distillery or shipping office. Address, for one week, MILFORD, Station E, Post-office, 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, as coachman and gardener, who can come well recommended; lived in his last place five years; is willing to make himself generally useful. Address M. B., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a married man, (German,) who thoroughly understands the business in all its different branches; can produce the very best of references. For further information, apply at his last employer's, 9 East Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young man, as waiter in a private family; has no objections to the country. The best of City reference. Address J. HAMILTON, Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—THE ADVERTISER WISHES A situation as coachman; he understands his business perfectly; has got No. 1 City reference; has no objection to engage with a gentleman living in the country; is willing to make himself useful. Call on or address H., at Trainor's General Saddlery and Harness Manufactory, No. 654 Broadway, corner Bond-st.

TO LAWYERS.—WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN, who is competent to take charge of the business of an office, a situation where he can receive some compensation for services. The best of references given. Address T. K., Box No. 146 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

A NUMBER OF YOUNG MEN WANTED—To peddle an article of almost universal use. An industrious man can make a good living with very little trouble.
JERVIS' INFORMATION EXCHANGE, NO. 229 BROADWAY.

WANTED.—A COACHMAN, ONE ACCUSTOMED to drive in the city—a single man. Must give references to his last place. None need apply that are accustomed to change their place often. Apply from 10 to 1 o'clock, at No. 447 Broome-st.

BOY WANTED.—WE ARE IN WANT OF A youth from 15 to 18 years old in our counting-room. He must have received a good education; must write a good hand and reside with his parents. THOMAS & FULLER, Wholesale Druggists, No. 203 Fulton-st.

CANVASSERS WANTED—FOR A LITHOgraphic office. Wanted a person to solicit orders for the above business; a good designer will have the preference. Address LITHOGRAPHY, Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT WOMEN; ONE as cook, washer and ironer; the other as waitress, to assist in the washing and ironing. Call at No. 232 4th-st., Washington-square, from 9 till 12 o'clock.

WANTED—A GERMAN, SCOTCH OR ENGLISH Protestant cook, who thoroughly understands her business. Apply between the hours of 10 and 1 o'clock at No. 37 West 19th-st. Good City reference required.

ENGRAVER WANTED—TO GO SOUTH; ONE accustomed to general engraving, including visiting cards. Apply to BALL, BARNARD & PARSELL, No. 9 John-st., New-York.

WANTED.—A NEAT, TIDY GIRL, TO DO THE housework for a family of three persons. One who is honest and willing may apply at 21 2d-st., for 2 days.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

NEW-YORK SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—A special meeting will be held THIS (Thursday) EVENING, in Cooper Institute, Room No. 18, at 8 o'clock. Punctual attendance requested.
HARVEY G. CLEVELAND, Secretary.

NOTICE.—ANGLO-SAXON LODGE NO. 137 F. & A. M.—The members are invited to attend the funeral of their deceased brother Frederick Orgill, from St. Luke's Church, Clinton-av., Brooklyn, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock A. M. By order W. M.

BILLIARDS.

PHELAN'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES AND COMBINATION CUSHIONS, For sale only by the patentee and manufacturers, O'CONNOR & COLLENDER, Nos. 63, 65, 67 and 69 Crosby-st., New-York.

BILLIARD TABLES FOR SALE.—W. J. SHARP would invite the public to examine his celebrated tables, with his new improved cushions, superior to any now in use. Also six second-hand tables for sale and two to let, at his manufactory, No. 148 Fulton-st.

BILLIARDS.—GRIFFITH'S IMPROVED CUSHioned Tables can only be bought at his factory. Second-hand tables for sale cheap. Call and examine. W. H. GRIFFITH, No. 146 Fulton-st.

HOTELS.

FIFTH-AVENUE HOTEL, ON 5TH AV.,
AT THE INTERSECTION OF BROADWAY, OPPOSITE MADISON-SQUARE, NEW-YORK.

TO BE OPENED AUG. 23, 1859.

This location is the most desirable of any in this great Metropolis, being the most healthy, delightful, and central in the City, and very near and convenient to the Hudson River and Boston Railroad depôts.

The entire arrangements of the establishment are the result of mature study and experience, and render it the most comfortable and home-like hotel in the world.

All the improvements that comfort and convenience have suggested have been introduced.

Every precaution has been taken, during construction, to secure the positive safety of guests from the dangers of conflagration. Subdivision double brick walls extend from the rock foundation to the roof. All of the floors are double, and are separated by a layer of cement, making the entire structure fireproof.

Among other important improvements, in addition to the usual stairways, a vertical railway is nearly completed to convey guests from the first to upper floors, upon a plan which admits of no possibility of accident.

Lofty, spacious and continuous corridors, forming a promenade of eight hundred feet upon each of the six stories, give light and air, in the highest degree, to every apartment.

A liberal space has been appropriated to public drawing-rooms and parlors, connecting which and the dining-rooms there is a grand promenade hall. Suites of spacious parlors, chambers and dressing-rooms, with all the modern conveniences, have been especially designed for the comfort of families, traveling parties and single gentlemen.

An exchange, containing the journals of the day, and all the conveniences for commercial intercourse and business, has been added to the many other features of the Hotel, and there is a telegraph office connecting with all parts of the country.

Billiard and chess rooms of the most approved style and appointments, are provided for the use of guests and the public.

The furniture, and every article of use in the establishment has been expressly designed and manufactured for the FIFTH-AVENUE HOTEL.

All communications for apartments, or upon any business connected with the house, please direct to "FIFTH-AVENUE HOTEL," in order to insure immediate attention.

The entire organization of this Hotel has been under the direction of Mr. PARAN STEVENS, Proprietor of Revere and Tremont Houses in Boston, and Battle and Point Clear Houses in Mobile, and will be conducted by
Your obedient servants,
HITCHCOCK, DARLING & CO.
PARAN STEVENS.
A. B. DARLING.
HIRAM HITCHCOCK.

ELMWOOD HOUSE, BLOOMFIELD, N. J. This house is open for the reception of boarders during the Winter. House well warmed; lighted with gas. Terms moderate. References—James Thorn, Jr., No. 8 Murray-st., New-York; R. P. Stevens, No. 11 Wall-st.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY can accommodate two gentlemen and their wives with parlors and bedrooms, furnished or unfurnished, or four single gentlemen, with full or partial board; house contains all the modern improvements. Apply at No. 259 4th-av., between 20th and 21st sts., east side.

BOARDING.—A SMALL, PRIVATE FAMILY, REsiding in the vicinity of 10th-st. and 5th-av., can accommodate one or two gentlemen with a large room and partial board. The house has all the modern improvements, and the location unexceptionable. Address D. C., Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—A PARTY OF GENTLEMEN, OR gentlemen and their wives, wishing board can find neatly furnished rooms in a first-class house having every modern improvement, pleasantly located, convenient to cars and stages, at a moderate price, by calling at No. 270 West 23d-st.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, RESIDING in West 14th-st., in a first-class house, would let with board an entire suite of rooms, on 2d floor, handsomely furnished, to a gentleman and wife. Only those willing to pay a liberal price need answer. Address GRANGER, Box No. 161 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—TO LET, WITH BOARD, A LARGE front room on second floor, and small room on third floor, furnished; house first-class, family small, dinner at 6. Apply at No. 230 West 32d-st., between 8th and 9th-avs.

BOARDING.—THE OWNER OF THE HOUSE No. 12 Lamartine-place, 29th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., will let the second floor, five rooms, handsomely decorated and furnished, to one family or two gentlemen and wives. Terms moderate. Inquire as above.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT ROOMS WITH FULL or partial board, at No. 155 Hudson-st., opposite St. John's Park, for a gentleman and wife, or two or three gentlemen. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms, with board, at No. 724 Broadway, opposite the New-York Hotel.

BOARDING.—A PLEASANT PARLOR AND BEDroom may be obtained at Mrs. AUSTIN'S, No. 74 East 14th-st., near Union-square. Also, single rooms.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—FOR TWO SINGLE gentlemen, can be had with a private family living near the City Hall. The house is modern built, with bath, gas, &c. The chamber is large and lofty, and large closet attached; situation convenient to Wall-st. and Fulton Ferries. Address A., Box No. 3,653 New-York Post-office, with real name and place of business.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—HANDSOMELY-furnished rooms, in suite or single, on second and third stories, for families or gentlemen wishing permanent board, at No. 89 Henry-st., Brooklyn, a few minutes' walk from Wall and Fulton ferries; references required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—NO. 170 WASHINGton-st.; a pleasant location, between Concord and Nassau sts.; two pleasant parlors, bedrooms attached, and one single room, five minutes' walk to Fulton or Wall-st. Ferries. References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN and wife, or single gentlemen, returning from the country, may find a permanent home for the Winter, convenient to Fulton or Wall-st Ferries, by applying at No. 87 Hicks-st. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, WIFE and daughter, (the latter 6 years old.) Would require a parlor, with bedroom attached. Dinner for wife and child at 1 or 2 o'clock. Location not above 14th-st. None but private families need reply. The advertiser wishes to make a permanent engagement, and will pay a reasonable price for suitable accommodations. Address M. B., Box No. 3,142 Post-office, for this week only.

BOARD WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN OF literary pursuits, of unquestionable moral character, and of acceptable social qualities, desires a home in a refined family residing near the upper part of the 8th-av., (none others need answer.) He has no objection to a street of a high number. Parties referred to must be respectable and easily consulted. Address, (prepaid,) ADVERTISER, Mail Station C., New-York.

BOARD WANTED IN BROOKLYN—FOR A single lady, an invalid, who wishes to have her meals in her room. She will, if desired, furnish her room. Direct answers, stating location and price of board, to Box No. 1,828 New-York Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A PHYSICIAN, WIFE and child, with room for office, in the vicinity of Fulton-av., between Oxford and Grand-avs., Brooklyn. Address L. B., Box 356, Brooklyn Post-office, stating location and terms, which must be moderate.

BOARD WANTED—FOR SEVERAL HUNDRED young gentlemen, between 10th and 34th sts. and 1st and 7th avs. Apply to T. DENHAM, at the College corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN and his wife, or one or two single gentlemen, can obtain board and pleasant rooms at No. 67 Henry-st., five minutes' walk of Fulton or Wall-st. Ferries.

BOARD AT YORKVILLE—FOR TWO OR three gentlemen, in a first-class private family. Unexceptionable references will be given and expected. Address BETA, Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN.—Two handsomely furnished sitting-rooms, each with bedroom adjoining, in a new first-class house near Madison-square, occupied by a private family; no other boarders taken; to let to gentlemen, with meals on Sunday if desired. Apply at No. 15 Nassau-st., Room No. 12, between 1 and 3 o'clock.

TO LET—A FRONT ROOM AND BEDROOM ON second floor, desirable for a gentleman and wife; the large room having four windows and closets. Also, a suite of rooms on parlor floor, consisting of back parlor and extended room, back hall and closets, with hot and cold water. Also, desirable rooms for single gentlemen, to let with board, at No. 15 Irving-place, corner 15th-st.

A LARGE AND HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED parlor, 2-story front, on Broadway, with balcony, two or more bedrooms, bath, water closet, &c., heated by steam, private table, can be had in the Smithsonian House, Broadway, corner Houston-st. Very desirable accommodations for a family, or for three or four gentlemen.

TWO GENTLEMEN AND WIVES, OR FOUR single gentlemen, can obtain board in a private family; rooms on second floor, containing water and gas, furnished or unfurnished. No. 291 Henry-st., New-York.

NO. 19 UNION-SQUARE.—SINGLE GENTLEmen will find pleasant rooms at the above desirable location; rooms now vacant front on the square; rooms have large clothes closets, &c. Dinner at 6. Best of references given and required.

A HANDSOME SUITE OF ROOMS ON the second floor will be rented together, or separate, to gentlemen only, with breakfast, if required, in a private family, by applying at No. 141 9th-st., third door east of Broadway.

NO. 199 TENTH-STREET.—GENTLEMEN and their wives and single gentlemen can be accommodated with very desirable rooms, with full or partial board. The house is pleasantly located, handsomely furnished, and contains all the modern improvements.

DESIRABLE ROOMS, WITH BOARD—Single or in suites, can be obtained at No. 163 Lexington-av., between 31st and 32d sts. Persons of religious habits preferred.

NO. 48 UNION-SQUARE—CORNER OF 17th-st. and 4th-av.—A family, also single gentlemen, may obtain desirable rooms with board. Reference required.

TO LET, WITH BOARD—A DESIRABLE suite of rooms on second floor of the first-class house No. 236 West 30th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; also a room with accommodations for two single gentlemen.

TO LET—FURNISHED PARLORS WITH BEDrooms attached, on second floor of No. 194 9th-st.; also, single rooms on third floor. House private and first class, west of and near Broadway.

NO. 143 8TH-ST., OPPOSITE THE MERCANTILE Library. Several pleasant and well-furnished rooms, with board. References exchanged.

TO LET, IN BROOKLYN—FURNISHED rooms for gentlemen, without board, at No. 321 Pacific-st., near Bond-st.

TO YOUNG MEN.—PLEASANT ROOMS ON second and third floor in a quiet family, at a moderate rate, can be had at No. 316 Madison-st.

NO. 17 LAFAYETTE-PLACE.—TWO OR three families, and a few gentlemen or ladies, can find desirable rooms with board.

PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH GOOD BOARD, for gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen, may be found at MACKIE'S, No. 81 9th-st.

BOARDING.

A COMFORTABLE HOME IN A NICE house can be secured for about four or five in family, with a widow lady having a small family, and who has had experience as a nurse to invalid ladies and children. The house is newly and neatly furnished by the occupant, who is the owner, and has gas, bath, and water in the chambers. Inquire of Mrs. MUNSON, No. 41 4th-st., between Bank and Troy.

WANTED—BY A PHYSICIAN, TILL SPRING—a parlor (as office) and sleeping apartments for himself, wife and son, with board, between 4th and 6th avs., and 21st and 31st sts.; the best of reference given and required; terms to be reasonable. Direct till Saturday, (17th,) to A. B. F., Union-square Post-office, stating accommodations and terms.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE DESIRE permanent board with a private family (that takes no other boarders) occupying a house with all the modern improvements, between 8th and 29th sts. Dinner about 5 o'clock preferred. Unexceptionable references given and required. Address, stating particulars, Box No. 1,069 Post-office, New-York.

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Seventy-seven thousand issued in seven months. The unprecedented sale of this book has induced the publisher to add some 36 new tunes and hymns to its present size, without extra charge, except on the cheap edition. Among the many beautiful tunes and hymns added may be found: "I ought to Love my Mother;" "Oh, I'll be a Good Child, indeed I will." These and eight others from the Bell, were sung at the Sunday School Anniversary of the M. E. Church, at the Academy of Music, with great applause. The BELL contains nearly 200 tunes and hymns, and is one of the best collections ever issued. Price 13c.; $10 per hundred, postage 2 cents; bound 20c; $15 per 100, postage 4c. Elegantly bound embossed gilt, 25c.; $20 per 100. It has been introduced into many of the public schools.
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IRON BEDSTEADS,
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Tables, Umbrella Stands, Store Stools,
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Brackets, and every other article of
BRONZED IRON FURNITURE,
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SCHOOL FURNITURE, Of the most approved style, manufactured at the oldest establishment in the State.
Lecture-room and Sabbath-school settees, campstools, blackboard of slate, of any dimensions; revolving or stationery crayons, white and colored. Also, Office and Bank desks and bookcases of every description made to order by
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ELEGANT ENAMELED FURNITURE AT the Eagle Manufactory, No. 634 Broadway, five doors above Laura Keene's Theatre. Superb suites in all colors, designs and styles, at prices from $25 and upward. The best enameled furniture manufactured in the United States. Mattresses and goods carefully packed for the country.

TO CHAIR-MAKERS.—STATE, COUNTY AND shop rights for the use of "Blanchard's Patent" for bending wood, in the States of New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania and Maryland, for sale by C. A. BURGESS, No. 49 Broad-st., or JOHN SILSBY, No. 8 South William-st.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURniture, in all colors and styles, wholesale or retail, at $25 and upwards; also mattresses and paliasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

FURNITURE BOUGHT FOR READY MONEY.—A fair value given for furniture, carpets, books, &c., at No. 132 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

$1,000 REWARD—WILL BE PAID TO ANY person or persons who will insure the apprehension and conviction of the party or parties who counterfeit JULIAN ALLEN'S CELEBRATED GRANULATED TOBACCO for smoking.

DRY GOODS.

TO [illegible] SKIRT DEALERS.
L. A. OSBORN,
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OSBORN & [illegible],
NO. 93 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.
INVITES THE ATTENTION OF JOBBERS TO THE CELEBRATED
PATENT IMPERIAL
EXTENSION SKIRT,
UNEQUALED FOR QUALITY AND STYLE,
being made of the BEST STEEL, and tempered in a manner that defies competition.
THE IMPERIAL SKIRT,
having gained for the manufacturers such notoriety as to make it *impossible to fill all orders immediately*, dealers are requested to hand in their orders as early as possible, in order to get their goods in time for the FALL TRADE.
Parties are also invited to examine our NEW
CHAMPION SKIRT,
which EXCELS ANY AND ALL OTHER SKIRTS EVER INVENTED, being made by an entirely new method, which makes the skirt much *lighter* and more *durable* than any other process now used in the manufacture of Skirts.
Having also bought all of Mr. Vincent's right, title and interest in and to the PATENTS OF OSBORN & VINCENT, parties wishing LICENSE TO MAKE OR SELL SKIRTS under said patents, can obtain the same on liberal terms at the office of the subscriber,
L. A. OSBORN,
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Offer to Close Buyers a large and well-selected stock of
DRESS GOODS,
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of their own importation and from the late auction sales.
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CHEAP FROM AUCTION.
Linen goods in HUCKABACK DAMASK,
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SHEETING OF ALL WIDTHS.
Also assortment of
NEW DRESS GOODS
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BEEKMAN & CO., NO. 473 BROADWAY,
will open on MONDAY MORNING,
A SPLENDID STOCK
OF
SILK ROBES,
AND SILKS BY THE YARD,
WHICH THEY WILL OFFER
AT PRICES BEYOND COMPETITION!
N. B.—An assortment of those cheap DOLLAR SILKS still on hand.

G. M. BODINE,
No. 481 Broadway,
Purchased
at the late Auction sales
300 PIECES OF RICH SILKS,
AT 40 PER CENT LESS THAN COST,
To land in this market.

351 LACE CURTAINS, 351
WINDOW SHADES,
CORNICES, DAMASKS,
351 BUFF HOLLANDS, &c., 351
Wholesale and Retail, at
351 FERGUSON BROTHERS, 351
BROADWAY.

MANTILLAS, SACQUES AND CLOAKS,
FOR EARLY FALL WEAR,
JUST RECEIVED by
BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 Broadway.
PLAIN and STRIPE CLOTH SACQUES, $5 each.

CLOAKS, MANTLES, &c., &c.,
FOR FALL WEAR.
W. K. PEYTON,
No. 264 Bowery,
Will open this morning a magnificent assortment of all the leading novelties introduced for the Season
IN LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN'S GARMENTS.
Ladies' Cloth Basques, all colors, $3 50, $4 and $4 50.
Ladies' Cloth Shawletts, $3 75, $4 50 and $5.
Fine Castor Cloth Mantles, new styles, $4 50, $5 and $6.
French Tricot Basques, the very latest style imported, $6 60.
We invite the Ladies to inspect our stock. In style, quality and manufacture our garments will be found superior to many now sold on Broadway and Canal-st.
Strangers and others will find our store within 5 minutes' walk of all the principal Hotels in Broadway.
W. K. PEYTON,
Cloak, Shawl and Mantilla Manufacturer,
No. 264 Bowery, near Houston-st.

GREAT SACRIFICE OF DRY GOODS!
ASSIGNEE'S SALE!!
ALL THE STOCK IN TRADE OF THE "INSTITUTION," NO. 116 CHAMBERS-STREET, MUST POSITIVELY BE CLOSED OUT FOR CASH THIS WEEK. COUNTRY AND CITY DEALERS, AND ALL PERSONS IN WANT OF TRIMMINGS, RIBBONS, SILKS, LININGS, FRINGES, FRENCH FLOWERS, LACES, &c., ARE INVITED TO CALL AND EXAMINE.
By order of
JOHN B. FOGERTY,
Assignee of
JOHN FARRELL & CO.,
No. 116 Chambers-st.

COLUMBIAN HALL CARPET WAREHOUSE.
We are offering, for cash,
Brussels Tapestry Carpets at 75 cents to $1 18.
Three-plies and Tapestry Ingrains at 90 cents to $1 10.
All-Wool Ingrains at 45 cents to 75 cents.
Cotton and Wool at 25 cents to 35 cents.
A good assortment of Rugs, Mats, Table and Piano Covers. Druggets from 1 to 4 yards wide.
ADAMS & SPENCER,
No. 261 Grand-st.

MEN'S AND BOYS'
FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING
AT WHOLESALE.
Great inducements to Cash and Short-time Buyers. I have now in store a large and well-made stock of OVERCOATS and BUSINESS SUITS. Also a great variety of other ready-made Garments, made from fine and heavy material, for Southern and Western trade. Please examine my stock before making your purchases.
N. A. KNAPP,
No. 19 Cortlandt-st.

NEW FALL GOODS.
JAMES GRAY & CO.,
will open on
MONDAY, Sept. 12,
Several cases of New Goods, of the latest Paris styles.
SILKS, POPLINS,
VALENCIAS, MERINOS,
REAL LACES and EMBROIDERIES.
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverly-place.

CAMEL'S HAIR SHAWLS AND SCARFS.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will make their Fall exposition on Thursday, Sept. 15.
These goods were purchased at the recent large
AUCTION SALES IN LONDON,
and for beauty and novelty in design cannot be surpassed.
Citizens and strangers are invited to examine them before purchasing.
Canal, corner of Mercer-st.

DOCTOR EARL'S
CELEBRATED IMPROVED BRACE
AND
SKIRT SUPPORTER.
The best and most convenient article of the kind made—they are neat, light and elastic, and should be worn by all ladies desiring to preserve good health and form.
JOHN MORRISON & SON, Sole Agents.
A liberal discount to the trade. No. 383 Broadway.

BRUSSELS AND CHANTILLY LACES.
MILLER & GRANT, No. 703 BROADWAY,
Will offer during this week Black Chantilly Points, from $65 to $150 each. Mantillas, Flounces, and Trimming Laces, in every width. Point-A'Guille Sets, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Capes and Barbes, in the latest shapes and designs.

G. M. BODINE,
No. 481 Broadway.
800 TWO FLOUNCED SILK ROBES,
At 30 per cent.
Less than cost of importation.

200 SILK ROBES,
at $25, worth $40,
will be opened at retail, THURSDAY, Sept. 15.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Canal-st., corner of Mercer.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Have now on exhibition a large and full assortment of Fall and Winter DRY GOODS, selected in the Paris and London markets with an especial care to their retail trade. Canal-st., corner of Mercer.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
will open THURSDAY, Sept. 15,
300 PIECES SILKS at 75 cents and 88 cents per yard. These goods are in entirely new designs, and will be found much under price.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Canal-st., corner of Mercer.

SKIRTS.—R. FRANCE, MANUFACTURER, HAS on hand all kinds of Woven Skeleton Skirts made of the best steel springs. Warranted not to rip or come apart. Sold Wholesale at the factory No. 240 West 36th-st., or No. 81 Chambers-st., No. 4, up stairs.

BROADWAY, NO. 726.—SKIRTS—WOVEN SKIRTS, 30, 25, 20 and 16 Springs; Misses' handsome, 20, 18, 16 and 14 Springs, (woven at retail.) Old Skirts made over. Ladies' Skirts made to fit the wearer. EAGLE SKIRT FACTORY, No. 726 Broadway, cor. 8th-st.

MME. DEMOREST'S EXCELSIOR AND Woven Skirt Manufactory and Wholesale Depot, No. 375 Broadway. Retail stores No. 330 Canal-st. and No. 266 Bowery. Best woven skirts with 11 springs, $1; 15, 20 and 30 hoops in proportion. Children's skirts and bustles in great variety.

ELASTIC CORDS, WIRES, BRAIDS AND SUSPENDERS.—Cases of these fabrics of patent vulcanized rubber are being constantly imported for sale in conjunction with all my own manufactures. None of the above goods can be legally sold in the United States without my stamp. HORACE H. DAY, No. 23 Cortlandt-st.

SEAMLESS CLOTHING MANUFACTURING COMPANY. SALES DEPOT NO. 346 BROADWAY.

DRY GOODS.

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS.
WILKES & HOTMAN,
No. [illegible] Broadway,
are now opening a large assortment of 4-4 ENGLISH PRINTS,
in dark colors, at 1s. per yard, a decided BARGAIN.
They have also just received from auction a large assortment of
LOW PRICED DRESS SILKS,
in great variety of style, at 75 cents and $1 per yard.
Also, 4 cases VALENTIA PLAIDS, at 2s. per yard, worth 3s.
Special attention is invited to our large stock of
LINEN AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
We have always on hand all the best makes of COTTON SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS, and our stock of LINENS contains everything required in the housekeeping line. Ladies would do well to examine our stock before purchasing.

SPECIAL NOTICE
TO
DRY GOODS DEALERS.
We have purchased the entire stock of
KNICKERBOCKER PRINTS,
which, together with the celebrated
WARREN'S
AND
WAMSUTTA'S,
in NEW AND EXCELLENT FALL STYLES, we are now prepared to sell by the PIECE or PACKAGE,
FOR CASH OR ON TIME,
AT EXTREMELY LOW FIGURES.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST.,
New-York.

MME. DEMOREST'S EXCELSIOR SKIRTS are the great desideratum for the ladies. Made without sewing, clasping, weaving, or glueing. Graceful in form. Best watch-spring steel. Cannot slip on the springs, and cannot get out of order. Manufactory and wholesale depot No. 375 Broadway. Retail stores No. 330 Canal-st., and No. 266 Bowery. Children's skirts and bustles in great variety.

SKIRTS.—WOVEN SKIRTS, 12 SPRINGS, $1 25; 14 springs, $1 50; 17 springs, $2.—Dealers supplied with 9 springs woven at $7; 12 springs, $10; 14 springs, $12 per dozen. Old skirts made over. C. H. HARDING, Woven Skirt Factory, No. 281 Spring-st., near Hudson.

AUCTION SALES.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS.—ALBERT H. NICOLAY will sell THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 12½ o'clock, at his Stock Salesroom, No. 52 William-st., near Wall:

60 shares Chatham Bank	[illegible] each.
10 shares Bank of Commerce	100 each.
15 shares Bank of Jersey City	100 each.
15 shares Lamar Fire Insurance Co.	100 each.
20 shares Excelsior Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
20 shares Manhattan Fire Insurance Co.	100 each.
10 shares Resolute Fire Insurance Co.	100 each.
10 shares Manhattan Life Insurance Co.	100 each.
10 shares Williamsburgh City Fire Ins. Co.	50 each.
56 shares Grocers' Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
10 shares New-York Equitable Fire Ins. Co.	35 each.
20 shares Arctic Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
25 shares Home Fire Insurance Co.	100 each.
20 shares New World Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
10 shares Columbian Marine Insurance Co.	100 each.
20 shares Beekman Fire Insurance Co.	25 each.
32 shares Firemen's Insurance Co.	17 each.
20 shares Brevoort Insurance Co.	50 each.
10 shares Jefferson Insurance Co.	30 each.
20 shares Merchants' Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
10 shares Metropolitan Fire Insurance Co.	100 each.
10 shares Washington Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
50 shares United States Guano Co.	100 each.
10 Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express	100 each.
$2,000 Missouri State 6 ₩ cent. Bonds.	
$1,000 New-York and Erie Railroad 7 per cent. 1883 Bonds.	
$5,000 Chicago, St. Paul and Fond-du-lac 8 per cent. Convertible Bonds.	

Securities received in addition to the regularly-advertised list during every sale. Next regular sale on MONDAY, Sept. 19. Regular auction sales of Stocks and Bonds every Monday and Thursday, or every day whenever required, at 12½ o'clock, at the Stock Salesroom, No. 52 William-st., or Merchants' Exchange, as desired. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale, and the Brokers' Board on commission. Interest allowed on deposits and dividends collected. Sales also made of real estate at public or private sale when desired.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Stock Auctioneer, Broker and Banker,
No. 52 William-st., near Wall.

MORRIS K. CRANE, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE PROPERTY IN THE CITY OF HOBOKEN AT PUBLIC AUCTION.—MORRIS K. CRANE will sell, on TUESDAY, Sept. 20, 1859, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the salesroom, No. 89 Washington-st., in the City of Hoboken, the three-story brick dwellings and stores, Nos. 218, 221 and 223 Washington-st. Also, the three-story and basement brick dwellings, Nos. 223, 225 and 227 Bloomfield-st., and Nos. 1 and 3 6th-st., in the City of Hoboken. The above-mentioned property is well located, for either business or private residences, being in the central part of the city, and convenient of access to the ferries; thus affording to those seeking a permanent residence, or to capitalists, a safe and profitable investment. Terms of Sale—Ten per cent. and the auctioneer's fees on the day of sale; forty per cent. in thirty days, when a warrantee deed will be given; the balance can remain on bond and mortgage from three to five years. For further particulars, inquire of the auctioneer, No. 89 Washington-st., Hoboken; or at No. [illegible] Barclay-st., New-York, up stairs.

A. ALBERTS, Auctioneer.
LARGE SALE OF FURNITURE—THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 10½ o'clock, at residence No. 86 West 11th-st., near 5th-av., to close an estate. In the parlors are rich English velvet carpets and rugs, three solid rosewood suites in rich damask coverings, centre and side tables, corner and wall etageres, lace window curtains, pier and oval glasses, easy and reception chairs, work tables, two elegant oil paintings, several fine line engravings, Dresden china vases, bronze figures, clocks and statuettes, gas-fixtures, one fine toned rosewood, 7-octave piano, with stool and cover; library and secretary bookcases, rosewood hall stands, English oilcloth, velvet stair carpet and rods, superbly carved rosewood and mahogany bedroom furniture, bedsteads, bureaus, wardrobes, ten fine curled hair mattresses, beds, blankets and bedding, carpets, couches, sofas, chairs, clocks, engravings, glasses, table cutlery, and a host of other articles too numerous to mention. Cartmen will be in attendance to remove or pack and deliver goods.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT auction on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, Sept. 14 and 15, at 11 o'clock each day, at the salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st., an invoice of 2,000 French and German oil-paintings; also, paintings attached to glass, of superior quality, in rich gilt frames, and of various subjects, just received from Europe; can be examined on Monday.

AT PRIVATE SALE.
A beautiful collection of modern oil-paintings, by some of the most celebrated foreign artists, now on exhibition in our Gallery, No. 23 Nassau-st., at private sale only. They will be offered extremely low, as the proprietor is desirous of returning to Europe.
The public are invited to examine them.

J. E. VAN ANTWERP, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE.—HARDWARE, GERMAN GUNS, &c.—J. E. VAN ANTWERP will sell, THIS DAY, Sept. 15, at 10 o'clock, at his auction room, No. 73 William-st., in addition to the usual assortment of hardware, an invoice of 420 German double-barrel guns, assorted sizes and qualities, at four months' credit. Also, 600 dozen fine table and spring cutlery, files, &c. Also, 3,000 pounds Brayden's patent wrought-iron gate plugs; 100 dozen mouse-traps, axes, hatchets, &c. Catalogues now ready.

P. R. WILKINS, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE GREENWICH-STREET PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—PHILIP R. WILKINS will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Sept. 15, at 12 o'clock M., at the Merchants' Exchange, the valuable property situated on the northwest corner of Greenwich and Bank sts.; lot 23 feet in width by 95 feet in depth. The improvements consist of a four-story brick house on the corner and a four-story brick house on the rear, built with modern improvements. Being a corner and improved so as to produce a large rental, this property presents a very desirable opportunity for investment.

M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer.
WILL SELL THIS DAY, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, at salesroom No. 79 Nassau-st., a large, well selected assortment of household furniture, consisting of rosewood and mahogany parlor suites, covered in brocatelle and haircloth; marble-top centre tables, extension table, sideboards, dressing bureaus, washstands, bedsteads, hair-mattresses, paliasses, &c., the whole well worthy the attention of housekeepers.

HENRY T. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
THIS DAY, AT NO. 20 SEVENTH-STREET, near 3d-av., will be sold at auction all the furniture, piano-forte, carpets, looking-glasses, clocks, silver, crockery and glass ware, bedding, &c., &c., contained in the private dwelling as above. Sale commences at 10½ o'clock.

JOHN F. MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.
800 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS at auction, on THURSDAY, Sept. 15, at 10½ o'clock, at the store of J. F. Dewing, No. 92 Beekman-st.; fresh seasonable goods. Also, 300 cases men's, boys' and youths' thick and kip half-welt and double-sole boots.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of GOLL, ADDISON & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. E. Goll retires, and Samuel D. Addison and Joseph Addison are charged with the settlement of the business.
J. E. GOLL,
SAMUEL D. ADDISON,
JOSEPH ADDISON.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 9, 1859.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of ADDISON BROTHERS, and will continue the [illegible] of cloths, cassimeres and vestings as heretofore at No. [illegible] Duane-st.
SAMUEL D. ADDISON,
JOSEPH ADDISON.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 9, 1859.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between [illegible] body and the [illegible] of a [illegible] this day dissolved. S. STEINFELD'S Cordial Cognac Bitters cure in a few minutes all bilious fevers, ague and diseases of the bowels and digestive organs. S. STEINFELD, No. 70 Nassau-st., sole importer.

NOTICE.—JONATHAN CONE RETIRED FROM our firm this date. The business will be continued and all accounts settled by the remaining partners.
SHALER CARPET-SWEEPER COMPANY,
No. 273 Pearl-st.
NEW-YORK, Aug. 19, 1859.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

JOHN HOOPER & CO.'S
CITY AND COUNTRY
ADVERTISING AGENCY,
No. 41 Park-row, New-York, Times Building.
Liberal arrangements will be made with ADVERTISERS, and their favors promptly inserted in any NEWSPAPER published in the UNITED STATES OR CANADA, at the publishers' lowest cash prices. Reference is made to Messrs. RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO. [illegible]

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, SEPT. 15, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Is published in the Times Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau streets.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning—Price Two Cents, served at 12½ cents a week, mailed Six Dollars a year.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-weekly)—Three Dollars a year; two copies to one address, for Five Dollars.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—Two Dollars a year; ten copies, to one address, for Twelve Dollars; twenty copies, to one address, for Twenty Dollars. Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more, will be entitled to an extra copy.

The TIMES FOR CALIFORNIA is published on the departure of every Mail steamer. Price, in wrappers, 5 cents for single copies.

Terms—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "New-York Times," New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Barber of Sevilla.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—World and Stage.

[illegible] GARDEN—Magic Pills—Tight Rope Evolutions.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—La Tour de Nesle—My Precious Betsy—The Golden Axe.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Seven Clerks—Flying Dutchman, or The Phantom Ship—The Village Artisans.

HOPE CHAPEL—Waugh's Italia.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS—No. 444 Broadway—Ethiopian Entertainments.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY—Exhibition of Paintings.

ACADEMY OF DESIGN—English and French Paintings.

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas	3½ P. M.
North and West Way Mail	5½ A. M.
Western Mail via Erie Railroad	5½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
South and Southwestern Mail	5½ A. M. and 4½ P. M.
East for Boston, by Railroad	6½ A. M. and 2 P. M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat	4 P. M.

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland, via St. Louis."

The Overland Mails from St. Joseph, (Mo.,) to Placerville, via Salt Lake City, leave St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked, "Overland, via St. Joseph."

Ocean Mails.

The European mails by the steamship Arago, hence for Southampton, will close at the New-York Post-office Saturday, Sept. 17, at 10½ o'clock.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Democratic State Convention, which opened its proceedings yesterday at Syracuse, was the scene of the most disgraceful violence and rowdyism. The Hards, under the leadership of Fernando Wood, took possession of the hall with a large body of fighting men from this City, and proceeded to effect a temporary organization before the Softs had an opportunity of knowing what was going on. Thomas G. Alvord was nominated a temporary Chairman, and he immediately took his seat and called the Convention to order. Secretaries were then elected in the same hurried manner, and a resolution was moved to admit both sets of delegates from the City, when the Softs began to recover somewhat from their astonishment and dismay. John Cochrane, Esq., commenced a protest against the disorderly proceedings, when a scene of excitement ensued which baffles description. The Softs, however, proceeded, and John Stryker, of Rome, was nominated a temporary chairman. He took a seat on the platform, and was immediately knocked or pushed to the floor below. He regained his place, when the Softs, finding it impossible to proceed, left the Hall in the possession of the Hards, who, after a characteristic speech by Fernando Wood, who denounced the Softs as disorganizers, proceeded with their temporary organization—after concluding which they adjourned for dinner. The Softs then took possession and proceeded to organize, after a speech from John Cochrane. The Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson was invited to the floor of the Convention, and made a speech which created the greatest enthusiasm. A recess was afterwards taken until 4 P. M., when a resolution to appoint the Delegates to Charleston at this time was introduced and lost. A resolution was [illegible] almost unanimously adopted which provides for the appointment by the Chair of two delegates from each Judicial District, to report the names of two delegates to the Charleston Convention from each Congressional District, with four alternates. The Softs then adjourned until 9 o'clock A. M. to-day.

Up to the time of our going to press with our first edition, nothing had been heard of the steamship *Persia*, now in her twelfth day out from Liverpool, and considerably overdue.

The steamship *North Star*, of the Vanderbilt line, from Aspinwall on the 6th, arrived early yesterday morning. Of the news thus received, a brief abstract was inserted in a portion of our morning edition. The most important item of intelligence is from San José, Costa Rica, where, on the 14th ult., a conspiracy against President Mora was successful in the deposition and banishment of that intelligent statesman. Señor Mora proceeded to the Isthmus, and came at once to New-York by the *North Star*.

Later information from the Chiriqui Image Diggings are received; but they do not amend the discouraging accounts already published. The adventurers were resolutely waiting for the dry season.

By the *North Star* we have dates from the western coast of South America two weeks later than those by the *Star of the West*. The blockade of Guayaquil had been raised, in consequence of an armistice between the Governments of Ecuador and Peru, which it was supposed would terminate in a peace. There is nothing of interest from Peru or Bolivia. The Government of Chili retains its design of making war upon the Auracanian Indians next Summer, but in the meantime hastens the reduction of the army. Among other subjects to which attention is directed is the development of the navy by the addition of steam vessels. Business at Valparaiso was reviving.

Our correspondent at Port-au-Prince furnishes interesting news to Aug. 28. The President, having returned from Petite Goave, was preparing for a grand progress to the north, with a view to strengthening and popularizing his Government. A depositary of the treasure, left by Soulouque, has been opened with every proper form, and had disappointed expectation in containing no more than $209,133, about one-fourth the sum anticipated. In addressing the National Guard on the [illegible] ult., President Geffrard declared that he was acquainted with several conspiracies formed against him, and with the names of the implicated, and should quietly permit their plans to mature before interfering. The mass of the population appears to be *satisfied with the actual order* of things. An address to the free negroes of the United States, inviting them *to settle in the island*, has been issued by the Haytian Government.

Dates are received from Buenos Ayres to July 21, and from Rosario to July 12. The war was advancing languidly. A Buenos Ayrean war steamer had daringly pushed its way up the Uruguay, and had succeeded in releasing and bringing away Gen. Flores and others, whom Gen. Urquiza had placed in confinement at Ibicui. The Argentine steamers still lay at Montevideo, not hazarding the passage of the river at Martin Garcia, strongly fortified by the Buenos Ayreans. There was some talk among the latter of an expedition to recover the steamer *Gen. Pinto*, which had been captured by the Argentines. There were also rumors of mediation initiated by the American and French ministers. Gen. Urquiza was at Parana organizing his forces. The decree ordering preparations for the approaching presidential election had been promulgated.

Advices from Rio Janeiro to July 30th are received. The news is without interest. Coffee was quiet; quotations nominal. The shipments during the month had been smaller than usual.

By the arrival of the United States sloop-of-war *Brooklyn* off a point near New-Orleans the papers of that city receive advices from Vera Cruz to the 1st inst. There is little of interest in the news. The Liberal Press speak in encomiastic terms of Minister McLane, and look forward with satisfaction to his early return. At the City of Mexico the leaders of the reactionary party had assembled to concert the plan of the ensuing campaign. [illegible] to proceed with unprecedented [illegible].

The United States Mail Steamship *Philadelphia*, from Havana on the 9th instant, arrived at this port last evening. The Havana papers contain two days later intelligence from Mexico, but it is unimportant. The Philadelphia brought $95,000 in specie.

We receive, by way of New-Orleans, later news from all the British West India Colonies. The negro riots in Jamaica have been temporarily suppressed, but the unsettled state of the northern portion of the island has induced the white population to petition the Home Government for further reinforcements. Demerara and Trinidad were coöperating in their efforts to obtain fresh supplies of coolie labor. The Trinidad crop this year has nearly reached [illegible] hhds. The crop of Grenada is 7,000 hhds.; of St. Lucia 5,000 hhds.; and of Barbados 39,000 hhds. Grand preparations were being made in Martinique for the inauguration of the statue of the Empress Josephine.

Two more mail robberies are reported. On Monday night, Sept. 12, the Post-office at Delaware City, Del., was entered and all the letters rifled of their contents, among which were several drafts on Philadelphia. A man named Johnson *alias* Josephs, under arrest in Philadelphia, was found in possession of letters stolen from the mails in New-Hampshire during the past three weeks. The letters are supposed to have been taken from the mail car on the railroad between Laconia and Sanbornton, N. H. It is ascertained that Johnson succeeded in abstracting eighteen leters and a package of insurance papers, and it is supposed that numerous other losses which have recently been reported in that region are attributable to him.

It is announced that, for the approaching cricket match, twenty-two American players have been chosen to match the English Eleven. The head-quarters of the latter during their stay in this City will be at the Astor House.

The planters in the Parish of Lafayette, La., having been annoyed by the tampering of certain parties with their slaves, have formed a Vigilance Committee to expel the obnoxious persons from their neighborhood. Several expulsions have occurred; but the expelled and their friends have organized a counter Committee, and declare that they will return, claiming that their banishment was illegal. There is considerable excitement over this subject in several of the river Parishes of the State.

The New-Jersey State Fair is now open at Elizabeth City. To-morrow it closes with an address by the Hon. James W. Wall, and a grand trial of speed by horses of all classes from all States whence they may choose to come.

The weekly meeting of the Commissioners of Emigration was held yesterday. The Special Committee on Marine Hospital affairs made a report censuring Dr. Jerome for certain contumacious *acts against the authority of the Commissioners*, and directing the report to be sent to the Governor.

The Staten Island inquest was resumed yesterday by Coroner Vanderbilt, assisted by lawyer Vermilye. Dr. Boardman, Rev. Mr. Lewis and Madam Ducharm, the mother of deceased, were examined. The material fact developed was a statement made to last two named witnesses, by deceased, that he had been struck by a man named Lewis Keely. The inquest will be continued this evening.

The Republican Central Committee held their regular meeting last night at their rooms, No. 618 Broadway. Mr. F. R. Sherman was elected to supply the place of Capt. Dilks, who resigned. A resolution heartily approving of the resolutions passed by the late Republican State Convention, and of the candidates for State offices there nominated, was offered by Mr. John H. White, and unanimously adopted.

Justice Ingraham, of the Supreme Court, has *granted the temporary injunction applied for to restrain the Eighth and Ninth-avenue Railroad Company from laying an additional turnout track on* the south side of Canal-street.

At the Live Stock Markets the supply of beef cattle has exceeded that of any single week since October, 1855. For the week ending yesterday, the total receipts at the regular yards, of live animals of all kinds destined for slaughter, number 24,539—to wit: 5,930 beef cattle; 138 milch cows; 461 veal calves; 12,829 sheep and lambs; and 5,181 swine. As compared with the previous week, this is an increase of 1,319 beeves and 391 swine, and a decrease of 6,597 sheep. At yesterday's general market, beeves declined fully 1c. ℔ on the estimated dressed weight, the best offered selling at 10c., and the poorest at 5½c.@6½c.; average of all sales, about 8c. By this concession in price, and large purchases by wholesale butchers, the entire stock was worked off, though numbering 2,254 above last year's weekly average of 3,676. Milch cows are slow of sale at low prices, notwithstanding the small receipts. Veals sell at a trifling advance. Sheep and lambs are 25c. ℔ head higher, but sufficiently abundant. Swine, no change; corn-fed rather scarce; about 1,000 still-fed on hand.

The Anti-Sunday Crusade.

The great popular movement against the Sunday laws, which that eminent theological journal, the *Herald*, has been drumming up with so much vigor for the past fortnight, came off on Tuesday night, and its proceedings were duly reported in the Times of yesterday. We confess our surprise at the meagre attendance and the spiritless character of the meeting. A public gathering to protest against introducing here the religious rites of Hindostan would elicit just about as much sympathy and call out quite as formidable a demonstration. We took it for granted that a large portion of our German population, stimulated by the absence here of many kinds of Sunday recreation which they enjoy at home, would join in a movement which seemed to recognize and promised to provide for their deprivations. But we were mistaken. The movement lacks the breadth and common sense needed to secure their favor. Our German fellow-citizens do not all base their whole theory of life and of law upon the facilities afforded for the sale of lager beer; and the prominent practical grievance which these patriots and devotees of freedom met to redress was the restriction imposed by law upon the sale of liquor one day out of seven.

We should be giving this demonstration much more importance than it merits, if we were to enter upon any elaborate refutation of its falsehoods or any correction of its multitudinous mistakes. It assumed, as does the *Herald* habitually, that we have State laws enforcing the *religious* observance of the Jewish Sabbath; and it demanded the absolute repeal of all such laws upon grounds of personal right. Nearly every one of its resolutions—twenty-two in number—either asserted or implied that the Sunday laws compel a certain reverence for Sunday as a sacred day. One of them demands for "infidels and atheists the same recognition and protection as professors of Jewish, Christian, or any other doctrine." It is very evident that these zealous gentlemen *have never read the laws in question, or that* they utterly misconceive their scope and purpose. The State has never attempted to enforce any special views of the Sabbath or to constrain anybody to observe or regard it as a *religious day. Our legislation upon the subject* seeks different ends and rests upon a different basis altogether. With a humane regard to health and morals, the people enact that their public servants shall be exempt from toil one day in seven; that civil contracts shall be void and legal processes suspended; that labor shall cease, and the din of ordinary business and diversions, inconsistent with universal repose for a weary, work-worn population, shall come to an end. To secure to all the benfits of this provision, whatever invades the public peace or depraves public morals, or tempts to revelry and crime, is forbidden. Disturbances of peaceful worshippers, of whatever faith, are also prohibited. And that is the whole of it. The inalienable *civil right* to periodical rest is secured, and the proper enjoyment of the boon protected. There the laws stop. All beyond is in the domain of conscience, which no civil statute attempts or pretends to invade.

What "constitutional right" is infringed by such provisions? It makes "a distinction of days," it is urged, and that is "prohibited by the Constitution." Where? Does the Constitution prohibit "Independence Day?" Do the laws which recognize Christmas and New-Year's as holidays, or the proclamations appointing a day of Thanksgiving or Fast, conflict *with the Constitution? If laws may not regulate* times of work and rest, then ten-hour laws, in the interest of workingmen, should be repealed, and capital be allowed to lord it over muscles and sinews all hours of the day as well as all days of the week. But if the people may enact laws which place voluntary limits on their daily toils, and which interpose barriers against the rapacity of employers as to the control of the time of employes, surely they may hedge around the bodies and the souls of the masses by statutes which protect the right to a weekly season of repose and worship. Nor is the "constitutionality" of the provision vitiated because the proportion of time determined by the experience of the world as necessary for this purpose, harmonizes with the divine economy from the creation of the earth, through all the generations of men.

Were our statutes designed to coerce the individual as to modes of worship, or to compel the religious observance of the Sabbath, or to interfere with personal choice as to the employment of the time abstracted from ordinary business concerns—then the outcry against Sunday despotism would have a substantial foundation. Nothing of the sort is known to our laws or to the administration of them. The most "liberal-minded individual" in the Bowery may spend his Sunday in writing infidel editorials, in haranguing an atheistic club, or in doing any other wise or foolish thing which may happen to suit his taste, and no "star" will shed its baleful beams on his pathway. "Infidels and atheists" have all the protection in this respect they could desire. But no man, however liberal-minded he may be, may compel his apprentice or journeyman, whose six days have been faithfully employed in his service, to drag his weary frame to the anvil, or the work-bench, or the house-roof, to aid in swelling his earnings by a seventh day's toil. Sunday laws prevent that. Nor may he tempt the poor man, whose $6 or $9 have *been paid him* on Saturday night, to enter a Sunday liquor-shop and drink or gamble away the money that his family need for bread, sending him forth on "blue Monday," nervous, enfeebled and depraved, alternately to work and stagger his way to the prison or the alms-house. Sunday laws forbid that. Nor may he set up a temple of revelry by the side of the temple of God, and besides a six days' opposition, occupy the seventh with bands of music and comic songs and dances, and theatrical shows, and gambling appliances, so as to disturb *quiet worshippers, and embrute a population* on the day that decency and propriety mark as the day for intellectual and moral culture. *The Sunday laws forbid that.* Common courtesy and good neighborhood forbid it also. Something is due, on this as on every other subject, to the general habits and disposition *of the community.* On the Continent of Europe theatrical shows, musical concerts, and great festivities of all kinds are held more freely and frequently on Sundays than on other days,—because the great mass of the people consider it a holiday and especially appointed for such recreations. It is folly, however, to urge this as a reason for introducing the same system here,—for the habits and modes of thought of *the people do not permit it. The great mass* of our people take an entirely different view of the character and obligations of the Sabbath,—*and they may justly claim that their views* should be respected, though they assert no right to impose them upon others.

The ground taken by the meeting of Tuesday is one which is utterly untenable. The movement was wholly in the hands and in the interest of those liquor dealers who grudge their victims even one day in seven of rest from the poison they vend. As such it may safely be left to the judgment of the respectable portion of our German fellow-citizens themselves.

The Franking Abuse.

A dispatch from Washington to the *Tribune* says:

"Since the stoppage at the Post-office of the documents purporting to have been franked by Mr. Covode, Mr. Blair of Missouri, and one or two other Republican Members of Congress, have been here in person to affix their franks."

This is quite legitimate and proper;—and though it is doubtless to be regretted that Members of Congress should be required to give their time and personal attention to the franking of their party documents, we do not very well see how it can be avoided. Writing a man's name on the back of a letter is a very simple process, and it naturally occurs to every one that a clerk could do it just as well as the *member himself. But the same argument* would justify the indorsement of notes by proxy, and such a practice might lead to more or less inconvenience in business circles. We are glad Mr. Holt has put a stop to this practice of vicarious franking,—and we hope he will now go a step further, and do whatever he can to stop the whole business of using the franking privilege for party purposes.

The only excuse ever urged in support of the franking system is that public officers ought not to be subjected to private loss for letters or papers sent on public business. It is quite proper that Members of Congress should not pay postage on such documents,—or on any correspondence rendered necessary in the discharge of their public duties. But how does this justify the enormous abuses which are constantly practiced under this cover? What excuse does it give to Members of Congress for spending all the Summer months at Washington in franking documents and appeals designed solely for party effect? How does it justify members in writing up large bundles of blank envelopes and distributing them among their *personal or political friends?* These things are constantly done, and the Government is thus subjected every year to an expense of *hundreds of thousands of dollars, for which not the* slightest necessity exists in any exigency of the public service.

The personal honor of members *ought* to be a sufficient guarantee against any such abuse of a public privilege. It resembles petty larceny too nearly to be creditable to any man in public station. But it is folly to rely upon, or appeal to, any such sentiment. The abuse will go unchecked, and will steadily increase until it is ended by provision of positive law;—and we hope the Postmaster will urge such a law upon the attention of Congress at its coming session. There should be a *limit* to the amount of free postage which any Member of Congress may enjoy; and it would be very easy to fix that limit so as to do no injustice to individuals, and at the same time *protect the public interest.* The best way of effecting a reform would be *for the Government* to pay the expense of this franking directly out of the Treasury, and to keep a personal account of it with every member. Something should most certainly be done to put an end to the abuses now practiced.

Another Distinguished Exile Among Us.—The exiled President of Costa Rica is now sojourning for a season in our City, and seems to regard his recent political misfortunes with commendable philosophy. *While conversing* freely upon all the circumstances attending his *being seized, deprived of his official robes,* and sent into exile—he expresses the opinion that the plan had been deliberately laid, and was at *last carried into execution* through the direct and immediate influence of money. He expresses himself sanguine of a speedy reaction, and of his own recall to resume the executive power. The result of the movement will be determined one way or the other without much delay, as all such revolutions in Costa Rica have been soon disposed of. Even in the event of a loss of official position, President Mora doubts not he will soon be permitted to return to Costa Rica to enjoy his private estates.

It seems to be the opinion of this distinguished exile that he could easily have regained and maintained his authority in Costa Rica, had he not preferred trusting to the chances of a reaction in his favor to the shedding of blood. Should there be an unexpected delay in quelling the rebellious movement, it is President Mora's intention to avail himself of the opportunity to visit the several points of our country.

A Glimpse at our Ruling Classes.—Judge Morris, of Brooklyn, has lately been into a County Convention, and he came out whipped. His Honor and Mr. Schumaker, the present incumbent of the District-Attorney's Office, were both ambitious to serve the County as its District-Attorney. Both enjoyed unusual facilities for making friends among our ruling classes, one on the bench and the other as Counsellor to the Grand Jury, and Grand Marshal to the County jail. Whether it was because he was the smarter of the two, or because he made better use of his opportunities, we cannot say, but Mr. Schumaker *had the Inspectors;* of course this gave him the primaries, and the primaries gave him the coveted nomination.

But Judge Morris is not to be shelved at the command of the actors in so ridiculous a farce as a County Convention. He appeals to the electors in a touching manifesto, which possibly may not go entirely unheeded, as the class to whom it is addressed are not used to appeals of any sort, except after matters have been arranged, the nominations made, and only their trifling indorsement is needed to entitle the elect of the inspectors to draw their salaries and pocket the stealings. The Judge's manifesto, though not very important in any other respect, throws useful light upon the manner in which *the people* allow knaves and ruffians to designate the men of whom they are to make Judges, legislators and guardians of the public peace.

In the Tenth Ward he avers that the regular ticket is run by a deputy in the District-Attorney's office, who is under indictment for felony. The Judge gives the names of the notabilities he shows up, but we will not follow his example. One of the delegates on this ticket is a notorious person whose name seldom stays a fortnight together out of the police returns. Another is under bail for highway robbery. In the Seventh Ward the head-quarters was too respectable a place for the meeting, which, to be under more complete control, was called at a rum-shop near by. One of the *Inspectors, not being "reliable," was ejected.* A leading man in the work of making a ticket of delegates here is a gentleman now under indictment for perjury, assault and battery, with intent to kill, and several minor offences. Into the Eleventh Ward, rowdies from New-York were imported to express the will of the quiet people. One leader here is under indictment for both felony and misdemeanor. Another is under indictment for receiving stolen goods. And so the Judge proceeds, promising as the column fails him, in future communications to continue the portraits of the distinguished gentlemen who name the candidates whom Democrats must vote for or be stigmatized as "irregulars" and "bolters," and no longer entitled to the kind consideration of the dominant party.

This is not a picture of the management of one party by the adherents of another. It is the revelation by a Democrat of the style of doing things in *his own* party. Yet these thieves, rowdies and miscellaneous vagabonds will meet in Convention and nominate candidates for office:—and then every citizen, who happens to be a Democrat, will feel bound by a sense of duty, to vote for the ticket. And this is the depth of degradation to which our Republican system of Government has been suffered to sink already!

One Way to Make Capital.—The Democratic State Convention opened its proceedings at Syracuse, yesterday, with an explosion. According to the information thus far received, our estimable Ex-Mayor, F. Wood, Esq., made rather a bold push to secure the organization, and thus obtain the substantial control of the Convention. The movement began by appointing a Chairman, who called to order, and was proceeding to admit both delegations from New-York, *before* the call had been read or the mass of the Convention were fairly aware of what was going on. They at last waked up to it, and forthwith commenced a counter movement, by organizing a counter meeting. Their Chairman, however, is knocked out of his seat by one of Ex-Mayor Wood's admirers, but not very badly hurt. Wood's meeting, meantime, proceeds to complete its business and adjourns,—and the other body imitates its example.

This is merely the first step towards a split in the party:—but it has been so very badly *managed, that the split is likely to be a very* trifling affair. Mr. Wood's impetuosity seems to have overborne his shrewdness. It was generally understood that he had resolved upon running for Mayor this Fall, with or without *the regular nomination:—this last movement* has not increased his chances of success, either in getting that nomination or in doing without it. It may be seriously doubted, now, whether he can draw off votes enough from the regular ticket to give the Republicans any chance of electing their candidate.

More Mail Robberies.

Still more robberies of the mails are reported. A dispatch from Delaware City, Del., dated Sept. 13, states that the Post-office at that place was entered on Monday night, and all the letters in the office rifled of their contents. The letters intended for the morning's mail were deposited in the office the same evening, so that the number was very considerable. The extent of the loss cannot yet be ascertained. Among the papers stolen are known to be several drafts on Philadelphia Banks.

Another case is reported from New-Hampshire. A correspondent of the Boston *Journal*, writing from Laconia, N. H., Sept. 12, says:

"On the 23d of August a package of insurance papers was sent by mail from the Belknap Insurance Office of this place to Daniel E. Smith, Sanbornton Bridge, which did not reach its destination, and no trace of it could be found until a letter, dated Sept. 6, was received from the Chief of Police in Philadelphia, giving notice that the trunk of a hotel thief (calling himself J. K. Johnson *alias* J. Josephs) having been broken open there, the missing papers were found in it. It has been ascertained that this package with other letters was stolen from the Post-office car between this place and Sanbornton. Two other letters from Laconia to Sanbornton Bridge, six from Laconia to Lowell, Mass., four from Holderness, N. H., to Concord, N. H., and six from Holderness to Boston, are supposed also to have been stolen. Probably a good many other letters were taken. The only one that is known to have contained any money was from Holderness to the editor of the Boston *Pilot*, containing one dollar. Johnson was on his return from the White Mountains when this larceny was committed. It is supposed that he succeeded in traveling mostly as a 'dead head,' as he represented himself at different places as a railroad conductor, and exhibited free passes, tickets, &c., which were found in his possession at the time of his arrest in Philadelphia. A number of ladies' handkerchiefs and other articles were found in his trunk, which it is presumed he had stolen. The matter will probably be taken in hand by the proper authorities without delay."

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Satisfactory Condition of the Treasury.

The Treaty with New-Granada.

The San Juan Affair—The Costa Rica Revolution—Naval Changes, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Washington, Wednesday, Sept. 14, 1859.

According to official data the importations for the present fiscal year will greatly exceed those of the year 1857, and will reach in amount at least $390,000,000, which, at the average duty of 16 per cent., will yield revenue of $62,400,000, or $6,400,000 more than was estimated for by Secretary Cobb in his last annual report to Congress. It is an interesting fact that while the Government receipts thus exceed the Secretary's estimates, the public expenditures are falling considerably below his figures. The result of this double operation will be the receipt of a sufficient revenue not only to meet the current wants of the Government without any further loan or reissue of Treasury notes, but the speedy accumulation of a surplus to be again applied to the redemption of the public debt. Never before since the foundation of our Government, have the recuperative powers of the Federal Exchequer been so forcibly exhibited.

Those who feel an interest in the financial condition of the General Government can rely upon the following statement being authentic, and the data from which it is drawn official and reliable. The balance of unexpended appropriations in the Treasury on the 30th June, 1858, was four millions below the balance the year previous, and amounted to $36,782,062 62. This balance on the 30th June, 1859, amounted to

	$32,455,991 74
Special appropriations for year ending 30th June, 1860	41,267,899 63
Permanent appropriations for year ending 30th June, 1860	8,497,724 50
Estimated additional appropriations for present year	9,000,000 00
Total	$81,321,415 87
Reducing the estimated balance of appropriations unexpended again, four millions below the preceding year, we have	$18,000,000,00
Leaves estima'd expenditures for 1859–60	$63,321,415 87

To meet these expenditures the Government had a balance in the Treasury

July 1, 1859	$4,339,275 54	
Balance of loan, 1858	1,380,000 00	
Treasury notes reissuable June 30, 1859	4,953,200 00	
Total available means, July 1, 1859		$10,672,475 54
Present estima'd receipts from Customs		62,400,000 00
Present estimated receipts from Lands		2,500,000 00
Present estimated receipts from miscel.		1,500,000,00
Estimated means for the year 1859–60		$77,072,475 54
Deduct estimated expenditures		63,321,415 87
Estimated surplus for the year		$13,751,059 67

After deducting from this surplus the six millions required to be retained in the Treasury for Mint purposes, there still remains a balance of $7,751,059 67 to be applied to the redemption of outstanding Treasury notes, a sum much larger than the whole amount of notes reissuable on the 30th June last, and it is a fact well ascertained, that no notes redeemed *subsequent* to that date will be reissued at the Treasury.

If my figures and estimates, drawn from official sources, be correct, it must be apparent to every one that the Treasury will be under no necessity to draw again upon its credit; and that there will not only be no call for another Government loan, but no other reissue of Treasury notes except a small amount, say *two millions of those on hand 30th June last*, and then reissuable, as included above in the "available *means July 1, 1859.*"

How then will the surplus this year of nearly fourteen *millions of dollars—with the prospect of a large* increase in the future—be absorbed? With the exception of $40,000, the public debt is bearing an interest of 5, 5½, 5¾ and 6 per cent.—and the holders will regard it as a first-class permanent investment, and be reluctant to surrender the stock to the Government even after the Treasury is in funds to reimburse it.

What a change a single twelvemonth presents in the condition of our national finances. Then every effort was directed to the raising of revenue—now the Treasury Department is already planning for a redemption of the public debt in advance of its maturity. Well may our Government stock be eagerly sought after by capitalists, at home and abroad, for with us a pecuniary embarrassment must always be temporary.

When Mr. Jones, our new Minister to New-Granada, was instructed by President Buchanan to withhold a presentation of his credentials until there should be a ratification of the Cass-Herran treaty by the Congress of that country, it was believed that the treaty would reach there in time to be acted on, and that any delay in its ratification would necessarily be the result of some difficulty thrown in the way by the New-Granadian Congress. It turns out, however, that the treaty did not reach New-Granada until after the expiration of the Congress—it having been withheld by the United States Senate until the very last day of the session. The new Congress of New-Granada does not meet until February next, and the question with the Administration now is, should Mr. Jones' instructions be modified so as to allow him to present his credentials at once, and restore diplomatic relations between the two countries? Gen. Herran has addressed to the State Department an urgent but dignified letter, calling attention to the above facts. My impression is, Mr. *Jones will be directed to present his credentials*, as the Administration no longer entertain the slightest doubt of the prompt ratification of the treaty as soon as the new Congress meet.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

However much our Government may be impressed with the truth that the island of San Juan belongs to us, there appears to be no doubt but that both the Government of Great Britain and that of the United States will instruct their agents in that quarter to act with the utmost circumspection in view of a satisfactory adjustment of the existing differences. It will be recollected that Secretary Marcy, four years ago said that the title ought to be settled before either party should exclude the other by force or the exercise of exclusive sovereign rights, within the fairly disputed points. This was the substance of his letter to Mr. Crampton, at that time representing her Majesty's Government, and to which much importance is now attached. From all that can be ascertained in well-informed circles it is reasonable to infer that no serious difficulties are likely to result between the two countries. If any danger at all is apprehended it is in consequence of the well-known intrepid character of Gen. Harney.

Col. Hawkins, of the British army, yesterday brought dispatches concerning the San Juan dispute to the British Legation, and then left for New-York to take passage for England, with dispatches from Gov. Douglas to her Majesty's Government on the same subject.

The news of a successful revolution in Costa Rica, being unexpected, has created much interest and surprise in official and diplomatic quarters. Señor Molina, Minister from that Republic, left to-day for New-York to meet Ex-President Mora.

Col. Fauntleroy left Washington to-day to take command of the military department of New-Mexico.

Mr. Hendrick's resignation as Commissioner of the Land Office takes effect to-morrow. Nothing has been heard from Judge Hughes as to his acceptance of the office.

The President has appointed Mr. William E. Moore, of Nebraska, Agent for the Indians in the Omaha Agency, *vice* Mr. Wilson, resigned.

Commander McBlair has been ordered to the Washington Navy-yard, and Commander Thatcher to the Boston Navy-yard.

Lieut. Watson has been ordered to relieve Lieut. Bell in the command of the store-ship *Fredonia*, at Valparaiso.

Lieut. Murphy has been ordered to the Naval rendezvous at Norfolk, and Lieuts. Walker and Davidson to the Naval Academy at Annapolis.

United States Agricultural Society's Fair.

Chicago, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

To-day is the third of the Fair. The weather continues favorable. The books were closed yesterday, up to which time nearly 3,000 entries were made, including nearly 1,500 mechanical and agricultural implements. The receipts for the first two days, including the fees for the exhibition of articles, was nearly $12,000. The number of visitors to the grounds to-day is estimated at 50,000.

Flora Temple and *Princess* arrived to-day, and are entered for the citizens' purse of $1,000.

Fawkes's steam plow from New-York, and Waters' from Detroit, were brought into the grounds to-day and exhibited.

Law and Order in Baltimore.

Baltimore, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

The Vice-President of the late Town meeting, to-day, pursuant to a resolution, selected a Central Committee to make nominations. It is composed of men of sterling character, including merchants, tradesmen and mechanics. There is no doubt that a strong ticket will soon be presented. The enemies of the movement getting dismayed, rowdies and Club leaders, nearly all disappeared from the scene.

[illegible] Pharmaceutical Association.

Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

At the session of the American Pharmaceutical Association, to-day, the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President—Samuel W. Colcord, of Boston.

Vice-Presidents—Wm. Procter, Jr., of Philadelphia; Joseph Roberts, of Baltimore; Edwin O. Gale, of Chicago.

Recording Secretary—Charles Bullock, of Philadelphia.

Corresponding Secretary—Wm. Hegeman, of New-York.

Treasurer—Ashel Boyden, of Boston.

Executive Committee—Charles T. Carney, of Boston; Charles A. Tufts, of Dover, N. H.; S. S. Garrigan, of Philadelphia; Geo. W. Berrian, Jr., of New-York; Charles Bullock, of Philadelphia.

Committee on the Progress of Pharmacy—Edward Parrish, of Philadelphia; Alpheus P. S. Sharp, of Baltimore; Eugene S. Massett, of St. Louis; James W. Cullan, of Washington, D. C.; Wm. Hegeman, of New-York.

Non-Arrival of the Persia.

Sandy Hook, Thursday, Sept. 15—6 A. M.

There are yet no signs of the steamship *Persia*, due off this point with European intelligence to the 3d inst. Weather clear. Wind moderate, from northwest.

Vermont State Fair.

Burlington, Vt., Wednesday, Sept. 14.

The Vermont State Fair attracts a large gathering. The show of horses, cattle, and sheep is good. The mechanical and floral display is not large. A splendid exhibition of Howe's scales attracts great attention. Gov. Banks, of Massachusetts, delivers an address to-morrow. The Fair continues Thursday and Friday.

Indictment of Youthful Incendiaries.

Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

In the Superior Court to-day, before Judge Russell, four young boys, named Michael Riley, Wm. Coffran, Thomas Gorson and George C. Marsh, were arraigned on indictments charging them with setting fire to the House of Industry at Deer Island, on the 4th of August last. Marsh pleaded not guilty, and Riley, Coffran and Gorson guilty.

Seizure of Counterfeit Haytien Currency.

Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

A large lot of engraved bills in imitation of Haytien currency have been seized by the Police of this city on suspicion that they were intended for circulation in Hayti. The individual ordering them printed was not arrested, there being no treaty stipulations warranting it.

The Great Eastern.

Norfolk, Va., Wednesday, Sept. 14.

At a meeting at the Merchants' Exchange to-day, a resolution was adopted to invite the *Great Eastern* to visit this port. The authorities of this city, Portsmouth, Richmond and Petersburg will, no doubt, coöperate.

Burning of the Rockdale Flour Mill.

Baltimore, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

The Rockdale Flour Mill, near this city, the property of Col. George P. Kane, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $14,000, which is insured. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

The Mississippi Cotton Crop.

Charleston, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

The *Courier's* special New-Orleans correspondent reports serious injuries to the Mississippi cotton crop from rust and boll worms.

News from Mexico.

New-Orleans, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

City of Mexico advices to the 29th ult. state that Miramon was still in the capital, and not at San Luis Potosi, as reported.

Opening of the Winter Garden.

The upward march of the City population is fast making itself felt on our places of amusement, and the power of the tide was never more strikingly illustrated than at the opening of the so-called "Winter Garden" of Mr. Stuart last night.

The said Winter Garden is no garden at all, but a neat, charming, brilliant and fairy-like theatre, which, in the course of a few weeks, has replaced, as by a sort of Aladdin's enchantment, the doomed and disconsolate old Metropolitan Theatre. Lying just opposite Bond-street, it receives at high-water mark the two great streams which feed our theatres, and is the joint reservoir of our hotels and our homes. It is near enough to the Metropolitan and the St. Nicholas, and not too far from Fifth-avenue and Fourteenth-street. This is an advantage, to be sure, which it shares with Miss Keene's delightful little theatre. But the Winter Garden (we suppose we must so call it) has other and altogether novel merits of its own, numerous and emphatic enough to account for the enthusiasm with which a new version of that exquisite story, the "Cricket on the Hearth," was last night received by one of the largest, most effective and solidly remunerative audiences which we have ever seen assembled in a New-York theatre. As we have no time now for extended criticism of the play and the players, the performances having closed at a very late hour—mainly, we presume, in consequence of what the engineers would call the heating of the new machinery—we can only say, in general terms, that the *debût* of the new enterprise was thoroughly satisfactory and full of golden promise. The building fully bears out all our anticipations of its qualities. Vast as the crowd last night was, the atmosphere of the place was constantly and universally agreeable; and the system of ventilation deserves, therefore, special commendation as the first real success, in this most important direction, which has been achieved in a New-York place of amusement. Another marked and most noticeable feature of the new theatre is the orchestra, which of itself would constitute charm enough to secure a succession of brilliant audiences. Conducted by that most admirable of violinists, Mollenhauer, and made up of thoroughly-cultivated musicians, its performances were marked throughout the evening with a delicacy, grace, refinement, and musical value equally new and encouraging. The decorations of the house we have already described. They bear the test of the blazing gas-light bravely. The elevated taste which reigns throughout the whole interior, from the mauve-color and gold of the vestibule to the graceful floral ornaments of the grand circle, is nowhere more conspicuous than in the drop-curtain, which was painted by Russell Smith of Philadelphia, and is a genuine *chef-d'œuvre* of the art. The "Cricket on the Hearth," the opening piece of last night's performances, was tumultuously received. It is a very clever dramatization, and is cast as it could be cast nowhere else than at this theatre. Mr. Jefferson, despite a faint suspicion of Americanism, makes a most pathetic and pitiful as well as quaint old *Plummer*. Miss Agnes Robertson is an incarnate Dot in respect to natural and touching archness. She was a little dreary with her *patois* in the opening scenes, but this disappeared as the play went on; and in the more serious passages of the second and third acts the audience was visibly reached and moved. Mrs. John Wood as *Tilly Slowboy*, looked a Venus in calico, and made herself irresistibly comical by her positively delicious stupidity. She sang a song of course, and such a song as cannot be easily described or conceived of. As a piece of female natural history, illustrating the skill with which a pretty woman can make herself prettier while pretending to make herself hideous, Mrs. Wood's appearance in this *rôle* deserves and will doubtless receive the attention of all philosophers. Miss Sara Stevens acts that part of blind *Bertha* in which Mrs. Hoey won so many laurels, with singular skill and feeling. A little more care bestowed upon the difficult management of the features in such a part will make Miss Stevens' *Bertha* the most delicately truthful character which this promising actress has yet sustained. Mrs. Allen was young, lovely and unhappy, as it was set down that she should be. But what shall we say of Mrs. Blake? This thoroughbred actress was completely in her element as the widow of a victim of the Indigo crisis; and "looked back" from beneath her miraculous head-dress with a dignity and naturalness worthy the best old days of the stage. Mr. Harry Pearson was a kind of *John Bull* in the part of *Perrybingle*, and gave great reality to the bad and most touching passages of the *rôle*. Mr. Jefferson's *Tackleton*, too, was conceived in a higher vein than this artist has accustomed us to expect from him. His power of facial expression proves to be as varied as it is vigorous, and, save for a slight suspicion of extravagance in the demoniacal glee with which *Tackleton* disappears from the presence of *John Perrybingle* when his mission of evil is completely fulfilled, the character could not have been rendered with more *finesse* as well as force. Mr. Davenport's love-making is altogether appropriate to Mrs. Allen's loveliness; and of the whole cast we have, therefore, really scarcely a word to say save in commendation, which is not our specialty.

The scenery, painted by Messrs. Hayes & [illegible], takes rank with the best work in its kind which New-York has seen. The stage machinery was hardly in fair running order last night, however, and did less than justice to some of the most novel effects. There were plenty of pretty fairies flitting through the piece; and as the characteristics of the new Theatre may be summed up in three words—comfort, taste and female beauty—it needs no ghost of a critic come from Broadway at midnight to foretell for it a high, genuine and permanent success.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

New-York Thieves in Philadelphia.—The Philadelphia papers are strong in praise of the authorities of that city, for having caught two female thieves, well known as "shoplifters" in this city, in the act of making off with a quantity of stolen goods. The police had been watching them for several days, and finally, on Monday, detective Wood [illegible] one of them leaving a store in a great hurry, and suspecting that she had been at mischief, he arrested and took her back to the store. The lady assumed great indignation, but the officer silenced her by drawing aside the skirt of her dress, and disclosing a piece of silk worth sixty dollars, stowed away in a "[illegible]." The silk had just been stolen from the store. The other woman arranged that about one-half of it [illegible] enormous pocket. The thief and her [illegible] were taken into court, and they were tried, convicted and sentenced to two years imprisonment [illegible]. The history of the women is a singular one. Their names are Pauline Brown, alias Bruno, alias Rennart, alias Reynolds, and Mary Meyer, alias Mary Ann Schmidt. Both are Germans by birth. They came to this country about four years ago, and graduated in villany under the tutorship of the celebrated shoplifters, Mrs. Klinschmidt and George Rupert, of New-York. These persons regularly taught the art of "lifting," and have qualified many a person to shine in the profession of "hoisting." They first commenced on their own account in New-York about three years ago, and have since become acquainted with all the principal receivers of stolen goods throughout the vicinity, which, in New-York, are neither few nor far between.

Meeting in Favor of a Market Up Town.—An adjourned meeting was called, last evening, in [illegible] Hall, corner of Thirteenth-street and Eighth-avenue, of those citizens in favor of a Market on the old Gansevoort property. There was not a very large attendance, though the benches around the sides of the hall were tolerably filled. Mr. David E. Wheeler was called to the Chair, and he read a series of resolutions prepared by a Committee appointed at a former meeting. The resolutions were to the effect that New-York City needed a market centrally located, on the banks of the Hudson—and especially the residents of the western part of the City needed such a market. Speeches were made in favor of the resolutions by Mr. Manson, the Hon. Mr. Lee, Mr. Geo. E. Sickles, Ex-Attorney-General Cushing, and others, who contended that a large and splendid market was needed in that part of the City, and that the Washington Market was a disgrace, which should be done away with. The feeling of the meeting was not perfectly unanimous, for a Mr. Toucey made two or three speeches to show that the City had no right to establish such large meat stores, any more than any other large establishments for any other business, and that large markets are a curse to the working classes, by fostering a class of persons called "middle men." After quite an animated discussion, the resolutions were passed unanimously, and the meeting adjourned, subject to the call of the Committee.

The Comptroller and the Extension of Beekman-street.—The Street Commissioner commenced the work of extending Beekman-street across the Park months ago. Those portions of the Park railing which crossed the line of the proposed extension were removed, and posts marking the line of the street through the triangular rus in urbe were driven into the ground. This was all that the Street Commissioner could do in the premises. It now became the duty of the Croton Aqueduct Department to advertise for proposals for laying down the pavement. The bids were to have been opened about a fortnight ago. The law requires that the Comptroller shall be present when the bids are opened. At the appointed time he met with the Commissioners of the Croton Board, but at his request the time for opening the bids was postponed to the 13th inst. When the latter day (the day before yesterday) arrived, Mr. Haws declined to be present at the opening of the bids, and declared that the proposed extension was unconstitutional. The Park, in common with all the other real estate belonging to the City, is pledged for the redemption of the public debt, and the Comptroller holds that the Common Council has no right to order the opening of a street through it. Thus the matter stands. The Comptroller will furnish his views in writing on this subject to the Croton Board in a few days, and then the latter will send a communication to the Common Council, setting forth these facts.

The Commissioners of Emigration — Dr. Jerome [illegible].—The Commissioners of Emigration held their regular weekly meeting yesterday, Gulian Verplanck, Esq., President, in the Chair. The Special Committee upon the Marine Hospital affairs made a report through E. F. Purdy, their Chairman, charging Dr. Jerome, Physician of the Marine Hospital, with various contumacious acts, in defiance of the authority of the Board, such as purchasing supplies for the use of the employes of the Hospital, after [illegible] been notified that their services would not be [illegible] needed; refusing the keys of the wash-house [illegible] Engineer when he was acting under the orders [illegible] Board, and in neglecting to reply to the communications of the Board. The report closed with resolutions, declaring such conduct subversive of [illegible] and authority, and directing the report to be [illegible] to the Governor. The weekly statement [illegible] that only 211 emigrants arrived during the [illegible]. The number of inmates in the institution at [illegible] Island is 732; Marine Hospital 175. Balance [illegible] $5,656 28. Received for commutation fees since Sept. 7, $1,048. Balance of commutation fund, $30,636 38.

Delavan, Downing and Dumping.—The City Inspector and Mr. Downing, the Superintendent of Sanitary Inspection, yesterday visited the dumping-grounds in seventeen Wards of the City, for the purpose of examining their condition, and having them properly prepared for the business of the Winter. They were generally found to be in as cleanly a state as the nature of the case admits of; where they were not sufficiently so the Health Wardens were directed to have them cleaned forthwith. The City Inspector is endeavoring, if possible, to perform all the duties which devolve upon him, without expending more than the sum ($300,000) appropriated this year for his Department. The filthy condition of the streets when he first came into office has not, of course, been improved without considerable outlay, and Mr. Delavan finds it necessary to economize as much as possible, in consequence of those expensive but loudly called for street cleaning operations which he was compelled to undertake at the outset.

Fatal Casualties.—An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner O'Keefe, at No. 99 Madison-street, upon the body of a little boy, three years of age, named [illegible] Nasser, who, while at play with his sister on the 29th of July last, fell out of a third-story window of the above-mentioned premises, and sustained a compression of the brain. Verdict, accidental death.... Bartholomew Gallagher, of No. 3 [illegible]-street, fell from the eighth story of a sugar-house in Leonard-street about 8 o'clock yesterday morning, and sustained injuries which terminated fatally in a few hours. The Coroner was notified.

Run Over.—A little girl, 11 years of age, named Mary Lee, was run over about 3 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, at the corner of Pearl and Chatham streets, by a heavily-laden grocer's wagon, and sustained a fracture of her right arm and leg. The wagon was owned and driven by Mr. Anthony Kirk, who is alleged to have been guilty of gross carelessness. He was taken into custody by Officers McGuire and Ford, and locked up to await an examination. The child was taken to the City Hospital.

Anniversary of the Capture of the City of Mexico—Review at West Point.—Yesterday was the anniversary of the entrance of the victorious American Army, under Gen. Scott, into the City of Mexico. The day was not observed in this City. There were no military parades in honor of the event. At West Point there was a spirited celebration. Lieut.-Gen. Winfield Scott reviewed the Cadets, and in the evening there was a grand ball at Cozzens' Hotel.

Fire in Cherry-street.—Yesterday afternoon a fire broke out on the roof of the dwelling-house adjoining the Allaire Iron Works, in Cherry-street. The fire was caused by some sparks falling on the roof from the chimney of the iron foundry. The firemen extinguished the flames. The damage to the building is about $100. The house was formerly occupied by James P. Allaire, but since his death, two years ago, no one has lived in it.

Burned to Death.—Margaret Foster, a little girl about six years of age, living at No. 227 East Twelfth-street, was fatally burned on Tuesday morning, by her clothes catching fire from a lighted candle which had been left at the side of her bed. She died about 8 o'clock on the same evening. An inquest was held, and a verdict in accordance with the facts was rendered.

Fell from the Hudson River Cars.—A Frenchman, named Henry Chevrier, residing in Chrystie-street, was found on Tuesday in an insensible condition on the track of the Hudson River Railroad, near Seventy-seventh-street, with severe abrasions and cuts about the head. The man had got on the cars at Forty-second-street, for the purpose of taking a free ride, but fell off at the place where he was discovered, and sustained the injuries before-mentioned.

Mutilated by a Saw.—William Fitzgerald, a lad, 17 years of age, who was employed in a kindling-wood factory in Twenty-seventh-street, had three of his fingers cut off by coming in contact with a circular saw. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Fire in the Fifth Avenue Hotel.—Yesterday morning, about 2½ o'clock, a fire was discovered in the coal vault of the Fifth-avenue Hotel, caused by live coals having been put into the ash-box. It was soon extinguished. The damage done was trifling.

Police Reports.

Swindling Tailors.—On Tuesday evening, Officer Charles C. Fisher, of the Twentieth Precinct, made a seizure of a considerable quantity of clothing at the store of Peter Cohen, a German tailor, at No. 388 Eighth-avenue, which was supposed to have been stolen. Information was given to the Police, on Tuesday morning, that about a month ago a man named Carl Stein had called at the clothing store No. 338 Eighth-avenue, and taken away some goods to make up into coats. He returned his work, well [illegible] he never brought [illegible] Police [illegible] to find the property, and succeeded in getting it at the place above mentioned. Cohen and Stein, the real name of the latter is George Reigel, were both arrested, and about $2,000 worth of goods—a full cart load—seized and taken to the station-house. Yesterday, the prisoners were taken before Justice Kelly, and a complaint for grand larceny was made against them by the proprietor of the store No. 338 Eighth-avenue. Soon after another complaint against the prisoners was made by Alder & Neubouer, a clothing firm in Cortland-street, who allege that Reigal swindled them out of $3[illegible] worth of goods by a similar trick. The magistrate committed both prisoners severally, in default of $1,000 bail, on each charge. It is said that some ten additional complaints will be made against the parties by victimized tailors, who have identified their goods as part of the seizure.

Don't Steal Dogs.—A dog fancier, named John Gray, of No. 98 Madison-street, was arrested yesterday by Officer King, of the Lower Police Court, on a charge of stealing a small greyhound, valued at $50, from a rival dealer in dogs at No. 73 Centre-street, named Michael Cochrane. The complainant alleges that last Summer he paid the keepers of the Dog-pound two dollars for the animal in question, thus saving it from death by drowning—the fate of thousands of the canine species, when the dog-star rages. He took the hound home and cherished it. On the 2d inst. it disappeared, and no trace of it was found until a day or two ago, when the animal was seen in the possession of the defendant. Gray, however, denies that he stole the dog, but says he honestly owns him by purchase. Alderman Smith, before whom the case was heard, having in mind a decision recently made in the Court of General Sessions, wherein dogs are held to be just as much property as horses, pigs and poultry, held Gray in the sum of $300 to answer a charge of larceny.

Charged with Forgery.—A young German brewer, named Alexander Levine, was arrested on Monday by officer Gardner of the Tenth Precinct, on a charge of forging bank checks. Mr. Franz Ruppert, who keeps a brewery in Forty-fifth-street, between First and Second avenues, states that the accused called upon him, representing himself as the son of Samuel Liebman, and desired to sell a check for $31 50, purporting to have been drawn by Wm. Runk, on the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank. Mr. Ruppert bought the check, and paid therefor the sum of $31 50, but upon presenting it to Mr. Runk it was pronounced a forgery. By a similar operation, Levine is said to have swindled Mr. Thomas L. Coles, at Jones' Brewery in Sixth-street, out of $35, by passing upon him a forged check upon the Citizen's Bank. When arrested, the prisoner had in his possession three forged checks for $35 each, said to have been drawn by S. Liebmann, upon the Williamsburg City Bank. Justice Steers committed Levine to answer the charge.

Grand Larceny.—Edward H. Dubois, employed as a hostler in a bakery establishment at No. 88 Laurens-street, was arrested on Tuesday at the mass meeting at Volks' Garten on a charge of grand larceny. On Saturday last a brother of the proprietor of the bakery, named John Baptist Cantel, a teacher of French in a Seminary in Brattleboro', Vt., visited the City, and put up at his brother's house. Dubois took occasion to steal an entire suit, including shirt, cravat, shoes, &c., valued in all at $50, and then absconded. The detective police were made acquainted with the robbery, and, on Tuesday, detective Bennett espied Dubois and took him to the Head-quarters. The accused admitted the theft, and was stripped of his stolen plumage, its place being supplied with such cast-off clothing as could be found.

Highway Robbery.—Lawrence Costello, a Fourth Ward rowdy, was arrested at an early hour yesterday morning on a charge of robbing James Walsh, of No. 67 Cherry-street, of a silver watch. The complainant was passing through Cherry-street when he was accosted by the prisoner and two other persons. After a brief conversation the trio induced him to enter the alley-way of No. 30 Cherry-street, where they seized him by the arms, robbed him and ran off. Costello's companions escaped, but he was overtaken in his flight and locked up in the Station-house. He was subsequently taken to the Tombs and committed for trial.

A Mistake in the Number.—In the reports of the case headed "Catching Thieves by Telegraph," the record gave the New-York residence of Mrs. Mary Thorp as No. 328 Fourth-avenue. No. 328 is a large boarding-house kept by a very estimable lady, and patronized by a number of highly respectable families. Mrs. Thorp has never boarded there. Correction is important both to the residents in No. 328 and to Mrs. Thorp; for on the night of the day the case was published, some half dozen gentlemen called for Mrs. Thorp, and, of course, did not find her there.

Grand Larceny.—Julia Williams and Mary Doran, women of the town, who live in Cherry-street, enticed a sailor, named Charles Williams, to their house, where they locked him up in a room and kept him prisoner all night. The women, it is alleged, also robbed their customer of his gold watch, money, and shirt studs, in all worth $80. In the morning the victimized sailor caused the arrest of the women. They were taken before Alderman Smith, at the Tombs, and committed to answer a charge of grand larceny.

Grand Larceny.—A New-Jersey baker, named William Fisher, was arrested yesterday by Officer Divins, of the Sixth Precinct, on a charge of having stolen a draft for $77, belonging to William Ritter, of No. 32 City Hall-place. It is also alleged that Fisher stole two coats, the property of a gentleman living in the upper part of the City. The accused was committed to await examination.

POLITICAL.

Meeting of the Republican Central Committee.

The regular meeting of the Republican Central Committee was held last night at their rooms, No. 618 Broadway, Judge Peabody in the chair. There was a tolerably full attendance of members, but the business transacted was not of much importance. The Executive Committee appointed to consider and report on certain desirable features of uniformity in the Ward organizations, recommended among other things that each of the Ward Associations shall be required to designate some place which shall be known as the head-quarters of the party in the Ward, at which the regular meetings of the Association shall be held. That the Ward Associations shall hold regular meetings at least once a month throughout the year, which shall be free to all the members, and opportunity afforded to persons desirous of joining the Association, to do so. The officers, delegates and members to be *bona fide* residents of the Ward.

Mr. F. R. Sherman was elected in place of Capt. Dikes, of the Fifteenth Ward, who sent in his resignation at a former meeting.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. John H. White:

Resolved, That the Republican Central Committee of the City of New-York, heartily approve of the Resolutions passed by the Republican State Convention, held at Syracuse Sept. 7, 1859, as well likewise as the candidates for State officers, nominated by said Convention; and the Committee hereby pledge themselves to use all honorable efforts to secure the triumphant success of said ticket at the coming election.

This resolution was carried by acclamation, and shortly afterward the meeting adjourned.

American Delegates to the Utica Convention.

The American Assembly Conventions met in various parts of the City last evening, to elect delegates to the Utica Convention, which meets on the 21st inst. As far as heard from the following were chosen:

Dist.	Delegates.	Alternates.
1	A. W. Lockwood,	J. A. Timpson,
	Wm. Stokely,	O. D. Reynolds.
2	A. G. Greene,	T. C. Reynolds,
	Wm. J. Bunce,	Wm. F. Gould.
3	James S. Scofield,	David Oakley,
	David Coleman,	C. H. Smiley.
4	Robert Beatty, Jr.,	B. E. Hancock,
	Geo. W. Warren,	James Griffiths.
5	Dr. S. Hall,	Richard Burlew,
	J. S. Huyler,	James Webb.
6	Cornelius Carson,	J. C. Dean,
	Gilbert C. Deane,	Chas. Hemble.
7	Daniel Ullman,	Geo. B. Deane,
	Henry J. Irving,	L. W. Parker.
8	John H. Briggs,	
	Geo. W. Wheeler.	
10	F. C. Wagner,	Ed. A. Ware,
	Geo. Heisey,	Wm. H. Faulkner.
15	R. F. Andrews,	T. W. Decker,
	Jabez Dennis,	E. N. Bloom.
17	A. S. Jones,	
	Jos. H. Toone.	

In those Wards not enumerated, each one forming an Assembly District, the Councils have elected delegates, in all cases said to be uncompromising advocates of American principles. Their names, however, have not been made public.

The Staten Island Inquest—Lewis Keely Implicated.

The inquest in the case of Francis Ducharm (not "Fraud Duchamp," as heretofore given) was resumed yesterday afternoon at Clifton, at the Half-way House, on New-York-avenue. Coroner Vanderbilt was assisted by Mr. Vermilyea. Considerable interest is still manifested in the investigation, and a strong desire is felt among all classes for the detection of the murderer. According to the evidence of Michael Lynam, corroborated by several others, it appears that on the evening of the 21st of August the deceased was returning from the house of Father Lewis, as heretofore described, when he was assaulted and badly wounded. He was taken to a house near by, where his wounds were bathed, and then he was carried home.

Dr. Boardman attended deceased, and found a fracture of the parietal bone, two inches above the left ear. The bone was greatly depressed; the wound was circular and two inches and a half in diameter. In his opinion the fracture was caused by a slung-shot or by the head of a loaded cane.

Madame Ducharm, the mother of deceased, deposed that her son was "out of his head," but at times has had lucid intervals. In one of these intervals, in answer to a question, he replied that he was struck by a man named Lewis Keely. She also said that her son had, previous to the occurrence, told her that he was afraid of Keely, and would not like to be in the road along with him at a late hour. It appears there had been a dispute between them about a fight which occurred with Keely and a man named McDermott.

The Rev. John Lewis testified that deceased told him that he had been struck by Keely, and, on being asked if he was quite sure, he replied that [illegible] to "Slaugh as was." This was repeated several times.

The inquest was adjourned to this evening at 6½ o'clock, P. M. It is probable that the Supervisors of Richmond County will offer a reward for the discovery of the guilty parties. The friends of Ducharm will also contribute to increase the amount of the reward. No warrants have, as yet, been issued.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

Carroll Hill Seminary.—The exercises at the opening of this new institution for female education, in South Brooklyn, took place last Monday evening. The exercises consisted of instrumental and vocal music, prayer, and addresses by several gentlemen. A large number of citizens of that locality, and others interested in the institution, were present. The Rev. Rufus W. Clark, of Brooklyn, opened the exercises by prayer, and was followed by the Rev. Hubbard Winslow, D. D., late of Boston, in an address on Female Education. The Rev. Mr. Clark, the editor of the Brooklyn *Transcript*, and other gentlemen, followed with brief addresses. Several pieces were sung by a quartette during the evening, accompanied with instrumental music. This institution opens with every prospect of success, and upon a field but little occupied. The Rev. Dr. Winslow and Prof. Edward Warner bring their long experience in teaching, with a finished education, to assume the management of the institution.

A Fatal Leap.—A colored man, whose name is unknown, but who was recently employed as a cook on board the schooner *Lander Gilmore*, lying at one of the Brooklyn docks, attempted to jump aboard the Fulton Ferry boat *Nassau*, last evening, just as the boat was leaving her slip on the Brooklyn side. Not jumping far enough, he struck his breast with great force against the stern of the boat and fell backwards into the water. He was probably stunned by the shock, as he sank and did not rise to the surface again. A boat was immediately launched, and by the use of grappling irons the body was recovered. The deceased was about 35 years old, and, it is said, was going to New-York to spend the night with his family.

Body of a Child Found.—The body of a child, apparently not more than a few days old, was found yesterday afternoon, by the Ninth Ward Police, in a vacant lot just off the Clove Road. It was packed in a cigar box, where it was probably placed by parents who were either too poor or unwilling to bear the expense of a decent burial. The body was handed over to the Coroner, who will hold an inquest, and hand the remains over to the Superintendents of the Poor for interment.

Agricultural Fair.—The Eighteenth Annual Fair of the Queens County Agricultural Society will be held in Hempstead to-day. It is expected that there will be a greater display of cattle, fruits, vegetables, &c., than ever was made by the Society on any former occasion. The usual annual address will be delivered.

Political.—In the First Assembly District, embracing the Eighth, Seventeenth, and Eighteenth Wards of Brooklyn, and the towns in Kings County, Andrew A. Myers has received the Democratic nomination for Assembly. Martin Kalbfleisch is the delegate to the Judiciary Convention.

Board of Health.—At a meeting of the Board of Health, yesterday morning, a resolution was adopted directing the Corporation Counselor to prosecute Messrs. Fullum & Farren for violating a city ordinance by erecting a varnish factory on Furman, near Fulton-street.

Drowned.—Bernard McCorricksen, 10 years old, while playing on the dock at the foot of Washington-street, Tuesday evening, fell into the river and was drowned. The body was recovered.

Boy Rescued.—A small boy fell into the slip at Fulton Ferry last evening, but he was taken out in time to save his life.

City Court.—Calendar for this day—Nos. 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 28, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46.

The Richmond *Enquirer* understands that Mr. A. Dudley Mann writes that there is a probability that the *Great Eastern* will make a trip to Norfolk, Va. The *Enquirer* thinks the event would "stir tide-water Virginia to its very depths."

Hill, Inimitable Cutter of Hair and Whiskers in every imaginable style to suit the various countenances, and executed in a manner so neat as to be not only a comfort, but an ornament of man. No. 1 Barclay-st. Closed on Sundays.
HILL'S Hair Dye, black or brown, 50 cents a box, natural, glossy, soft and durable. Warranted best in use. Dépôt No. 1 Barclay-st., near Broadway, and sold by all druggists in the United States.

Picture Gallery.—The subscriber has constructed and neatly fitted up at his Looking-glass Establishment, No. 366 Canal-st., a gallery for the exhibition and sale of oil paintings. The gallery will be opened on and after Thursday, the 15th inst., from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Admission free. Among many really fine pictures will be found an original by Anelli, illustrating the parting of the Corsair and Medora, from "Byron."
M. P. WHITLOCK.

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THE
GREAT FIRE-PROOF SAFE OF THE WORLD.
Warranted Free from Dampness.
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Wheeler and Wilson's Sewing Machines.
They are the favorites for families.—*Times.*
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The subscriber has now in stock a full assortment of NEEDLES, SUITABLE FOR
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These Needles are made by hand, from the best tempered English cast-steel, and will be found on trial SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.
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No. 31 Warren-st., New-York.

Rupture Cured by Marsh & Co.'s Radical CURE TRUSS. Also, Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, Supporters and Shoulder Braces. Instruments for deformities made to order. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, New-York, and MARSH, CORLISS & CO., No. 5 West 4th-st., Cincinnati, Ohio. Ladies' private rooms and female attendants.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

3,000 Complete Cassimere Business Suits, to match.
$6, $8, $10, $12, $13, $15, $18 and $20,
At EVANS', Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-st.

New Sewing Machines.
$5, $6 50, $10, $15, $20, — ALL KINDS.
$25, $30, $35, $50, $65, $75, — WARRANTED.
$85 and $100. — AGENT WANTED.
EAGLE SEWING-MACHINE CO., No. 411 Broadway.

Spalding's Prepared Glue,
USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE.
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
Manufactured by H. C. SPALDING,
P. O. address Box 3,600. No. 30 Platt-st.

Spring Beds.—$5 TO $6 FOR THE BEST Spring Bed in existence (Howe's patent), at No. 378 Broadway. Examine it, or address the ELLIPTIC BED-SPRING COMPANY for their descriptive circular. Special inducements to the trade and local agencies.

Grover & Baker's Noiseless Family Sewing Machines.
Temporarily at No. 501 Broadway, New-York.
No. 182 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Bartholf's
Celebrated Sewing Machines.—Family machines—Prices reduced from $80 to $50.
BARTHOLF Manufacturing Company,
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Phrenology Points out the Talents, Defects and the occupation in which each can best succeed. Examinations, with charts and full written descriptions of character, given daily by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway.

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Price, $30. $60. $50.
Office No. 489 Broadway, corner of Broome-st.

The Ascendant Hat of the Season is White's much-applauded Moleskins. They are seen everywhere, everywhere admired. Fit yourself at WHITE'S, No. 216 Broadway, or you're behind the age.

Fall and Winter Undergarments for men, women and children at McLAUGHLIN'S Shirt and Furnishing Store, corner Greenwich and Murray sts. Shirts made to measure.

Cordial Cognac Bitters immediately relieve diarrhœa and bilous attacks. S. STEINFELD, sole importer. No. 70 Nassau-st., New-York, and for sale by all druggists, grocers and bars.

Finkle & Lyon's Sewing Machines.—Warranted to give better satisfaction than any other machine in this market, or money refunded.
N.B.—Price Reduced to $50. No. 503 Broadway.

Save 25 per Cent. on your Clothing.
Buy at the Mammoth Clothing Establishment of GEO. A. HUNTER & CO.,
Nos. 290 and 292 Bowery.

Geo. Saunders' Metallic Tablet Razor Strop.—This inimitable article may be obtained of the sole manufacturers, J. & S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House, and of the various agents throughout the City.

Tolman's Self-Ventilating Spring Bed and mattress, purifies itself by a draft of air from beneath, and conduces to health and comfort. Dealers and the public invited to examine. Manufactory, No. [illegible] Broadway.

Wood's Patent Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines are well adapted to the use of families, tailors, dressmakers, &c. Prices greatly reduced.
WHITNEY & LYON, No. [illegible] Broadway.

Genin's Fall Style Hat.
GENIN, No. 507 Broadway.

The London Stereoscopic Company's Depot.
For STEREOSCOPES and PICTURES, No. 536 Broadway.

MARRIED.

Gossweiler—Campbell.—In this City, on Sunday, Sept. 11, at the Parsonage of the [illegible]-st. M. E. Church, by the Rev. John Poisal, Adolphus Gossweiler to Miss Isabella Campbell, all of New-York.

Bogert—Hemphill.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, at the Bedford-st. M. E. Church, by the Rev. J. P. Newman, Mr. Charles H. Bogert to Miss Sarah J. Hemphill, and only daughter of Alex. Hemphill, all of this City.

Whitmore—Ogden.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, at St. Peter's Church, by the Rev. Thomas T. Guion, John H. Whitmore to Carrie C. Ogden, both of the above City.

Crassous—Marvin.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. George Dunbar, Mr. Eugene S. Crassous, of Hoboken, to Miss Eliza M., daughter of Frederick B. Marvin, of Brooklyn.

Buck—Peck.—At Flushing, L. I., on Tuesday, Sept. 13, at the St. George's Church, by the Rev. J. Carpenter Smith, J. Judson Buck, Jr., of Malden, to Miss Mattie J., eldest daughter of Capt. Wm. H. Peck, of the former place.

Badeau—Blakeslee.—At New-Haven, Conn., on Tuesday, Sept. 13, by the Rev. C. L. Kellogg, Jesse B. Badeau to C. Jennie, only daughter of Risley Blakeslee, Esq., all of the former place.

DIED.

Phair.—In this City, on Wednesday, Sept. 14, James Phair, formerly of Killyshandra, County Cavan, Ireland, aged 70 years.

The friends and acquaintances of the family, and those of his sons, John and William, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 3 Madison-st., near Pearl, on Friday, Sept. 16, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon.

Woodward.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, Letitia, wife of Samuel Woodward, aged 49 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, Sept. 15, at 10 o'clock A. M., from her late residence, No. 15 7th-av.

Orgill.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, after a short and severe illness, Frederick Orgill, in the 31st year of his age.

His funeral will take place from St. Luke's Church, Clinton-av., on Thursday morning, Sept. 15, at 10 o'clock. His friends, and those of his brothers, are invited to attend, without further notice.

Busby.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, John Busby, in the 37th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 506 Columbia-st., South Brooklyn.

Staveley.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 13, Emiline, daughter of John W. and Julia A. Staveley, aged 1 year, 8 months and 26 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of the parents, No. 225 Lorimer-st.; Brooklyn, E. D.

Ward.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, Sept. 9, at her son-in-law's, Capt. Samuel Smith, Mrs. Hester Ward, widow of Nathaniel Ward, aged 81 years, 2 months and 6 days.

Purdy.—At Purdy's Station, on Saturday, Sept. 10, [illegible] Purdy, aged 87 years.

[illegible] Rockland County, N. Y., Ed[illegible]

Phelps.—At [illegible] his age.

[illegible] Phelps, in the 17th year [illegible]

Funeral at No. 19 Ludlow-place, this day (Thursday), at 2½ P. M. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Fowler.—At Huntington, L. I., on Saturday, Sept. 10, Charles H. Fowler, in the 56th year of his age.

Taylor.—At Somerville, N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. 13, James Taylor, Esq., aged 66 years.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Friends can take the steamboat for Elizabethport, or the New-Jersey Railroad *via* Jersey City, at 11¾ o'clock.

(OFFICIAL DRAWINGS BY TELEGRAPH)
OF THE LEGALIZED LOTTERIES.
WOOD, EDDY & CO., Managers
of the
DELAWARE, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY and MISSOURI
STATE LOTTERIES.
Authorized by the Legislature, with Sworn Commissioners to superintend the same.
DELAWARE LOTTERIES.
Extra Class, No. 491, Sept. 14, 1859.
59, 72, 31, 8, 39, 60, 24, 4, 75, 42, 28, 21, 44.
Class No. 492, Sept. 14, 1859.
71, 25, 50, 78, 37, 70, 69, 12, 44, 21, 22, 68, 57.
GEORGIA LOTTERIES.
Class No. 480, Sept. 14, 1859.
25, 31, 58, 55, 13, 73, 37, 44, 76, 74, 1, 7, 24, 53, 20.
Class No. 490, Extra, Sept. 14, 1859.
31, 57, 62, 40, 75, 58, 15, 64, 42, 8, 26, 6, 34.
N. B.—Persons can have circulars sent them free of expense, by addressing WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
Wilmington, Delaware, or Augusta, Ga.

OUR MUSICAL FRIEND.
THE PIONEER OF CHEAP MUSIC IN AMERICA!
No. 42
PUBLISHED TO-DAY.
Price 10 cents.
CONTENTS:
"Little Bo-peep Quadrille, on Nursery Rhymes."—Chas. D'Albert.
"Tell me dearest Maiden," new song.—H. Lautenschlager.
"Mazurka," written expressly for this publication.—Max Maretzek.
"Io Son Picco," ("L'Elisir D'Amore.")—Donizetti.
NO. 37 CONTAINS:
Melodies from the Opera of "Il Poliuto."—Donizetti.
And 1 Ballad, 1 Song, and 1 Romance.
NO. 7 CONTAINS:
Melodies from the Opera of "La Sonnambula."
1 Ballad and 1 Song.
Price only 10 cents a No.
Office No. 107 Nassau-st., New-York.
C. B. SEYMOUR & CO.

GAS! GAS! GAS!
A splendid assortment of Gas Fixtures and French Bronzes for sale, at very low prices, at
STEPHEN PHILBIN'S WAREROOMS,
No. 707 Broadway.
Between Washington-place and 4th-st.
Stores, private dwellings and public buildings of any kind fitted up with gas-pipes in the most approved manner, and on reasonable terms.
Orders for Plumbing work promptly attended to as usual.

STOMACHIC ANTI-DYSPEPTIC TONIC AND A DELICIOUS BEVERAGE FOR DAILY USE.
For the nervous, weak invalid, with any ailment of the bowels, kidneys, liver, digestive or urinary organs. I can conscientiously offer Farquar's California Wine or Brandy, a pure juice of the grape, judiciously medicated with juniper, rhubarb and Peruvian bark. Sold in quart bottles at No. 10 Astor House, Nos. 417 and 662 Broadway, No. 158 Bowery, HAYES, Brooklyn. Dépôt, No. 6 Varick-st. The most delicate female can use this.

BURNETT'S KALLISTON.—THE AMERICAN ladies are distinguished, when young, for freshness and brilliancy of complexion almost without a parallel among other nations, and which rarely fails to excite admiration and remark among travelers from the most refined countries of the old world. But, too often, this charming characteristic becomes faded and lost from a want of that care in preserving it which so trying and changeable a climate demands. To retain its bloom and freshness unimpaired, to a much later period than is generally the case, BURNETT'S KALLISTON is guaranteed as a most powerful auxiliary.
Prepared by JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston. For sale by dealers generally. Price, 50 cents per bottle.

TO ADVERTISERS.
The PROPRIETORS of the
DAY-BOOK
would call attention to the fact that they have recently PURCHASED the *Southern Citizen*, (John Mitchel's paper,) at Washington, D. C., the Subscription List of which has been transferred to the WEEKLY DAY-BOOK, giving that paper a regular *bona fide* circulation to actual subscribers of nearly
THIRTY THOUSAND COPIES,
Being twice the number of any Democratic Paper in New-York or elsewhere. Our circulation in the *South* and *South-Western* States is larger than *all other New-York Papers combined*, as we stand prepared to convince any one, while our advertising rates are *less* than other papers of even less circulation.
Advertisers have no other medium of reaching the South without advertising in a great many papers at heavy cost.
Price of advertising, 15 cents per line each insertion. Deductions to yearly and quarterly advertisers.
VAN EVRIE, HORTON & CO.,
Publishers of Day-Book, No. 40 Ann-st.

MADAME ANNA BISHOP'S
BEAUTIFUL NEW BALLAD,
Nightly Encored,
Will be found in No. 25 of
THE MUSICAL GUEST,
Published this morning.
"Merrily, merrily shines the Morn."
Contents of No. 25 of
THE MUSICAL GUEST:
Chant Bohemian........Chas. Voss
The Orphan Boy. Ballad........H. Werner
Merrily, merrily shines the Morn........Alice Foster
In Silence, Sad Heart, Go........Balfe
Price, 10 Cents, to be had at all News Agents and Bookstores.
M. BELL & CO., No. 13 Frankfort-st.

ASK FOR LEDIARD'S MORNING CALL.
Be sure to ask for
LEDIARD'S MORNING CALL.
The popularity of this fine TONIC AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL BITTER has induced certain parties to put up a *spurious* article in imitation of the above.
The public and the trade are therefore cautioned to ask for Lediard's morning call, which is unequalled for its agreeable taste and fine medicinal qualities.
As a remedy and preventive for diarrhœa and chills and fever, it is particularly valuable at this season. As a cure for dyspepsia its character is fully established.
It is also invaluable to those of either sex suffering from weakness or debility, its fine strengthening and alterative properties rendering it unfailing.
For ordinary use as a beverage it is unsurpassed by any cordial ever offered to public notice, for its purity and general excellence.
No family should be without it.
Travelers and yachtsmen will find it a most agreeable addition to their stores.
LEDIARD'S MORNING CALL—TONIC,
Diuretic and and anti-dyspeptic, is a
LIQUEUR HIGIENIQUE D'APRES RASPAIL.
For sale by druggists, liquor-dealers, &c.
Wholesale dépôt, No. 37 South William-st.

SILVERWARE.
TEA SETS, DINNER SERVICES,
WAITERS, URNS,
KNIVES, SPOONS, FORKS, &c.,
Manufactured by
WM. FORBES, No. 271 Spring-st.,
Between Hudson and Varick.
Has been manufacturing solely
For one of the principal houses of this City
For the past 25 years.

PLATED GOODS AT RETAIL.—I AM OFFERing my fine assortment of Plated Urns, Cake Baskets, Castors, Coffee Pots, Tea Sets, Spoons, Forks, Butter Knives, &c., by retail, at the usual wholesale prices.
LUCIUS HART, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
WILDER'S
FIRE-PROOF SAFES.
The world-wide reputation of the WILDER PATENT SALAMANDER FIRE-PROOF SAFE has led other Safe Makers in this City to *using, without authority, the name of* "WILDER," to help them to dispose of their WORTHLESS TRASH, *and to impose upon the community*. That we may not be misunderstood, we would state that the name of *the firm above alluded to is SIL*TON & McFARLAND, and that their place of business is at No. [illegible] Canal-st., in the City of New-York. The Safes are generally disposed of through third parties, who are irresponsible.
WE CAUTION THE PUBLIC to be on their guard when purchasing Safes, as the celebrated
Wilder Patent Salamander Safe,
known to be the great Fire-proof Safe of the world,
IS MARKED "WILDER'S PATENT,"
and is for sale only by
Messrs. STEARNS & MARVIN, No. 40 Murray-st.,
Messrs. QUIRK BROTHERS, No. 30 Maiden-lane,
and at our Warehouse,
NO. 191 BROADWAY,
Corner of Dey-st., New-York,
where a full assortment can always be found.
B. G. WILDER & CO.

GOOD COOKING!!!
HARRISON'S PATENT KITCHENER,
IS THE BEST
RANGE
IN THE MARKET.
IT WILL DO MORE WORK
WITH LESS FUEL
AND LAST LONGER THAN ANY OTHER.
FAMILY SIZES FROM $30 to $175.
HOTEL SIZES AS REQUIRED.

PLEASANT AND SAFE HEATING!!!
CHILSON'S NEW CONE FURNACE
IS VERY SIMPLE AND DURABLE,
HEATS A HOUSE AS WELL AS ANY,
WITH LESS FUEL,
AND IS FREE FROM GAS.
THE ABOVE ARE MANUFACTURED AND SOLD
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AND PUT UP
IN CITY OR COUNTRY, BY
BRAMHALL, HEDGE & CO.,
NO. 442 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Patterns and rights for making and vending the above ranges, had on application as above.

FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY.
MEEKS'
CABINET FURNITURE
WAREROOMS,
Nos. 333 and 335 FOURTH-ST.,
(northwest corner of Broadway.)

JOHN MEEKS,
(Of the old firm of J. & J. W. Meeks,)
Invites the attention of furniture buyers to a large and elegant assortment of cabinet furniture, suitable for
PARLORS, DINING-ROOMS, LIBRARIES, &c.,
Made from selected and well-seasoned wood, in the latest and most approved styles,
AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES.
The well-known reputation of the late firm for making SUPERIOR CABINET FURNITURE will be fully sustained.

STRANGERS IN THE CITY
ARE INVITED
to examine our stock of
CHINA, GLASS, SILVERWARE,
BRONZES and FANCY GOODS,
including an elegant assortment of
DRESDEN CHINA,
from the Royal Manufactory at Dresden, (purchased at the late fair at Leipsic,) together with a large assortment of MIRRORS, GAS FIXTURES, and GENERAL HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
488, 490 and 492 BROADWAY, corner Broome-st., N. Y.

GOLD WATCHES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
One of the largest and most splendid assortments of Watches in this City is to be found at the subscriber's. As he is constantly receiving Watches of all descriptions, direct from the manufacturers in England, France and Switzerland, he is enabled to offer a very large assortment, and at the very lowest price.
GEO. C. ALLEN, Importer of Watches and Jewelry, and Manufacturer of Jewelry, Watches and Silver Ware, Wholesale and Retail, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st. (formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

PETER K. DEYO,
ADVERTISING AGENT,
OFFICE NO. 19 NASSAU BANK BUILDING.
Reference—Messrs. RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO.
All desirous of advertising through his (Mr. Deyo's) agency, can do so with the *fullest confidence in all his representations.—N. Y. Express, March 4, 1859.*

MOREHEAD'S MAGNETIC PLASTER.
THE GREAT STRENGTHENER
and
PAIN DESTROYER.
PAIN CANNOT EXIST WHERE THIS PLASTER IS APPLIED.
Price 25 cents a Box.
Sold by all druggists everywhere.

BUILDING HARDWARE OF EVERY description, suitable for first-class dwellings.
SILVER-PLATED BUTTS FOR PARLOR DOORS.
SILVER-PLATED KNOBS OF EXTRA QUALITY.
SAFETY BOLTS for front and basement doors, plated and in brass.
General Agents for GAUTIERS & CO.'S stove polish.
Improved wire door springs, the strongest and best in use.
Best quality STEEL WIRE, all sizes.
BOCH'S porcelain goods, &c., &c.
MANY, BALDWIN & MANY,
No. 49 John-st., corner of Dutch.

USEFUL IN EVERY FAMILY.—PAINT, grease spots, &c., removed instantly. Gloves, Silks, Ribbons, &c., cleaned equal to new without injury to the most delicate color or fabric, by HEGEMAN & CO.'S CONCENTRATED BENZINE. Only 25 cents per bottle. HEGEMAN & CO., Druggists,
Nos. 161, 399, 511 and 756 Broadway.

TO PRINTERS.
CORTELYOU'S NEW-YORK TYPE FOUNDRY
AND
PRINTERS' WAREHOUSE.
(Established 1823.)
No. 29 Spruce-street.
The Subscriber will be happy to furnish purchasers of PRINTING MATERIALS with PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL TYPES, BORDERS, &c., made from a combination of all the hard metals so extensively puffed by Founders. Also, Germans, Greeks, Hebrews, and a new elegant font of AGATE MUSIC TYPE, from which the *Musical Review, Musical World, Sacred Musical Guest* and *Tablet* are now printed, with Presses and every article required for Printing, at the very lowest price, for cash or approved paper.
Old Type taken in exchange for new, at ten cents per pound.
Second-hand Presses and Materials, and a complete Stereotype Foundry, with two Shaving Machines, for sale, cheap.
Printers of newspapers publishing this advertisement (including this note) three times before the 1st of January, 1860, and sending me one of the papers, will be paid for it in Printing Types, when they purchase four times the amount of their bill.
Sept. 12. P. C. CORTELYOU.
The Type on which this paper is printed is from the above foundry.

THE MAMMOTH STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
With the *Illustrated London News* of Sept. 17 arriving here about Sept. 29, will be published a
SPLENDID COLORED PICTURE
of
THE GREAT EASTERN,
on the Ocean under full sail and steam.
The size of this Picture is double that of any colored picture yet published by the London *News*, being 35 by 24½ inches, and is rather larger than four pages of the *Illustrated London News*. It will be the finest ever issued by the London *News*, and is, beyond question, the best Picture of the Great Steamship yet published at any price.
Single copies 30 cents.
As the demand will be very great, and the supply necessarily limited, orders must be given at once, or it will be impossible to supply them.
WILLMER & ROGERS,
Corner Nassau and Liberty sts., New-York.
Orders received by every News Agent and Bookseller in the United States and Canada.

SOMETHING NEW BENEATH THE SUN.
GRIFFIN'S ATMOSPHERIC GAS-LIGHT
Can be seen in operation at the office,
No. 502 Broadway.
The most brilliant
and least expensive
light of the age.
State, county and town rights for sale.
A. H. McARTHUR,
General Agent,
No. 502 Broadway.

JOY, COE & CO.,
ADVERTISING AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
Tribune Building, New-York,
Brown's Iron Building, Philadelphia.
Advertisements inserted in any paper of the United States, British Provinces, West Indies and Central America, at the publishers' lowest cash rates.
To merchants, manufacturers, and others, we respectfully tender our services as general agents of the newspaper Press.

PILES! PILES! PILES!
New-Haven, Oct. 13, 1858.
Dr. Witmer: I have been afflicted with external piles for the last eleven years. I was operated upon, and have tried all the advertised remedies for curing piles, but they did me no good. I was in a wretched condition, I was advised by Mr. Clifford, of your City, to try Dr. WITMER'S PILE SUPPOSITORY, which I did, and I am happy to state that it has entirely cured me of that dreadful disease—piles.
Yours, respectfully, EDWARD H. WARDEN.
Agency for the sale of Dr. WITMER'S PILE SUPPOSITORY, No. 156 Bowery, New-York.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS
AND INSTRUMENTS;
All the novelties at reduced prices.
BECKEL BROTHERS,
No. 19 John-st., New-York.

WHISKERS OR MOUSTACHES.
Do you want Whiskers or Moustaches? My Onguent, established in 1858, will force them to grow on the smoothest face in six weeks, without stain or injury to the skin. Price $1. Sent post-free to any address.
R. G. GRAHAM, No. 109 Nassau-st., New-York.

[illegible]
AMERICAN [illegible]
The great and [illegible] of female diseases, such as *Irregularities*—[illegible] of the *Womb*—*Pains in the back*—[illegible]—*Nervousness*—Deranged [illegible], &c., is known to all, and has been proved by extracts from
RELIGIOUS AND MEDICAL JOURNALS.
MISS CATHARINE BEECHER'S BOOK TO WOMEN.
Editorials from the NEW-YORK TIMES, TRIBUNE and other papers.
THE UNIFORM CURATIVE EFFECT OF
The Graefenberg Company's
MARSHALL'S UTERINE CATHOLICON
in all the above cases has been proved by letters from the most eminent clergymen and physicians in the country.
READ THE FOLLOWING:
No woman should be without the Graefenberg Marshall's Uterine Catholicon.—The Hon. John B. Briggs, *President Lake Ontario and Hudson River Railroad.*
The Catholicon has cured many who have been given up by the best physicians.—Geo. B. Farrar, *Superintendent Brevoort House, corner of 5th-av. and 8th-st.*
The Graefenberg Medicines and Marshall's Uterine Catholicon are very reliable, and fully equal to representations.—J. Greenwood, Jr., *Proprietor Barnum's American Museum.*
The Catholicon is the best remedy in the world.—The Rev. Thomas D. Filbury, *Hartford, North Carolina.*
Nothing is equal to the Catholicon in cases of female diseases.—The Rev. Peter Sharp, *Ridgeway, Mich.*
I am a regular physician, of 25 years' practice, and have always been successful in curing disease. [illegible] been cured of an aggravated case of the piles, which [illegible] my efforts and those of the most eminent [illegible] brother physicians, by the Graefenberg Pile [illegible] have no hesitation in speaking of it in the highest terms. I have been much pleased to see their curative effects, and have prescribed the Graefenberg Medicines, and their *Marshall's Uterine Catholicon*, in my practice, and always with the happiest effects.—*Extract from* O. Ocos, M. D., *North White Creek, N. Y., Sept. 1, 1859.*
Having examined certificates of the Graefenberg Company I take pleasure in saying that they present evidences of genuineness, and are entitled to the confidence of the public. My personal acquaintance with some of the members of the Graefenberg Company justifies me in expressing the opinion that their medicines are worthy of confidence. FRANCIS HALL,
Editor and Proprietor New-York Commercial Advertiser.
Price of THE GRAEFENBERG MARSHALL'S UTERINE CATHOLICON, $1 50 per bottle; five bottles for $6. It can be safely sent by Express.
Address letters and orders to
JOSHUA F. BRIDGE, M. D.,
Secretary and Consulting Physician Graefenberg Company, No. 32 PARK-ROW, NEW-YORK.
CAUTION.
AN ARTICLE, WHOLLY UNAUTHORIZED, NEARLY RESEMBLING THIS IN NAME AND LABEL, HAS BEEN PUT IN CIRCULATION.
J. F. Bridge, M. D., *offers his professional services, at the consulting rooms of The Graefenberg Company, to all who are suffering from any chronic or malignant disease. Ladies who are afflicted with any of the diseases, either local or constitutional, incidental to their sex, are invited to call upon him.*
No. 32 Park-row. Office hours, 9 to 1 and 3 to 5.

VERY POPULAR—SELLING QUICK.
A BEAUTIFUL ARTICLE
FOR THE HAIR,
FINELY PERFUMED
AND
VERY CHEAP.
A new preparation for the Hair, lately introduced in New-York, called
THE SHILLING
HAIR TONIC,
is well worthy of notice, as being both good and cheap. This article is intended to supply a desired long existing for a Hair Preparation which is reliable, and sold at a low price. Every one can buy this article. It retails for only 12 cents. Try it, and be convinced that it is fully equal to any 25-cent article in use, and much more expensively perfumed. In regard to its qualities as a Hair Tonic and Dressing, it takes rank with the most popular articles at double its price. It contains all the materials best adapted to the Hair, and in proper proportion. It cannot fail to give entire satisfaction.
Also—now ready,
The
SHILLING
BENZINE,
a new liquid for taking out
PAINT, VARNISH AND GREASY STAINS
from Silks or Woolens of all kinds, without injuring the color or texture, while leaving no unpleasant odor. It is used with the same success for
CLEANING GLOVES, without altering their color.
Also, for removing Grease Stains out of Paper of all kinds.
PROPERTIES OF THE BENZINE:
The Benzine is used for removing stains produced by greasy bodies, such as oil, butter, tallow, tar, wax, candles, fresh paint, and dirt upon furniture and clothes by rubbing of the hands and hair. It may be applied also upon all kinds of cloth, whatever may be the quality, without injuring the lustre of the colors—even the most delicate. Its smell, though not disagreeable, is rather sharp when first used, but it disappears rapidly without leaving any trace. It is unalterable, and may be kept for years without its properties being in the least altered. The Benzine is also used for cleaning gloves, without changing the color; for washing painter's brushes (for this use it is superior to any other) for diluting oil colors and for taking out stains on paper. The Benzine is, perhaps, the only preparation used with success for removing greasy stains on engravings, drawings, plans, and all kinds of papers, and also on silk ribbons of all colors, which makes them look equal to new.
RETAIL PRICE ONLY 12 CENTS.
Wholesale only at No. 159 Water-st.
RETAIL AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Office of the Independent,
New-York, Sept. 13, 1859.

In compliance with the wishes of numerous friends and subscribers, we are happy to announce that we shall commence, in our next issue, and shall continue weekly, the publication of a series of

SERMONS BY REV. HENRY WARD
BEECHER.

These will consist chiefly of those which are delivered on Sunday mornings. They will appear exclusively in THE INDEPENDENT, and be the only reports given to the Press, which receive revision by the author's own hand.

Terms—Only $2 a year by mail; delivered to subscribers in New-York and Brooklyn, $2 50; single copies, six cents.

Address JOSEPH H. RICHARDS, Publisher,
No. 5 Beekman-st., New-York.

FOR SALE BY ALL NEWS AGENTS.

AUTUMN HATS.
WARNOCK & CO.
Invite the attention of gentlemen to their extensive and varied assortment of HATS, ETC., designed for the ensuing Autumn, comprising
THE GENTLEMAN'S DRESS HAT,
of beautiful model and fabric, fully equal to the [illegible] of fashion.
THE YOUNG GENTLEMAN'S DRESS HAT,
modified in proportion—the crowning excellence of a young gentleman's wardrobe.
THE AUTUMN BON TON,
the counterpart of that immensely-popular and graceful Summer hat, the success of which is ample guarantee for a large sale of its Autumn duplicate.
SOFT FELT HATS,
an extensive assortment, comprising every variety of pattern, color and quality.
GENTLEMEN'S AND YOUTH'S CAPS,
an endless variety, for [illegible] and [illegible], SPORTING, TRAVELING and [illegible] WEAR.
NOVELTIES,
in every department, too numerous to mention.
WARNOCK & CO.,
HATTERS,
NO. 519 BROADWAY,
St. Nicholas Hotel.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
Mrs. WINSLOW, an experienced nurse and female physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation; will allay all pain and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. Sold everywhere. Price only 25 cents per bottle.

VISITORS TO NEW-YORK
Are requested to examine our stock of
FRENCH CHINA,
ENGLISH IRON STONE CHINA,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
And
GAS FIXTURES,
All of which we offer at a very small advance on the importation cost. W. J. F. BAILEY & CO.,
No. [illegible] Broadway.

M. D. M. D. M. D.
Important to young gentlemen of the medical profession desirous of making for themselves a lucrative practice. We are prepared to place in the hands of one physician in each county in the United States, who will furnish us good references as to standing and ability, a scientifically and skillfully compounded pharmaceutical article, extensively (but privately) used by the best medical practitioners. The preparation referred to, in the hands of skillful young men, is a sure guarantee of success in their profession. The necessary proofs to substantiate what we assert, we are prepared to show on the conditions above named. Address, with stamp inclosed for return, M. P. R., Box No. 3,[illegible] Post-office, New-York.

WATTS' NERVOUS ANTIDOTE.—CAUTION.—The genuine must be bought of us direct, we have no agents in this City, and in Brooklyn it can only be had of Hayes, No. 175 Fulton-st., who has been agent for ten years. FYNE & CO., No. [illegible] [illegible] New-York. 1/8 Sale to [illegible]

INSTRUCTION.

THE SPINGLER INSTITUTE, UNION-SQUARE AND FIFTH-AV., CORNER 15TH-ST., MURRAY HILL.

This institution, commenced in 1843, has occupied successively locations in Colonnade-row, Lafayette-place, Washington-square, and University-place.

The present spacious edifice on Union-square was erected for it twelve years since, and with its various appointments—Library, Philosophical and Astronomical Apparatus, Laboratory, and Works of Art, involved an investment of not less than *Eighty Thousand Dollars.*

In addition to the above, to meet the increasing wants of the institution, the celebrated mansion and grounds [illegible] on the Fifth-av., corner of 34th-st., Murray-Hill, have now been purchased with special reference to the accommodation of the higher classes—candidates for graduation, and young ladies wishing to pursue an advanced course in general reading, History, Literature, Languages, Music and Art.

At Union-square, special attention will be given to the lower classes of the Collegiate, the Academic, and the Primary Departments preparatory to their promotion. For the convenience, however, of those residing near either location, the same provision will be made at each for pupils of every grade and class.

The privileges and course of instruction will be almost identical, under the same supervision, and to a great extent conducted by the same teachers; so that parallel classes will be only sections of the same, and the Seniors at commencement will graduate together. Interesting lectures and exercises, at either place, will sometimes be shared by the members of both sections of the classes for whom they are intended.

The Autumn session at Union-square will commence on Wednesday, Sept. 14; at Murray Hill, on Wednesday, Sept. 21.

The expenses at Murray Hill will necessarily be somewhat greater than at Union-square.

Applications for circulars, or for admission, may be made personally, at either place, or by letter, addressed

GORHAM D. ABBOTT,
Spingler Institute, New-York.

ALONZO FLACK, A. M.,
Principal of the
HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE,
At Claverack, Columbia County, New-York,
Offers Board and Tuition for $130 per year.
Term opens Sept. 16.
Male and Female.

THE MISSES ROHR AND MRS. TUFFS
Will reopen their
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 32 West 32d-st., near 5th-av.,
On MONDAY, Sept. 12.

MISS HAVENS RESPECTFULLY INFORMS her friends and patrons that, having removed from No. 21 9th-st., she will reopen her Boarding and Day School for young ladies in the new and commodious establishment, No. 269 Madison-av., Murray Hill, second house north of 39th-st., on Wednesday, Sept. 14. Her facilities for imparting a thorough and finished education to her pupils will continue to be unsurpassed in the City. French is taught with especial regard to its conversational use. Her school circulars, with references [illegible], may be had at her residence; of R. N. Havens, Esq., No. 17 Nassau-st.; and at the book-stores of Messrs. Lockwood, No. 411 Broadway, and Randolph, No. 683 Broadway.

N. B.—A stage is provided for day scholars residing at a distance from the school.

FLUSHING SELECT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—Nine miles from New-York—communication almost hourly by steamboat and railroad. The Fall and Winter session commenced Sept. 5. Pupils received at any time and charged from entrance. Accommodations ample. Dormitories large; location especially desirable. For circulars apply by letter to L. K. ROBERTS, Principal, or to J. KIMBER, No. 86 William-st. References: Ellwood Walter, Meredith and G. S. Howland, Thos. W. Pearsall, W. F. Mott and Joseph Lawrence.

THE VAN NORMAN INSTITUTE—AN ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, Nos. 3 and 5 West 38th-st., Murray Hill, two doors from 5th-av., will reopen on the 14th of September next. The spirit, aims and practical life of the school may be learned from its prospectus, to which attention is earnestly invited. For full information, references, &c., apply for prospectus to the Rev. D. C. VAN NORMAN, LL.D., Principal.

PARKER AND BERTHET'S SCHOOL, No. 29 East 21st-st., corner of Broadway, will be reopened Sept. 12. Pupils are prepared for College or the counting-room. All the modern languages are taught by native professors, and in one department French is always spoken. There is a Primary department under an experienced female teacher. Circulars at Lockwood & Son's Bookstore, No. 411 Broadway.

RAVENSWOOD FEMALE INSTITUTE, L.I., now in its twentieth session, combines every academic advantage offered in the highest public seminaries, with the social privileges enjoyed in a private family circle. For beauty of position and sanitary advantages, it is unsurpassed, and though within view of Central Park, is perfectly secluded. Circulars at Williams, Stevens & Williams', No. 353 Broadway.

CEDAR GLEN BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—Sing Sing, Westchester County, N. Y.—Mrs. and Miss VAN RENSSELAER will reopen their school on Wednesday, Sept. 28. References—The Right Rev. Horatio Potter, Bishop of New-York, Gen. Stephen Van Rensselaer, Mrs. Sarah J. Hale and others. For circulars, apply to Messrs. D. Appleton & Co., No. 346 Broadway.

FRENCH PROTESTANT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—No. 32 West 15th-st. Mrs. LEVERETT will reopen her school for the coming year on Wednesday, Sept. 28. A punctual attendance of the pupils is particularly requested. Applications may be made to Mrs. L., personally or by letter, at the above address.

MESDAMES CHEGARAY AND PREVOST respectfully inform the public and the parents of their pupils that their school will be reopened on Thursday, Sept. 15, at No. 79 Madison-av. The Preparatory Department, carefully reorganized last year, will be conducted on the same plan, preparing fully the pupils to enter the studies of the upper school.

NEW-YORK ACADEMY FOR YOUNG LADIES—No. 678 Broadway—will reopen Sept. 12. Tuition for a full course in English, including vocal music, from $5 to $11 per quarter; Latin, $3; French, $5. Other modern languages the Professor's charges. Painting in oil or water colors, $5; drawing, $3.
M. Y. BEAN, Principal.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE—NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—The next term will begin Sept. 8. The Annual Catalogue and Circular are just published, and may be had of Messrs. Clark, Austin & Smith, No. 3 Park-row; T. J. Crowen, Esq., Broadway, corner of 4th-st.; or by addressing L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD, Principals.

SCHOOL AND HOME EDUCATION.—French and English Classical and Commercial Boarding and Day School, with fine playground and gymnasium attached, Nos. 47 and 49 West 26th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av. Mr. LOUIS ERNST takes charge of a limited number of boys only. Reopens Monday, Sept. 12.

JOHN McMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH and English School, No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., reopens on Monday, Sept. 5. Miss SARAH SEDGWICK (formerly of 9th-st.) conducts the primary department with her well-known ability. Circulars at Bowen's, No. 880; Christern's, No. 763; and Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway. Arrangements made for boarders.

MRS. E. B. RICHARDS IS PREPARED to receive young ladies who wish to pass the Winter in New-York for the purpose of private study, or attendance on concerts and lectures, without being subjected to the strict regulations of a boarding-school. Address Mrs. E. B. RICHARDS, No. 79 East 27th-st., New-York. References exchanged.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—No. 20 East 21st-st., JAMES WEIR MASON. Term commences Sept. 12. Personal instruction by the Principal and thorough drilling in the English branches. For circulars and further information apply at Carter's Bookstore, No. 530 Broadway, or after Aug. 29 at the school.

MRS. OKILL WILL REOPEN HER Boarding and Day School for young ladies on Wednesday, the 14th Sept., at Nos. 8 and 10 Clinton-place. Mrs. O. will be in the City on and after the 1st of Sept., to receive applications. Previous to that time letters addressed to her residence will be received by her.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND Day School for Young Ladies—No. 110 West 45th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.—Miss SANDHAM respectfully informs her friends and the public that the Fall term of her school will commence Sept. 20. Circulars may be obtained at the principal bookstores.

THE POUGHKEEPSIE (N. Y.) COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.—A first-class Boarding School for boys. The Fall session commences on the 29th of August. For circulars, address
C. B. WARRING and OTIS BISBEE,
Successors to CHARLES BARTLETT.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 356 Broadway, corner of 12th-st.—WM. H. LEGGETT will reopen his School on Monday, Sept. 12. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway; Crowen's, No. 699 Broadway; at Segee's, No. 836 Broadway, or the residence of the Principal, No. 273 10th-st.

J. JAY GREENOUGH'S PRIVATE SCHOOL for boys, No. 11 West 37th-st.—The twenty-sixth year begins Sept. 12. The number of scholars is limited to twenty-five in each department. The course of instruction is systematic, thorough and efficient. Circulars at the bookstores or at No. 32 East 23d-st.

B. A. SMITH'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—LEXington-av., near 27th-st. Term commences Sept. 12. Instruction thorough in all branches; discipline efficient. Philosophical and chemical lectures, with apparatus. Terms, from $10 to $25 per quarter.

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL INSTITUTE, Hackensack, N. J.—WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Principal—will reopen on Monday, Sept. 5. Terms exceedingly moderate. Superior advantages for obtaining a knowledge of Music.

$32 50.—ASHLAND INSTITUTE AND MUSICAL ACADEMY—Catskill Mountains. Students (either sex) received any time. Particulars of V. Sandford, Esq., No. 280 Water-st., or the Rev. H. J. Fox, A. M., Ashland, N. Y.

LYON & MARGE'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—No. 936 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., an English, Classical, French and German School, reopens Sept. 12.

THE COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL Institute, No. 244 West 19th-st., will commence its fourteenth year on Monday, Sept. 5.
JOHN H. BROWN, A. M., Principal.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL—ENtering its twenty-third year, reopens its primary, commercial and classical departments Sept. 12. For circulars call on the Janitor. ISAAC FERRIS, Chancellor.

MRS. MACAULAY, NO. 43 EAST 21ST-ST., (between Broadway and 4th-av.,) will reopen her French and English Boarding and Day School Monday, Sept. 12.

A SPANISH LADY DESIRES TO TEACH Spanish, either in private families or in schools. Apply for a week, at No. 88 Lexington-av., corner 25th-st., green door.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.—MODERN STYLES of school furniture manufactured and for sale by N. JOHNSON, No. 490 Hudson-st., New-York. Illustrated circulars forwarded on application by mail or otherwise.

THE MISSES DANFORTH WILL RECEIVE their class of pupils Sept. 15, at No. 61 24th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

J. F. WORTH'S CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH School, No. 537 4th-av., (one door above 18th-st.) will be reopened on Monday, Sept. 12.

TRINITY CHURCH GRAMMAR SCHOOL—[illegible] on Monday, Sept. [illegible]
[illegible] L. MARSHALL, Rector.

INSTRUCTION.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 28 West 30th-st.,
near 5th-av.
Mrs. WILLIAMES will reopen her School on Wednesday, Sept. 14.

An omnibus will be provided for pupils residing at a distance.

MISS HAINES
Respectfully informs her friends and the public that her School,
NO. 10 GRAMERCY-PARK,
EAST 20TH-ST.,
Will commence on Tuesday, Sept. 20.

A punctual attendance of her pupils is requested.

Those who have confided their daughters to Miss HAINES in past years, may be assured of her continued desire and, as she trusts, increased ability to impart to her pupils a substantial, useful and accomplished education. She has the aid of teachers of acknowledged talent, and it will be their united aim to contribute, as much as possible, to the personal happiness, as well as moral and intellectual improvement, of those committed to their care.

SINGSING
FEMALE SEMINARY,
THE REV. S. N. HOWELL, A. M.,
PRINCIPAL.

Next session begins last Tuesday (27th) of September. *This institution, situated on the banks of the Hudson,* 30 miles from New-York, offers superior advantages for obtaining A SUBSTANTIAL EDUCATION.

Refers to Rev. Dr. Krebs, Rev. T. L. Cuyler, Wilson G. Hunt & Co., J. W. C. Leveridge, Esq., and others. Catalogues, *giving particulars,* and *references* of the *highest kind,* at Carter's bookstore, or address the Principal.

MR. ERNEST PERRING,
PROFESSOR OF SINGING AND PIANO-FORTE.

Mr. ERNEST PERRING having decided to make New-York City his permanent residence, begs to acquaint the public, his friends, and pupils, that he will give instructions in the art of Singing and Piano-Forte. Applications for terms, etc., to be made at Messrs. CHICKERING'S, corner of Broadway and 4th-st.; also at Messrs. BREUSING'S, No. 701 Broadway.

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL,
No. 866 Broadway, RICHARD P. JENKS, Principal.

This School will be reopened on Monday, Sept. 12. Circulars, with reference and terms, may be had at the bookstore of Lockwood & Son, No. 411 Broadway, or of Mauran & Philes, No. 55 Cedar-st.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S
CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, (with Gymnasium under special teacher,) No. 872 Broadway, corner 18th-st., reopens Sept. 5. Circulars at Randolph's, No. 683 Broadway, at No. 136 2d-av.; at Christern's, No. 763 Broadway, and at the school. There is a preparatory department for boys from 6 to 8 years old.

MARSH'S COUNTING-ROOMS,
For Practice and Instruction in
BOOK-KEEPING AND BUSINESS AFFAIRS,
No. 348 Broadway, Appletons' Building.
Circulars, with full particulars, on application.
MARSH'S COMPLETE WORKS, new and beautiful edition, printed in colors, for sale.

MRS. COUTAN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES
Will reopen on Thursday, Sept. 15, at No. 279 5th-av., corner of 31st-st.

MADAME A. A. LE DUC,
No. 264 West 23d-st., opposite London Terrace, will reopen her French and English School for Young Ladies, Tuesday, Sept. 13. For circulars address the Principal.

MURRAY HALL.
THE REV. J. J. ELMENDORF'S SCHOOL
for young ladies, No. 101 West 36th-st., New-York. Ninth session begins on Tuesday, Sept. 14.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL, NEW-YORK. The next term of this Institution will commence on the 3d of October, and terminate on the 15th of May next, at the Law School Building, No. 37 Lafayette-place, under the direction of Prof. THEODORE W. DWIGHT, LL. D.

In addition to the usual branches of legal study, courses of lectures will be given in Political Science and in Moral Philosophy, by Professors LIEBER and NAIRNE, of Columbia College, with other lectures on legal subjects by eminent jurists of the City and State of New-York, and also a course on Medical Jurisprudence.

Terms of admission to all the lectures, $75 for the year. Four yearly prizes of $250, of $200, of $150, and of $100, will be awarded to the four students of the greatest proficiency.

Full particulars may be obtained on application to the President of the College, CHARLES KING, LL.D., or to Prof. DWIGHT, No. 37 Lafayette-place, or to either of the undersigned members of the Law School Committee of the Trustees of the College:
SAMUEL B. RUGGLES,
HAMILTON FISH,
GOUVERNEUR M. OGDEN,
GEORGE T. STRONG,
WILLIAM BETTS.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 218 4th-st., (corner of Macdougal-st.,) on Washington-square, Messrs. CLARKE & FANNING, Principals, opens its Seventeenth Scholastic Year, Sept. 12, 1859. Male pupils of all ages are received and instructed in all branches preparatory to business or college. *The number of pupils in all the departments* is two hundred. The Principals are assisted in classics, mathematics, French, German, *Spanish,* book-keeping, drawing, penmanship, elocution, composition, &c., by ten experienced professors and instructors. The institution will be open for inspection, (entrance No. 154 Macdougal-st.,) on and after Sept. 5, when the Principals will be present to confer with parents, and register the names of applicants for admission to it. The central location of this Institute renders it easy of access by railroad and stage from all parts of the City, Brooklyn, Jersey City and Hoboken, while pupils to it from Yonkers, Irvington, New-Rochelle, and Jamaica, L. I., are of constant occurrence. Circulars of full particulars may be had at the Broadway bookstores, Burnton's, No. 49 6th-av., Rayner's, No. 76 Bowery, and at the school.

P. S.—The smallest boys are under the special care of one of the Principals.

SELECT FRENCH AND ENGLISH PROTESTANT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—No. 30 West 25th-st., opposite Trinity Chapel. This school, under the direction of Mlle. ROSTAN, of Paris, will be reopened on Thursday, Sept. 15. Mlle. Rostan is grateful for the encouragement given by her friends and patrons, which has enabled her to make valuable additions to the library and important improvements in the accommodations for her pupils, and she hopes that parents confiding their daughters to her care will find no effort is spared to give them a thorough finished education. The young ladies residing in the family shall enjoy the best opportunities for the acquisition of a practical knowledge of the French and other modern languages, and will share in all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home. For further information, testimonials, &c., apply to Mlle. ROSTAN, No. 30 West 25th-st. Circulars sent if desired.

MADAME J. V. CAUCHOI'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School, No. 279 West 22d-st., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 19. A punctual attendance of the pupils is requested. Mme. C. assures her patrons that the course of instruction adopted by her is the result of close observation. She will be aided by professors of acknowledged merit, and begs to refer to her previous efforts as an evidence of her success. A class in oil-painting and the new styles of Grecian art on Saturdays.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, Pittsfield, Mass., six hours' distant from New-York, commences its 37th semi-annual session Oct. 6, 1859, with experienced professors, large cabinets, spacious gymnasium, and location of unsurpassed beauty and salubrity. It offers very rare educational advantages. For circulars address the Principals, the Rev. C. V. SPEAR and the Rev. J. R. BOYD.

FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN—Nos. 168 and 170 West 37th-st., between 7th and 8th avs. This Boarding and Day School, Classical and Commercial, will be opened Sept. 15. There is a primary department. PROF. NOEL BERGIER, Director.

THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE—AN English and French Boarding and Day School, Nos. 16 and 18 East 28th-st., between Madison and 5th avs., will reopen Sept. 13.
The Rev. Dr. FERRIS, Rector.
C. H. GARDNER, A. M., Principal.

N. CALYO, ARTIST, HAS THE PLEASURE to announce to his pupils and the public, that he will resume his course of teaching, drawing and painting on the 15th inst., at his residence, No. 120 East 21st-st., New-York.

SOUTH BROOKLYN FEMALE SEMINARY—Boarding and Day School, No. 293 Clinton-st., opens on Wednesday, Sept. 14. *A first-class school—Professors in every department. Circulars may be had at the institution.* A. W. MOREHOUSE, A. M., Principal.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, NO. 60 West 23d-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, reopens on Monday, Sept. 12. Two departments, each under the exclusive charge of one of the Principals.
JOHN ARRELL. JOHN GOSMAN.

THE NEW-YORK HIGH SCHOOL.—AN English, French, Spanish and Classical Boarding and Day School for young gentlemen, reopens on Monday, September 12, at Nos. 973 and 975 Broadway, Madison square. P. M. W. REDFIELD, Principal.

THE MISSES MEEKER WILL REOPEN their French and English Boarding and Day School at No. 32 West 40th-st., between 5th at 6th avs., on Tuesday, Sept. 13.

MME. F. REICHARD'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 22 West 22d-st., near 5th-av., will reopen on Thursday, Sept. 15.

THE MISSES PALACHE'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School, No. 183 West 28th-st., between 9th and 9th avs., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 12.

SIGNOR LUIGI DAMA HAVING RETURNED to town, will resume his singing lessons as usual. Call or address No. 47 West 26th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.

MISS REED'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 20 West 16th-st., near 5th-av., will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 14.

MADISON ACADEMY—MADISON-AVENUE, cor. 29th-st.—Will be reopened on Wednesday, Sept. 14. Rev. S. B. DAVIS, Principal. Residence, 163 Lex.-av.

MRS. GIBSON, NO. 38 UNION-SQUARE, New-York, will reopen her Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies on Wednesday, Sept. 14.

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF COLUMBIA College will be opened, after the Summer vacation, on Thursday, Sept. 1, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

THE FALL TERM OF THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S SCHOOL, No. 23 Grammercy-park, will commence on Thursday, Sept. 15.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., one door below 32d-st., on Monday, Sept. 19.

MISSES L. M. & M. E. GREEN, NO. 1 5th-av., will reopen their Boarding and Day School for young ladies, on Tuesday, Sept. 20.

MISS F. B PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 77 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, will reopen on Monday, Sept. 19.

MISS CORNWALL'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG Ladies, No. 22 West 20th-st., will open on Monday, Sept. 12. Circulars at No. 762 Broadway.

MISS MORSE'S FRENCH SCHOOL FOR young ladies, No. 1,010 Broadway, opens Sept. 12.

INSTRUCTION.

AMER. SCHOOL INST.—NO. 346 BROADWAY.—Schools supplied with competent teachers, and parents with school circulars. References: Wm. Hall & Son; the Hon. Theo. Frelinghuysen; the Rev. D. C. Van Norman, LL. D.; et al. Wanted, a Principal and wife, for a school in Mississippi; salary $1,600. SMITH, WOODMAN & CO.

RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE.

The eighty-second term opens Sept. 12. Stages will continue to convey pupils to and from the Institute. Boarding pupils received into the family of the Principal. For circulars and further information apply at the Institute, Nos. 262, 264 and 266 Madison-st.
JOHN M. KREBS, D. D., President.
HENRY M. PIERCE, A. M., *Principal.*

L. A. BENJAMIN'S MUSIC ROOMS, NO. 288 Bowery, are open EVERY DAY and EVENING, for new Pupils on the Piano, Melodeon, Violin, Flute, Guitar and the Voice.

Also, at No. 383 Hudson-st., every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. Private Instructions, $10 for 24 Lessons; Classes, from $3 to $6. New and second-hand Pianos for sale and to let, very cheap.

New Violin and Flute Class on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at No. 288 Bowery.

MADAME RUTTKAY KOSSUTH WILL reopen her Young Ladies' School in Cornwall, N. Y., on Sept. 20. The location adds to the advantages of education the improvement of health—the vicinity being one recommended by physicians to persons affected with throat diseases.

Madame RUTTKAY would respectfully refer to the Editors of the *Times,* to N. P. Willis, Esq., and to Hiram Barney, Esq., Trinity Building.

PACKER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES, BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—The next term will commence on Wednesday, Sept. 14. Young ladies from abroad will find ample accommodations in the *family of Prof. Eaton,* adjoining the Institution. Application for admission may be made to the Principal, A. CRITTENDEN, Esq., to Prof. EATON, or to any of the Trustees.

MESSRS. LESPINASSE AND DE LASSALLE'S French Boarding and Day School, Nos. 119 and 121 Clinton-place, is reopened. To insure a thorough French education, new scholars are admitted only under 14 years of age. The majority of the boys belong to the best French families. English branches are taught by two English Professors. The Junior Department is under the maternal care of Mme. Lespinasse.

CHERRY VALLEY FEMALE ACADEMY, Cherry Valley, New-York, C. G. HAZELTINE and J. A. FOWLER, Principals. Next session will open Nov. 3. One of the Principals will be in New-York through the month of October, and can be consulted at No. 74 East 15th-st., or No. 244 Pearl-st., where catalogues can be found.

DON BERNARD'S INSTITUTE—NO. 1 WEST 24th-st., junction of Broadway and 5th-av., New-York. Madame DON BERNARD, *née* de Rochefermoy, respectfully informs the parents of her pupils and the public that her Boarding and Day School for young ladies reopens on Sept. 15.

MRS. DIETZ, NO. 32 EAST 20TH-ST., will reopen her French and English School for young ladies, Sept. 15. The adult classes will be continued.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

MISS COOPER WILL RESUME HER School for Young Ladies and Misses on Monday, Sept. 5, at No. 24 West 21st-st., near 5th-av.

MADAME MARTINET'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL, No. 33 West 21st-st., will reopen Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS BUNCE'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG children and misses, No. 181 East 15th-st., (near Stuyvesant-square,) opened Monday, Sept. 12.

MISS M. W. LEGGETT WILL REOPEN her school, No. 273 10th-st., on Wednesday, Sept. 14.

TO TEACHERS.—WANTED, A PARTNER IN an established young gentlemen's Boarding School, near the City. He must be experienced, of an English and classical education, good address, moral and Christian character. A married gentlemen preferred, provided his wife is qualified and willing to share in overseeing the domestic affairs of the institution. If preferred, would dispose of the entire interest of the institution on reasonable terms. A line addressed to X. Y. Z., Box No. 118 *Times* Office, giving real name, with references, qualifications, experience, &c., will be confidentially treated.

TEACHERS.

SIGNOR G. MAGRI—PROFESSOR OF THE Italian, French, Spanish, Portuguese, English and Latin languages, which he has taught for many years in London, desires to occupy a place as Professor of one or more of the above languages, in some college, university or other establishment, public or private, in this City or elsewhere in the country. The best references as to character and capacity will be given. Address No. 186 East 12th-st., near 1st-av., or No. 24 Cedar-st.

GOVERNESS.—A LADY EXPERIENCED IN teaching desires an engagement in a family resident in New-York, Brooklyn or Jersey City, to teach the English branches, music and French, for which her own board would be received as compensation, while she would pay a fair price for that of her two little girls, aged 8 and 6. Address, for three days, E. M., Box No. 891 Post-office, New-York.

AN ENGLISH LADY, OF LARGE EXPERIENCE, wishes tuition in English, French, rudiments of music, or she would accept a situation as companion to a lady, and assist in the household duties, for which she is fully capable. Respectable reference given. Address, by note, at the drug-store corner of 14th-st. and Broadway, or the bookstore, corner of 4th-st., and Broadway.

A LADY WHO HAS HAD MANY YEARS' experience in the tuition and management of children, desires a situation as governess in a family; she is capable of taking the entire charge of motherless children, including their wardrobe, &c.; the very best reference given. Direct A. B., care of Messrs. Robins, Powell & Co., No. 12 Barclay-st.

A LADY EXPERIENCED IN TEACHING, and well versed in the advanced English branches, including the higher mathematics, also in Latin, wishes to be employed a few hours daily in a family; her board and traveling expenses, if any, will be received as compensation; the South or country preferred. Address ALPHA BETA, Williamsburgh Post-office.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER WISHES to reside with a family in New-York. She is willing to give two hours' careful instruction daily in French, music and drawing, as an equivalent. A clergyman's family preferred, but another would suit. Address L., Box No. 2,277 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—A DAILY GOVERNESS, EXPERIenced in teaching, to instruct two little girls, about 10 years of age, in the usual branches of an English education, about three hours in the morning. The applicant will please state references and terms. Direct to Box No. 1,222 New-York Post-office.

AN EXPERIENCED GOVERNESS, WHO has for six years lived in the family of a Southern planter, where she has just finished the education of the youngest daughter, is desirous of meeting with a re-engagement. Address Dr. HINCKEL New-Brighton, Staten Island.

GOVERNESS OR TEACHER.—A YOUNG lady with several years experience in teaching, and fully competent to teach all the English branches, Music and French, desires a situation in a private family or school; best of references given and required. Address Box No. 6, Somerville, N. J.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A SITUATION as governess in a family, in New York, Brooklyn, or vicinity, or as assistant in a school. Instruction given in English branches, French and music. City references given. Address, L. P. M., Box No. 4,014 New York Post office.

A YOUNG STUDENT, A CHURCH MEMBER, of two years' experience in teaching, desires an engagement to teach two hours per diem, in a school or private family; would take board as an equivalent. Apply from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M., at No. 37 West Washington-place, or address T. O., Box No. 115 *Times* Office.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE IN TEACHING the English branches, French, Spanish, (which languages she speaks fluently,) Italian, and Music, would wish to obtain a situation as governess in a family. No. objection to the South. Address Box No. 3,391 Post-office.

TEACHERS.—A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A SITuation in a school or private family to teach children the English branches and rudiments of French. Salary no object. Best of references given and required. Address M. A. L., Brooklyn Post-office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, A SITUATION in this City or Brooklyn, as governess in a private family, or in a store; she can speak several languages and teach music. For further particulars, call at No. 25 2d-av.

A THEOLOGICAL STUDENT—GRADUATE of an Eastern College, desires an engagement to teach a few hours a day either in a school or private family in the City. Address TEACHER, Box No. 169 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG LADY WISHES TO OBTAIN a situation as assistant teacher in a school, or as visiting Governess. Will teach the usual English branches, with the rudiments of French and Latin if required. Address H. R., Broadway Post-office.

A LADY IS DESIROUS OF FORMING AN engagement as governess in a family; she is capable of communicating a thorough English education, as well as music, French, Italian, drawing and painting. Address F. G. H., Box No. 2,570 Post-office, New-York.

A HIGHLY-EDUCATED LADY FROM Europe wishes to form an engagement as governess. She is capable of imparting a solid English education, with music, French and drawing. Address C. D., Box No. 2,277 Post-office, New-York.

A GRADUATE OF HARVARD—CLASS OF 1849—offers his services as private tutor. The most satisfactory testimony as to personal character, and ability to teach. Address E. K., New-York Post Office.

WANTED—BY A LADY OF GOOD EDUCATION, a situation as governess in a family; will teach the usual branches of a polite education. Address GOVERNESS, Spring-st. Post-office.

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TO LET.

TO LET OR LEASE—WITH STEADY POWER, three floors 50x78 feet, in the building now being erected on southwest corner of Elm and Pearl sts. Possession will be given about the middle of September. These rooms each have twenty-five large windows, and will be as light as any rooms in the City built for manufacturing purposes. They are well adapted for printing offices, as they have a large fire-proof vault for plates. They are heated by steam; also, have two steam hoistways. For terms and particulars, inquire of A. CAMPBELL, rear of No. 63 Centre-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY AND ATTIC brown-stone front, English-basement house No. 50 10th-st., near the 5th-av.; it is in complete order, having been newly painted and papered throughout. Possession given immediately. Apply to WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 52 Wall-st., or to S. A. PHILLIPS, Notary Public, No. 61 Broadway.

TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS THREE-STORY brick house, No. 224 Thompson-st., near Washington-square, with all the modern conveniences; gas fixtures complete throughout. To a person desirous of a down-town residence, it is very desirable. Apply to JOHN CULYER, No. 221 Thompson-st.

TO LET—THE SALOON NO. 210 WILLIAM-ST., 100 feet deep, with a room adjoining 30 feet square; seven bedrooms and a large front basement, all fitted up in the best manner; workshops for light manufacturing purposes, in No. 209 William and No. 113 Nassau-st. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

TO LET—AT LOW RENTS, TO SMALL AMERICAN families, floors through, consisting of five rooms, with bath, Croton water, &c., in the modern houses on West 19th-st., *between 7th and 8th avs. Apply at the* office, No. 140 West 19th-st., from 1 to 4 P. M.

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TO LET.—A THREE STORY DWELLING-HOUSE containing eight rooms, furnished or unfurnished in a very pleasant location in South Brooklyn. Possession given 1st Oct. if desired. Inquire at No. 4 Harrison-place, South Brooklyn.

OFFICES TO LET—SUITABLE FOR LAWyers, brokers, agents, engravers, &c., on the second floor in building No. 146 Broadway, corner of Liberty-st.; entrance from either street; will be let cheap to a good tenant. Apply to G. G. MARTIN, No. 45 Liberty-st.

TO LET—THE NEW THREE-STORY BRICK house No. 151 Orchard-st., finished with modern improvements; possession immediately. Apply to S. B. HUTCHINGS, No. 36 John-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE COTTAGE NO. 134 Vanderbilt-av., near Myrtle; 13 rooms; rent low; immediate possession. S. EDDY & CO., No. 51 Liberty-st.

TO LET—THE FURNISHED HOUSE NO. 324 West 22d-st., to a private family only; immediate possession will be given, and for terms apply on the premises.

TO LET—TO A SMALL RESPECTABLE FAMILY the lower part of the desirable house No. 161 Allen-st.; has water, gas and fixtures, range in first-rate order; with immediate possession. Rent $350.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—NO. 45 East 31st-st., between 4th and Madison-av.; high-stoop, three-story, with modern improvements. A portion of rent taken in board, if desired.

DESK ROOM TO LET—IN OFFICE NO. 3, first floor, No. 175 Broadway and 2 Cortlandt-st., opposite Gilsey Buildings and Howard House.
GEORGE P. EDGAR.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—TO A PRIvate family in 22d-st., near 4th-av., 12 rooms and in perfect order. Address Box No. 19 Post-office.

TO RENT—TWO OFFICES ON THE THIRD floor, fronting the Park, in the *Times* Building. Apply at the *Times* Office.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

HOUSE WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN HAVING a family consisting of wife, two children and servant, desires to rent, permanently, part of a house between 20th and 35th sts., and 6th and 9th avs. Rent not to exceed $350. Address Box No. 2,278 General Post-office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—AT HEMPSTEAD, L. I., A LARGE commodious dwelling house, with outbuildings and eight acres of land, beautifully located in a perfectly healthy and unobjectionable neighborhood, convenient to churches, schools, markets, stores and Post-office, and accessible four times daily by Railroad, the dépôt of which is within about five minutes' walk. Upon the premises there are several fine building sites, and an abundance of fruit and shade trees. An inspection is necessary to a due appreciation, and will be a sufficient recommendation of the premises, the whole or part of which will be sold. For further particulars apply to J. DIKEMAN, Jr., upon the premises, or at his office, No. 21 Halsey Building, Fulton-st., opposite City Hall, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A DELIGHTFUL country residence in Westchester County, one hours' ride from New-York; cottage house, and nine *full lots of ground; choice fruit trees,* shrubbery and grapes; one block from the dépôt; no incumbrance. Will exchange for lots in New-York, or for improved property, and pay from $2,000 to $3,000 cash.
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FOR COUNTRY HOUSES.—ARCHITECTURAL designs, new, original and complete, or made to order, $5 each, by JOHN P. GAYNOR, Architect and superintendent of over 3,000 fine buildings. Office No. 182 Broadway.

FARMS.

VIRGINIA FARM FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For City, Brooklyn or Williamsburgh property, or for land within 21 miles of New-York. Woodstock Farm is situated in Chesterfield County, Va., contains 602 acres, is near 20 miles from Richmond, not 15 from Petersburgh, nor is it half a mile from Clover Hill Railroad, which joins the Richmond and Petersburgh Railway, conducting to both cities, and it is within 26 hours travel of New-York. The buildings are numerous, great part new within the past 18 months, and all are in first-rate order. Fruit trees of various kinds, a noble and never-failing spring of the purest water, and a grove of large oak trees are near the residence, which is on slightly elevated ground, having southern aspect, lawn, &c., in front, good garden and yard in the rear, and for healthiness cannot be surpassed. The land is well adapted for wheat, tobacco, oats and corn, and is beautifully wooded and watered; a sufficiency is perfectly cleared and under cultivation, part thereof being finely set in clover. For particulars, apply to F. MORGAN, No. 11 Pine-st.; to SYLVESTER LAY, No. 16 Wall-st.; or to CHARLES MIDDLETON, the proprietor of the farm, who may be seen, till the 22d inst., at the United States Hotel, Fulton-st., New-York.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—I offer for sale, privately, two farms situated in the County of Chesterfield, State of Virginia: one called "Grassland," situated within one mile and overlooking the city of Petersburg, containing 265 acres, with all *necessary buildings for the accommodation of a large family; with well-constructed out-houses for the preser*vation of crops and sheltering stock, &c. This farm is beautifully situated, and in a high state of improvement; *all having been recently limed and well set in clover.* Whether as a pleasant residence or for agricultural or gardening purposes a more desirable farm is rarely afforded in eastern Virginia. The other farm, called the "Isle of Pines," is situated fifteen miles from the city of Petersburgh, containing 683 acres, and is well adapted to the growth of Corn, Wheat and Tobacco; much of this track is in virgin growth, and heavily timbered with pine, oak, hickory, ash, &c. The farms are offered because other and pressing engagements forbid my attention to them; and will be sold on accommodating terms, both as to price and time. Address me, Winterpock Post-office, Chesterfield County, Va.
JAMES H. COX.

DESIRABLE FARM FOR SALE AT FONDASBUSH, FULTON COUNTY, N. Y.—Eight miles from Amsterdam, on the New-York Central Railroad and nine miles from Johnstown, the County seat. There are three dwelling-houses on the farm, all pleasantly situated in the village. The farm contains 104 acres, all good tillable land with the exception of seven acres of woodland. It is well watered by springs, and a fine large stream of water runs through it. The land is free of stones, is a fine, rich soil, easily tilled, and under a high state of cultivation. The barns, out-houses and fences are in good repair, and it is decidedly the most desirable farm in that vicinity. The roads are good, and a plank road runs to Amsterdam. It is a fine, healthy country. One mile east *is* a large village containing about 1,500 inhabitants. Whether as a pleasant residence or for agricultural purposes a more desirable farm is rarely offered. *For full particulars inquire at* No. 38 Ferry-st.

REAL ESTATE ON LONG ISLAND.—THE real estate of the late Dr. CARLL, of Jericho, Queens County, consisting of improved and unimproved lands, *(near the railroad stations,) woodlands, &c., over a* thousand acres, in Queens and Suffolk Counties, will be sold at Hicksville, on TUESDAY, the 27th of September, at 1 o'clock. For further particulars, inquire of JOHN J. ARMSTRONG, Esq., Referee, Jamaica, or ALBERT G. CARLL, Jericho.

FARM FOR SALE.—A FINE FARM OF 480 acres, 100 of which are in cultivation, situated on the turnpike, 4 miles from Parkersburgh, Virginia, and 1½ miles from the Ohio River. The orchard is very large and fine. Would be exchanged for good improved Brooklyn or New-York property. Parkersburgh is connected with Baltimore by railroad. Apply to W. M. LAPSLEY, No. 26 Nassau-st., room No. 19.

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NOTICE.—SAMPLE PACKAGES OF MESSRS. John Gibson, Sons & Co.'s celebrated old Monongahela Rye Whiskeys, distilled at the Gibsonton Mills, on the Monongahela River, are now ready for examination at their agency office, No. 83 Front-st. F. A. STOKES.

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FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON THE CORNER OF 5th-av. and 41st-st., each 25 feet 2 inches front by 90 feet deep.

Also, the corner of 5th-av. and 39th-st., 30 feet front by 100 feet deep.

Also, corner 5th-av. and 52d-st., 25 feet 2 inches by 100 feet.

Also, a plot of 12 lots, corner 5th av. and 63d-st.

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FOR SALE—MURRAY-HILL PROPERTY.—The following first-class Houses:
2 Houses on 36th-st., near 4th-av., $20,000 each.
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3 Houses on 37th-st., near Madison-av., $25,000 each.
For particulars apply to EDWARD WOOD, No. 180 Fulton-st.

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FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE, A VERY DESIRable cottage, with two full lots of ground, situated in one of the best neighborhoods in the City, in Oxford-st., near Fulton-av. The cottage has furnace, range, gas and fixtures. *Will be sold at a bargain. Possession given immediately.* Apply to J. DAVENPORT, Fulton-av., corner of Oxford-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 122 WEST 4th-st.; lot 28½ feet front by 101 feet deep; the house is in perfect order, containing all the modern improvements. It is handsomely furnished with the best of furniture, made to order, and will be sold with the house, if desired. For particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—THE SUBSTANTIAL THREE-STORY brick house, 50 feet deep, containing 15 rooms, and sub-cellar, in one of the finest avenues in the City of Brooklyn, within 5 minutes walk of the Fulton-av. cars. Apply on the premises, No. 256 Carlton-av., near Lafayette.

TO HOTEL KEEPERS AND OTHERS.—For sale or exchange for New-York, Brooklyn, or Jersey City property, a Hotel situated at one of the principal stations on the New-York and Erie Railroad. For further particulars, inquire at the Dry Dock Iron Works, No. 435 East 10th-st., East River, New-York.

FOR SALE, LEASE OR TO LET—A FINE, large, commodious house, in good order, containing 16 rooms, suitable for a genteel boarding-house, on East Broadway, between Catharine and Market sts.; parties leasing the premises can purchase the furniture. For terms, apply to MAGNUS BROS., No. 204 Fulton-st.

FOR SALE—ON THE 5TH-AV., ABOVE 23D-ST., an extra-size, elegant stone-front house, furnished, together with stable, built in the best manner, for the use of the owner, who designs going to Europe. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.,
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FOR SALE—THREE NEW BROWN-STONE front houses, Nos. 15, 19 and 21 Second-place, Brooklyn; three stories and basement, bath-room, marble wash-basins, with Nassau water, furnace, range, &c., &c. Will be sold low to close an estate. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 90 Beaver-st.

FOURTH STREET.—FOR SALE—HOUSE AND lot on Fourth-st., 26½ feet front, 101 feet deep. House contains the modern improvements and in perfect order. Furnished with the best of furniture, made to order; will be sold separate or together. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

GREENPOINT PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A two-story house, with store attached, suitable for any kind of business; good cellar; grape vines, &c.; to be sold at a bargain. Apply to C. MONTROSS, Java-st., 5th lot east of Union-av. No agents need apply.

FOR SALE—NEAR THE CITY HALL, BROOKlyn, a small, three-story brick house in a first-rate neighborhood, in complete order, being newly painted and papered. Very low for cash; large portion on mortgage. Call upon, or address, Mr. VAN BEUREN, No. 396 Broadway.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW FIRST-CLASS FOUR-story, high-stoop, brown-stone houses, well located on 2d-av., corner of 18th-st.; finished with all the modern improvements. Price $13,000 and $9,500. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—NEAR THE ATLANtic Docks, Brooklyn, a fire-proof brick building, 100 feet square, 50x100, two stories, with a first-class engine and an ample supply of Ridgewood water. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 90 Beaver-st., New-York.

VERY DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS, with a building loan, for sale; well situated in a rapidly improving neighborhood. Apply to C. MARTINDALE, No. 167 Broadway, third floor.

TO EXCHANGE.—EIGHT HOUSES AND LOTS (now rented and paying 10 per cent. interest) will be exchanged for any good unimproved lots on New-York Island by CALDWELL & JANES, No. 20 Broadway.

GOING WEST.—RESIDENCE WANTED IN A Western city, which must be unencumbered, and for which improved New-York property will be given, at fair prices. Address Mr. BRYAN, Box 781 Post-office.

THREE SECOND-HAND SAFES—WILDER'S & Herring's Patent. Also, two jeweler's safes, large and small sizes. For sale low at No. 98 Maiden-lane, New-York.

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STUBS' FILES, TOOLS AND WIRE,
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Architectural Iron Works,
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East Broadway stages pass in rear of office; South-st. stages pass in front of the office. Manufacturers of the iron work of *New-York Times* Building and balance of the block; Union Bank, Nos. 498 and 500 Broadway, &c., &c. Particular attention paid to vault extensions and other alterations. References—*New-York Times* vault, *Express* vault, 21st-st. and Broadway vault, &c.

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For saving fuel in steam-boilers. The most sensitive and efficient instrument of the kind.
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ASHCROFT'S (Bourdon) **STEAM GUAGE.**—Perfectly reliable, handsomely made, and warranted, *at very low prices.* C. W. COPELAND,
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LOST—ON TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 13, IN going from Amity-st. through Court, Livingston and Boerum sts. to Fulton-av., a lady's GOLD HUNTING WATCH, with chatelaine, three gold lockets, black cross, and two gold rings attached. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at No. 137 Amity-st., Brooklyn, or at the office of the Resolute Fire Insurance Co., No. 19 Nassau-st., New-York.

$25 REWARD.—LOST, A PAIR OF DIAMOND cluster EAR-RINGS, in a blue velvet box, in Broadway, between Ball, Black & Co.'s store and Taylor's Saloon. The above reward will be paid to the finder on returning the same to BALL, BLACK & CO., No. 247 Broadway, corner Murray-st.

LOST—IN THIRD-AVENUE, BETWEEN 13TH and 28th sts., between the hours of 9 and 10 P. M., a gold filagree set dark Lava BREAST-PIN. The finder, on returning the same to the address of WM. ROSS, No. 126 East 13th-st., will be rewarded.

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HEREDITARY DISEASE, RESULTING from the early indiscretions of youth, and the deteriorating effect of the mineral agents frequently employed, can both be expelled from the system by the use of "TRIESEMAR." Elaborately explained in "Human Frailty," a book sold by Dr. BARROW, No. 194 Bleecker-st., four doors below McDougal-st., New-York. Price 25 cents. Sent free everywhere. Sold also by
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And at APOTHECARIES' HALL,
Corner of Pineapple and Fulton sts., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHARLES D. HAMMOND, M. D.,
Pupil of RICORD, of Paris, and also of Professors GILMAN and VALENTINE MOTT, of this City, continues to be consulted on all Diseases of a Private Nature, Spermatorrhoea, &c., &c., at No. 61 Bleecker-st., a few doors east of Broadway. Complicated cases, including Scrofulous, Mercurial and Chronic affections, skillfully treated. Office hours from 9 to 3 and 6 to 9. Consultations in the principal languages.

Dr. HAMMOND has recently published a new and really important Work on the cure of LOCAL DEBILITY (Spermatorrhoea) and its results, including all Nervous Affections, by an entirely new, original and successful method. Price $1. United States postage included.

BURDSALL'S ARNICA LINIMENT FOR BURNS.
READ THE EVIDENCE.

My daughter was scalded with hot water to such an extent that my physician said she must die. I bathed her freely with Arnica Liniment, which gave instant relief. I continued its use, and am happy to say she is perfectly well, and not scarred. CHAS. F. SONNEBORN,
Stationer, No. 142 Nassau-st.
For sale at No. 26 Beekman-st.; New-York.

FRENCH PRIVATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE.
DR. LACOSTE, OF PARIS, CURES
At No. 512 Broadway,
By the new French method,
All Secret Diseases, Weaknesses,
And Female Affections.
Hours from 11 to 4, and 7 to 9, every day.

DR. WATSON HAS, FOR A LONG SERIES of years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated a large number of cases with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are mild and there is no interruption to business. Dr. WATSON receives patients in separate consulting rooms, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M., at No. 459 Broome-st., second block west of Broadway.

Dr. WATSON'S Work, THE CAUSE AND CURE, issued simultaneously in London and New-York, is the only one which clearly explains the nature and mode of treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES in all their different forms; and treats, also, in full, of SPERMATORRHOEA, the result of early indiscretion, excess or other causes. Anatomical plates of a superior kind, and drawings of every form of disease. Price $1, post paid. "Dr. WATSON'S work has been written by a person of great practical knowledge, and we cordially recommend it."—*Medical Journal.* Sold by the author, as above; also, by
CHAS. MILLER, No. 436 Broadway, New-York.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, MARRIED AND SINGLE, IN HEALTH OR DISEASE.—DR. LARMONT'S PARIS, LONDON AND NEW-YORK MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE, 20th edition. Over 400 pages, 12mo, cloth, about one hundred electrotyped engravings. Price $1. Sold, also, by Wm. A. Townsend & Co., No. 46 Walker-st., near Broadway. Among its contents is the Anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction; European Hospital practice; quacks, (advertisers,) their receipts and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment. At No. 647 Broadway, up stairs, three blocks above St. Nicholas Hotel, New-York, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Thursday, till 9 P. M.

We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work.—*Courier des Etats Unis, German Die Reform, Sunday Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, National Democrat, Essex Standard, Rahway Advocate, Empire City, Police Gazette, New-York Pick, New-Brunswick Times, Mercury, Atlas, &c.*

NUMEROUS WELL-KNOWN CITIZENS will certify to the wonderful remedial qualities of STEINFELD'S CELEBRATED COGNAC BITTERS.
They stimulate the appetite and assist digestion.
They cure the Piles.
They cure the Dysentery.
They cure the Diarrhoea.
They cure Billious Diarrhoea and Ague.
Sold at S. STEINFELD'S, No. 70 Nassau-st., and at all the druggists and bars in the City.

DR. WARD, NO. 483 BROADWAY, PERFORMS the only permanent and satisfactory cure of private diseases. Remember, all afflicted, that by consulting Dr. WARD you will immediately experience that Richard's himself again. Cure guaranteed, and the medicines provided for $1. Female diseases successfully treated. His monthly pills, $1 per box, never fail of effect intended. Try them, all ladies in certain situations. Office No. 483 Broadway, next to Wallack's Theatre. Arranged so that patients never meet. Attendance till 10 P. M. Consultations gratis.

DR. RALPH, AUTHOR OF THE PRACTICAL *Private Treatise,* &c., offices corner of Houston and Crosby sts., (No. 139 Crosby-st.;) hours, 10½ to 2, and 6 to 9, Sunday excepted. The author's reputation in this specialty guarantees the most scientific and honorable treatment. Stricture, sexual insufficiency, &c., radically cured by means exclusively his own, the result of an immense experience. Recent cases of disease cured immediately.

WATTS' NERVOUS ANTIDOTE—THE great regulator of the nervous system; gives cheerfulness to the desponding mind, relieves pain, restores refreshing sleep, and invigorates without reaction. Wholesale of F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 115 Franklin-st. Retail of druggists generally, and of the proprietor, Dr. J. T. STRATTON, No. 111 4th-av., New-York.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-STREET, may be consulted on all diseases of a private nature. 25 years exclusively devoted to the treatment of secret disease enables him to warrant a cure in all cases undertaken. The victims of misplaced confidence who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on DR. HUNTER at first, the Hunterian Dispensary, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION. Dr. HUNTER has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence, is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease, exposes the fallacy of the modern modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

DENTISTRY.

A CLEAN AND WHOLESOME APPEARANCE OF THE MOUTH IS THE STRONGEST LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION.—Pain and loss of teeth entirely prevented by my new method of filling, which is warranted. Teeth and fangs ingeniously removed without sensation. Old sets exchanged, fitted or repaired; and new sets in handsome style. VINCENT W. BATE, Dentist, 839 Broadway, corner 13th-st.

THE ONLY WAY TO KEEP A GOOD SET of teeth is to have the digestive organs in good order, and this can be obtained by the use of the CORDIAL COGNAC BITTERS. They are the best bitters now in the market. For sale by S. STEINFELD, No. 70 Nassau-st., sole importer, and by all grocers, hotels and druggists.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

BAY HORSE FOR SALE.—A HANDSOME bay horse, sixteen hands and one inch high, a good traveler, sound and gentle; would do well for a coupé or as a match for the carriage; is recently from the country; sold because too large for present owner's use. May be seen from 1 to 4 P. M. at WHITCOMB'S stables, Astoria, L. I., adjoining the Hurlgate Ferry.

WHEN YOU SEE S. STEINFELD'S SPAN of little ponies, stop the wagon and order a supply of the CORDIAL COGNAC BITTERS, for they are the only safe and sure cure for Diarrhoea, Billious Fevers, Agues, Piles, &c. Call at the Dépôt, and see the testimonials. No. 70 Nassau-st., corner of John-st.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived by the undersigned School Officers of the 14th Ward, at the Hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until Wednesday, the 21st inst., at 12 o'clock M., for stoves and other apparatus, according for heating and ventilating the new building for Ward School No. 19, in 14th-st., in said Ward, according to specifications on file, and to be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-st.

The School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.
WM. HIBBARD,
GEO. A. JEREMIAH,
JOHN J. DYMOND, } Building Committee.
FRANCIS DUNCAN,
JAS. CUSHING, JR.,

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of Ulster, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against ALMON CANFIELD, late of Malden, in the town of Saugerties, County of Ulster, and State of New-York, deceased, that they are required to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the executer of the last will and testament of the said deceased, at his residence, No. 20 East Fiftieth-street, in the City of New-York, or at the office of PETER CANTINE, in the village of Saugerties, Ulster County, N. Y., on or before the 1st day of January, 1860.—Dated June 21, 1859. DANIEL W. QUINBY, Executor.
je22-law6mTh

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of RICHARD ROGERS, late of the City of New-York, merchant, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their office, No. 242 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of September next.—Dated New-York, March 16, 1859.
HENRY ROBINSON, } Ex'rs.
MATTHEW DALY,
mh17-law6mTh

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ISAAC DEVOE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her residence in the village of Yonkers, Westchester County, New-York, on or before the 4th day of September next.—Dated New-York, March 2, 1859.
MIRIAM C. DEVOE, Administratrix.
mh3—law6mTh

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H. SIMMONS, late of the City of New-York, merchant, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the office of JOHN H. MORRELL, Esq., No. 120 Roosevelt-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of November next.—Dated New-York, May 10, 1859.
JOHN H. MORRELL, } Executors.
WILLIAM S. LEDLAM,
my12-law6mTh

FINANCIAL.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 7 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS, AND
NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
HEREBY ISSUE CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT (Also Circular Notes and Letters of Credit payable in Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, Belgium, Italy, Portugal, Spain, Russia, Switzerland, Sweden, Denmark, Constantinople, Alexandria, Beyrout, Jerusalem, Cairo, &c., &c.
BILLS ON PARIS, and Sterling Bills, at short or 30 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK AND ERIE R. R. CO.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 6, 1859.
NOTICE.—THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE NEW-York and Erie Railroad Company are hereby notified that the annual election for Directors for the ensuing year will be held at No. 48 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, Oct. 11. The polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.
The transfer books will be closed at 2 o'clock on the 29th instant, and open the day after the election.
By order of the Board,
HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 80 Wall-st.,
Have letters of credit for travelers available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. Rothschilds of Paris, Messrs. Frankfort, Naples, and Vienna, and their correspondents.

EUGENE THOMPSON,
AUCTIONEER AND BROKER,
No. 37 William-st., buys and sells Stocks and Bonds at Brokers' Board; Insurance Stock at private sale. Table of Insurance stocks sent on application.

PARTIES WHO ARE ASSOCIATED IN establishing a first-class Marine Insurance Company would be pleased to receive proposals from gentlemen of experience in the business of underwriting with the view of selecting officers and filling positions. Communications, with particulars, and the amount of stock that could possibly be influenced in a first-class company, will be treated with strict confidence. Address INSURANCE, Box No. 3,707 Post-office.

SUBSCRIPTION TO STOCK IN SOUTHERN BANK OF ST. LOUIS.—Books of subscription to one hundred thousand dollars of the increased capital stock of the SOUTHERN BANK OF ST. LOUIS, will be opened at Bank of Commerce, in New-York, on the 1st September, proximo, and kept open for the space of fifteen days, unless the whole amount shall be sooner subscribed for. Dividends on stocks so subscribed for will be payable in New-York. H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK.—CORner of 23d-st. and 3d-ave.—Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8. Married women and children have a law in their behalf of all deposits made by them in this bank. Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. allowed on all deposits of $1,000 and under. All deposits made on or before the 10th October will draw interest from the 1st.
J. N. LOCKEY, Actuary. S. E. GREEN, President.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE Bondholders of the TERRE HAUTE, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD CO., will be held at No. 18 William-st., in the City of New-York, on the 22d inst. at 12 o'clock.
Holders of all classes of the Bonds of this Company are invited to attend. ROBERT BAYARD, Pres't.
THOMAS DENNY, Secretary.

NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED STAGE COMPANY.—DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five per Cent., payable on and after Sept. 15, at the Pacific Bank. The transfer books will be closed from the 12th to the 15th of September inclusive.
J. CAMPBELL, Jr., Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 6, 1859.

OFFICE OF THE PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
BROOKLYN, Sept. 10, 1859.
DIVIDEND.—THE TRUSTEES AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Ten per Cent., payable on demand at their branch office, No. 48 Wall-st., New-York.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

HOLDERS OF UNITED STATES COUPON Bonds, six per cent. Bonds, redeemable in 1874, issued under act of June 14, 1858, may exchange the same for interchangeable stock of same issue, on terms ascertainable on application to DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

BILLS $21 UPWARDS ON UNION BANK, London, and Royal Bank of Ireland, for sale by WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 63 Broadway.

$7,000 TO $10,000 WANTED ON VALuable improved leased property on Broadway, worth double the amount. Apply on the premises, No. 888 Broadway, first floor.

SIGHT AND TIME BILLS ON ALL THE Southern cities, purchased by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

GAS-LIGHT STOCKS PAYING 8 TO 12 per cent. dividend for sale by JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

INSURANCE.

METROPOLITAN
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 106 BROADWAY,
CORNER OF PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.
CASH CAPITAL.....$300,000
This Company, having a cash capital exceeded by those of only three other City Companies, continues to insure all kinds of Personal Property, Buildings, Ships in port, and their Cargoes, on terms as low as are consistent with the security of the insurers and the insured.
DIRECTORS:
JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President.
JOSEPH B. VARNUM, HENRY V. BUTLER,
LEONARD APPLEBY, JOSEPH B. VARNUM, Jr.,
FRED'K. H. WALCOTT, JAS. LOR. GRAHAM, Jr.,
WILLIAM K. STRONG, BOWES R. McILVAINE,
MOSES TAYLOR, GILBERT L. BEECKMAN,
JAMES O. SHELDON, JOHN C. HENDERSON,
DANIEL PARISH, LORRAIN FREEMAN,
GUSTAVUS A. CONOVER, EDWARD MACOMBER,
MARTIN BATES, Jr., WATSON E. CASE,
DUDLEY S. FULLER, CHARLES E. APPLEBY,
CHARLES L. VOSE, SAM'L D. BRADFORD, Jr.
WARREN DELANO, Jr.
EDWARD A. STANSBURY, Secretary.
ROBERT C. RAYMOND, Ass't. Secretary.

EQUITABLE INSURANCE COMPANY.—NO. 124 WALL-ST.—ECONOMY AND SECURITY IN FIRE INSURANCE.—Fire Insurance combining the mutual plan with the capital stock principle.
The charter of this Company requires that 50 per cent. of the profits shall be annually divided to the assured in scrip bearing interest.
This Company has been in operation for five years, during which time it has declared to its dealers one hundred and twenty-five per cent. of their premiums. They insure against loss and damage by fire at the lowest current rates of solvent Companies.
The security offered to insurers is an accumulating one, their surplus being now nearly as large as their capital.
All persons who may have held policies issued by this Company, expiring in 1858, 1857 or 1856, and have not already received their scrip, which they may be entitled to, are requested to call and take it, together with the dividend which is payable annually in cash.
Under the charter, all scrip not called for in six years from its date of issue, inures to the Company.
ROBERT S. HONE, President.
DUNCAN P. QUERY, Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—MERCHANDISE, FOR WHICH FARming lands in Michigan and cash, will be given in payment. The lands are well located, timbered and watered; are susceptible of high cultivation, and are cheap at the prices offered. Parties having merchandise to dry goods preferred, which they are desirous of selling for such payment, may address T., Box No. 1,326 Post-office.

$5,000 TO $10,000 WANTED—IN A RELiable mechanical business, very profitable and attended with no risk, the sales being exclusively for cash. The advertiser is a practical mechanic and business man, and would make such an arrangement as could not fail to be extremely lucrative, and can give the most satisfactory references as to ability and integrity. Address A. H., Box No. 130 Times Office.

NEW-YORK TUBE WORKS FOR SALE —comprising one steam-engine and boiler, 20-horse power, all the machinery and tools connected with the wrought-iron pipe business, on easy terms, with a good run of cash customers; any person in want of a good paying business, this cannot be equaled. For particulars, inquire of Mr. E. LUMB, West 34th-st., 11th-av., North River.

$200 WANTED—A PARTNER TO ENwith the above amount; $25 per week will be guaranteed and security given. Address, stating where an interview may be had at once, J. G. HALLER, Box No. 78 Times Office.

PATENT FOR SALE.—CAPITALISTS ARE SOlicited to examine an invention by which an enormous fortune can be made in a very short time; it has been patented in France, England and America, and only wants to be brought before the public. Office No. 240 Bulkhead-st., 2d story. Office hours, from 12 to 2 o'clock.

FOR SALE—A STEAM PROPELLER, CAPABLE of carrying 150 tons, and can be run with two tons coal per 24 hours; engine and boiler new and in good order. For further particulars, inquire at the Dry Dock Iron Works, No. 435 East 10th-st., E. R., New-York.

WANTED $12,000—TO INCREASE A WELLestablished and profitable manufacturing business in this City, with an active or silent partner. Best of references given and required. Address E. C., Broadway Post-Office, stating where an interview may be had.

FASHIONABLE SALOON, NO. 244 GRAND-ST.—The lease, stock and furniture of this elegant and well-established saloon and place of resort, for sale on liberal terms. Apply on the premises, to EDGAR T. FANNING.

STAMPING STOCK.—FOR SALE, A SMALL, but well-established, with the fixtures and lease to a first-rate stand for business. A good opening for one with small capital. $1,000 cash, balance ... Apply to S., Box No. 115 Times Office.

PRINTING OFFICE FOR SALE—ON easy terms, comprising steam engine and boiler, cylinder press, types, &c. For particulars ... No. 19 Maiden-lane and 9 Liberty-st., up stairs.

SALE—THE STOCK AND GOOD-WILL OF ... grocery store. Inquire after 6 o'clock in the ... No. 83 Stanton-st., Brooklyn.

PRINTING & VISITING CARDS

WEDDELL'S THESE CELEBRATED ... elegantly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

STEAMBOATS.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN NAVIGATION COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
STEAMERS
SYLVAN GROVE, Capt. Lossmann, and SYLVAN GROVE, Capt. Mosier.

LEAVE HARLEM.		LEAVE PECK-SLIP.	
6 A. M.	1 P. M.	7 A. M.	3:15 P. M.
7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 A. M.	4:15 P. M.
9 A. M.	4:15 P. M.	9:45 A. M.	5:15 P. M.
10 A. M.	5:15 P. M.	11 A. M.	6:15 P. M.
10:30 A. M.	6:15 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	7:15 P. M.

Landing at 126th-st. and 132d-st. each way; connecting each trip with
STAGES TO HIGH BRIDGE,
and stages to Mott Haven, Melrose, Morrisania, Tremont, West Farms, &c.
Fare to Harlem, 6 cents.
J. M. WATSON, Secretary.

TIME TABLE—SEPTEMBER, 1859.
SHREWSBURY, HIGHLANDS, OCEAN HOUSE, PLEASURE BAY, LONG BRANCH, (direct,) AND BRANCH PORT.—The new and splendid steamer LONG BRANCH, Capt. GEO. FRANCE LEMON, will run as follows from foot of Robinson-st.:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE BRANCH PORT.	
Wednes. Sept. 7,	3:30 P. M.	Wednes. Sept. 7,	10 A. M.
Thurs. Sept. 8,	3:30 P. M.	Thurs. Sept. 8,	10:30 A. M.
Friday. Sept. 9,	3:30 P. M.	Friday. Sept. 9,	8 A. M.
Saturd. Sept. 10,	3:30 P. M.	Saturd. Sept. 10,	6:30 A. M.
Monday. Sept. 12,	3 P. M.	Monday. Sept. 12,	7 A. M.
Tuesd'y. Sept. 13,	3 P. M.	Tuesd'y. Sept. 13,	7 A. M.
Wednes. Sept. 14,	3 P. M.	Wednes. Sept. 14,	7 A. M.
Thurs. Sept. 15,	3:30 P. M.	Thurs. Sept. 15,	7 A. M.
Friday. Sept. 16,	4 P. M.	Friday. Sept. 16,	7 A. M.
Sunday. Sept. 18,	7 A. M.	Saturd. Sept. 17,	7 A. M.
Monday. Sept. 19,	12:30 P. M.	Sunday. Sept. 18,	12 M.
Tuesd'y. Sept. 20,	1:30 P. M.	Tuesd'y. Sept. 20,	8 A. M.
Wednes. Sept. 21,	2:30 P. M.	Wednes. Sept. 21,	9 A. M.
Thurs. Sept. 22,	3:30 P. M.	Thurs. Sept. 22,	10 A. M.
Friday. Sept. 23,	4 P. M.	Friday. Sept. 23,	11 A. M.
Sunday. Sept. 25,	7 A. M.	Saturd. Sept. 24,	6 A. M.
Monday. Sept. 26,	3 P. M.	Sunday. Sept. 25,	3 P. M.
Tuesd'y. Sept. 27,	3 P. M.	Tuesd'y. Sept. 27,	7 A. M.
Wednes. Sept. 28,	3 P. M.	Wednes. Sept. 28,	7 A. M.
Thurs. Sept. 29,	3:30 P. M.	Thurs. Sept. 29,	7 A. M.

TIME TABLE—SEPTEMBER, 1859.
SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH, HIGHLANDS, FORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S AND BROWN'S DOCK, FAIR HAVEN AND RED BANK.—The new and splendid steamer HIGHLAND LIGHT, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will run as follows from foot of Robinson-st.:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
We'day. Sept. 7,	11 A. M.	Wed'ay. Sept. 7,	3 P. M.
Thurs. Sept. 8,	12 M.	Th'day. Sept. 8,	4 P. M.
Friday. Sept. 9,	12:30 P. M.	Friday. Sept. 9,	4:30 P. M.
Saturd. Sept. 10,	1:30 P. M.	Sat'day. Sept. 10,	5 P. M.
Sunday. Sept. 11,	7 A. M.	Sunday. Sept. 11,	3 P. M.
Mond'y. Sept. 12,	7:30 A. M.	Mo'day. Sept. 12,	2:30 P. M.
Tuesd'y. Sept. 13,	8 A. M.	Tu'day. Sept. 13,	3:30 P. M.
We'day. Sept. 14,	8 A. M.	Wed'ay. Sept. 14,	3:30 P. M.
Th'day. Sept. 15,	8 A. M.	Th'day. Sept. 15,	4 P. M.
Friday. Sept. 16,	9 A. M.	Friday. Sept. 16,	4:30 P. M.
Sat'day. Sept. 17,	10:30 A. M.	Mo'day. Sept. 19,	7 A. M.
Tuesd'y. Sept. 20,	9 A. M.	Tuesd'y. Sept. 20,	8 A. M.
Wed'ay. Sept. 21,	10:30 A. M.	Wed'ay. Sept. 21,	2:30 P. M.
Th'day. Sept. 22,	11 A. M.	Th'day. Sept. 22,	3 P. M.
Friday. Sept. 23,	12 M.	Friday. Sept. 23,	4 P. M.
Sat'day. Sept. 24,	3 P. M.	Mo'day. Sept. 26,	7 P. M.
Tues'y. Sept. 27,	8 A. M.	Tu'day. Sept. 27,	2:30 P. M.
Wed'ay. Sept. 28,	8:30 A. M.	Wed'ay. Sept. 28,	3:30 P. M.
Th'day. Sept. 29,	8:30 A. M.	Th'day. Sept. 29,	4 P. M.

NORTHERN PASSENGER ROUTE BY steamers FRANCIS SKIDDY and COMMODORE, from foot of Liberty-st., EVERY EVENING, except Saturday, at 6 o'clock, to Troy, thence *via* Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad to Whitehall, there taking Lake steamers AMERICA, UNITED STATES or CANADA, for all ports on Lake Champlain, Montreal and Ogdensburgh. Fare to Rutland, $3 50; Burlington, $4 75; Plattsburgh, $5 50; Rouse's Point, $6 25; Ogdensburgh, $7; Montreal, $8 25. Apply, for through tickets, at Troy Steamboat Office, foot of Liberty-st.

NEW-JERSEY STATE FAIR AT ELIZABETHPORT, Sept. 13, 14, 15 and 16, 1859. Central Railroad of New-Jersey. Steamboats RED JACKET, WYOMING and KILL VON KULL, leave Pier No. 2 North River, daily, at 7:30, 9, and 11:45 A. M., and 1, 4, 5, 5:45 P. M. Returning, leave Elizabethport at 6, 7:15, 8:45 and 11:27 A. M., and 2, 4, and 5:30 P. M. Time occupied in making trip, one hour. Fare, from New-York to Fair Grounds, and return, 48 cents. Passengers are landed within 20 feet of the main entrance to the fair grounds.

DAILY FOR HARTFORD, DIRECT.—FROM Peck-slip, East River, at 4 o'clock P. M., steamers CITY OF HARTFORD, on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS; and GRANITE STATE, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS.
DANIEL A. MILLS, Agent.

FOR NEWPORT AND PROVIDENCE.—Reduced rates of passage; Cabin, $2; Deck, $1; no charge for Berths. The steamer GOVERNOR, F. B. FRENCH, Commander, will leave Pier No. 6, North River, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply at No. 25 Coenties-slip, or on board.

FOR FLUSHING, COLLEGE POINT, ST. RONANS WELL.—The Steamer ENOCH DEAN leaves Fulton Market Slip 9½ A. M.; 1¾, 5 P. M. Leaves Flushing at 7½, 11¾ A. M.; 3 P. M. Low fare, 15 cents. Excursion tickets to go and return, 25 cents.

FOR BRIDGEPORT—FARE 50 CENTS.—THE steamer BRIDGEPORT leaves Peck-slip, East River, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock noon, arriving in time to connect with Naugatuck, Housatonic and New-Haven trains.

FOR NEW-HAVEN.—THE STEAMER ELM CITY will leave Peck-slip, East River, EVERY DAY, at 3 P. M. The steamer TRAVELER, EVERY NIGHT, at 11, arriving in time for the early morning trains.
RICHARD PECK, Agent.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—Steamer METAMORA, from foot of Jay-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 7 A. M.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after Wednesday, June 1, 1859, trains will leave 26th-st. station, New-York, as follows:
7:45 and 9:30 A. M.; 2:30 and 5:30 P. M., Williams' Bridge 11:30 A. M.; 4 and 5 P. M.—White Plains.
8:15 P. M., from White and Centre sts.—White Plains.
4:30 P. M.—Dover Plains.
9:30 A. M.—Mail Train—Albany.
RETURNING, WILL LEAVE
Dover Plains—6:30 A. M.
White Plains—5 and 7 A. M.; 3 and 6 P. M.
Williams' Bridge—8:40 and 9:30 A. M.; 1 and 5 P. M.
Albany—11:30 A. M.—Mail Train.
W. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after MONDAY, April 4, 1859, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st. as follows, viz.: Dunkirk Express, at 6 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and principal intermediate stations. Mail Train, at 8 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations. Rockland Passenger, at 3:30 P. M., from foot of Harrison-st., via Piermont, for Suffern and intermediate stations. Way Passenger at 4 P. M., for Newburgh, Middletown and intermediate stations. Night Express at 6 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted. These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse; at Corning with the Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad, for Rochester at Buffalo; at Great Bend with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; at Hornellsville with the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad; and at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.
NATHANIEL MARSH, Receiver.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY —Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing May 16, 1859.—Leaves New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 3 North River, at 7:30 and 11:45 A. M., and at 4 P. M.; for Somerville, by above trains, and at 5:45 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st., at 7:10 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.
The 11:45 A. M. train from New-York makes a close connection at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and thence via East Pennsylvania Railroad to Reading without change of cars, and connects at Reading direct for Pottsville and Harrisburgh.
Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 11:45 only.
JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD CO.—Leave Fulton market slip for FLUSHING, per steamer MATTANO, at 9 A. M., 1 P. M., 4 P. M., and 6 P. M., connecting with cars at Hunter's Point. Returning, leave Flushing at 6:30, 8 and 10 A. M., and 3 and 5 P. M. Extra trains leave Hunter's Point for Flushing at 7:15 and 11:15 A. M.; returning, leave Flushing at 1 P. M.; passengers by this train will cross the 34th-st. Ferry. Fare 15 cents. Fare from Fulton-market slip, 25 cents. All above trains stop at the way stations, Calvary Cemetery, Winfield, New Town and West Flushing. On Sundays cars leave Hunter's Point for Flushing and all way stations at 8, 11, 1, 3, 5, 6:30 o'clock; returning, leave Flushing at 8, 10, 12, 2, 6 o'clock. Excursion tickets for the trip, 25 cents.
O. CHARLICK, President.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM SEPT. 5, 1859. Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains 8 and 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.; for Hudson 3:30 P. M.; for Sing Sing 8:45 A. M., and 4 and 10:30 P. M.; for Poughkeepsie 7:15 A. M. and 1:15 P. M.; for Tarrytown 2:45 and 5:45 P. M.; for Peekskill 5:30 P. M. The Hudson, Poughkeepsie, Peekskill, Sing Sing and Tarrytown Trains stop at most of the way stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:45, 8:30 and 10:35 A. M., and 3:55 P. M., and Albany about 15 minutes later. On Sunday at 5 P. M.
A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST FROM JERSEY CITY.—Mail and Express Line. Leaves New-York at 7, 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3. New-Jersey Accommodation, 12 M.; fare $2 25. Tickets sold for Cincinnati and West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 1 A. M. and 4 P. M.
J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

NEW-JERSEY STATE AGRICULTURAL FAIR AT ELIZABETH, 14TH, 15TH AND 16TH SEPTEMBER.—NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—All the way trains of the New-Jersey Railroad connect at Elizabeth with the trains on the Central Railroad to convey passengers to the "Fair-ground entrance," at reduced fares, with excursion tickets to go and return.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—LEAVE BROOKlyn for Greenport, Riverhead, Yaphank, North Islip, and Deer Park at 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Farmingdale, 10 A. M., 3:30 and 6:30 P. M. For Syosset, 12 M. and 6:30 P. M. For Hempstead, 10 A. M., 12 M., and 4, 4:30 and 6:30 P. M. For Jamaica, 10 A. M., 12 M., and 4, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30 and 7:15 P. M.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY —For Piermont, Nyack, Hackensack, Englewood, &c., leaves foot of Cortlandt-st. (Sunday excepted) at 9½ A. M., and 3½ and 5¾ P. M. Leaves Piermont at 8 and 7¾ A. M., and 3½ P. M.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

260 HOW TO LIVE CHEAP. 260
In order to effect a great saving in your housekeeping, purchase your
TEAS, WINES, GROCERIES, and PROVISIONS
of all kinds, at the Humboldt establishment of
THOMAS E. AGNEW,
No. 260 Greenwich-st., corner Murray.
Goods delivered free.

SHIPPING.

THREE STEAMERS A WEEK!
FOR THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, VIA
CHARLESTON, S. C.
TRI-WEEKLY U. S. MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.
For the better accommodation of passengers and shippers it has been decided to dispatch three steamers a week, thus affording shippers and passengers greater communication with the South.
The steamship COLUMBIA, Capt. BERRY, will leave here on TUESDAY, Sept. 13. To be followed by the JAMES ADGER, Capt. R. ADAMS, on THURSDAY, Sept. 15; and the MARION, Capt. FOSTER, on SATURDAY, Sept. 17.

NORTH ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP CO.
REGULAR THROUGH LINE
to
SAN FRANCISCO,
via
PANAMA RAILROAD,
and connecting only with steamers GOLDEN GATE, GOLDEN AGE, JOHN L. STEPHENS, and SONORA, of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company at Panama.
DIRECT TO ASPINWALL.
The splendid steamships BALTIC, ADRIATIC and ATLANTIC, having been entirely refitted and adapted to the California Trade, will hereafter run as above, leaving this port on the
5TH AND 20TH OF EACH MONTH,
from the foot of Canal-st., North River.
THE BALTIC,
4,000 tons burden, A. G. GRAY, Commander, will leave on THE 5TH OCTOBER, AT 2 P. M.,
to connect at Panama with the well-known and superior steamship JOHN L. STEPHENS, F. R. BABY, Commander.
THE ATLANTIC
will follow on the 20th October.
An experienced Surgeon is attached to each ship.
Through freight and passengers will be immediately forwarded upon arrival of the steamer at Aspinwall.
Each of the above steamships has capacity for 600 to 800 tons freight, which will be taken at moderate rates.
It is believed that the accommodation afforded by the above ships are unsurpassed by any in the world.
An extra ship is always in reserve at Panama, so that there will be no detention in forwarding passengers, baggage and freight.
For Cabin passage or freight, apply at the office of the Company, No. 68 Wall-st., front room, 2d story.
L. P. STEPHENS, Secretary.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMER ARAGO.
D. LINES, Commander,
Will leave for HAVRE, touching at SOUTHAMPTON to land the Mails and Passengers, on SATURDAY, September 17, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st.
This ship has five water-tight compartments, inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.
Price of passage in Second Cabin $75 and $60.
Baggage not wanted during the voyage, should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "Below."
For Freight or Passage, apply to W. S. DRAYTON, Agent, No. 7 Broadway.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$130
Second Cabin Passage.....75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$116
Second Cabin Passage.....60
The ships from Boston call at Halifax.
PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Millar.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.
These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, Sept. 14.
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves Boston Wednesday, Sept. 21.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, Sept. 28.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 5.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 12.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 19.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of this ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.—TRI-WEEKLY UNITED STATES MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.
Cabin Passage.....$15 Deck Passage.....$8
The favorite steamship JAMES ADGER, R. ADAMS, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on THURSDAY, Sept. 15, at 4 o'clock P. M. precisely.
Through tickets to the following places:

To New-Orleans	$30 75	To Augusta, Ga	$20 00
To Mobile	30 00	To Atlanta, Ga	23 00
To Montgomery	25 00	To Columbia, S. C	20 00
To Nashville	30 00	To Charlotte, N. C	23 00
To Memphis	33 50	To Jacksonville, Fla	21 00
To Knoxville	27 00	To Pilatka, Fla	22 00

For freight or passage, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.
The MARION, Capt. FOSTER, will succeed on SATURDAY, Sept. 17.

FOR ALEXANDRIA, WASHINGTON AND GEORGETOWN.—The New-York and Virginia screw steamship Company's new and first-class steamship MOUNT VERNON,
F. C. SMITH, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 12 North River, for the above ports, on SATURDAY, Sept. 17, at 3 P. M.
Cabin passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $7 50
Freight 8 cents per foot on measurement goods. Other articles in proportion, and received on Fridays and Saturdays.
No commission charged for forwarding.
No bills of lading signed after departure of steamer.
For freight or passage apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

FOR THE SOUTH—
NEW-ORLEANS AND MOBILE,
MONTGOMERY, ATLANTA, ALBANY, COLUMBUS, MACON, AUGUSTA, AND VARIOUS PLACES IN FLORIDA, via SAVANNAH, Ga.—The favorite steamship ALABAMA, Capt. GEO. R. SCHENCK, will leave on THURSDAY, Sept. 15, at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 4, North River. Through tickets can be had for the following places. Fare as low as by any other steamers from New-York to Savannah. Accommodations superior.

New-York to New-Orleans,	$39 75;	Mobile,	$35; Montgomery, Ala., $28;
Atlanta, Ga.,	$28;	Albany, Ga.,	$28; New-York to Columbus, Ga., $23;
Macon, Ga.,	$21;	Augusta,	$20; Savannah, $15.

For freight or passage apply to SAM'L L. MITCHELL & SON, No. 12 Broadway.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMship NEW-YORK, H. J. VON SANTEN, Commander, carrying the United States Mail, will sail positively on SATURDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 M.,
FOR
BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON,
Taking passengers for
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON and BREMEN,
at the following rates:
First Cabin, $100; Second Cabin, $60; Steerage, $36.
For freight or passage, apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 84 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—THE American Atlantic Screw Steamship Company's new and first-class steamship HUNTSVILLE, Jno. A. Post, Commander, will leave Pier No. 12, North River, on THURSDAY, Sept. 15, at 4 o'clock P. M. Cabin Passage to Savannah, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15. Through tickets to New-Orleans, $30 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $26; Albany, Ga., $24; Atlanta, $23; Columbus, $23; Macon, $21; Augusta, $20; also, to principal places in Florida at lowest rates. Insurance one-half per cent. Measurement goods 10 cents per foot; other goods in proportion. No commission charged for forwarding goods consigned to Agent Georgia Central Railroad Company. No bills of lading signed after departure of steamer. For freight or passage, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

REDUCED RATES.—THE NEW-YORK AND Virginia Steamship Company's steamships will receive freight every day for Tennessee, North Carolina, Portsmouth, Norfolk City Point and Richmond, and will leave Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:
ROANOKE, Capt. COUCH, on TUESDAY,
YORKTOWN, Capt. PARRISH, on THURSDAY,
JAMESTOWN, Capt. SKINNER, on SATURDAY.
Passage, stateroom included, to Norfolk, reduced to $6. Petersburgh and Richmond, stateroom included, reduced to $8. Meals 50 cents extra.
LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.
Freight taken on moderate terms.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.—THE BRITISH AND North American Royal Mail Steamship KARNAK, Capt. BROWNLESS, will sail for the above port, from the Company's wharf at Jersey City, after the arrival of the steamship PERSIA, which left Liverpool 8th inst., (about 15th September.)
Passage Money, $45.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-Green.

FOR HAVANA.—STEAMSHIP QUAKER CITY, R. W. SHUFELDT, Commander, authorized to carry the United States mail, to sail every 20 days from each port. This ship will be thoroughly refitted, and commence her regular Fall trips on Wednesday, Oct. 5, at 2 o'clock, P. M., from Pier No. 45 North River. For freight or passage apply to HARGOUS & CO., No. 33 South-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS ISSUED through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 252 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF CLERK OF BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, NO. 7 CITY HALL.—Sealed proposals will be received at this Office until Sept. 15, at 12 M., for 350 tons of the best Anthracite Coal, for the use of the Courts and offices of the county, the ton to be calculated at 2,200 pounds. Also, proposals for 50 cords of Kindling Wood, (Pine,) cut and split for use. The said Coal and Wood to be delivered at such times and places as the Committee may designate. The Committee reserve the right to reject any and all proposals.
PETER F. VOORHIS,
ISAAC BELL, Jr.,
WM. M. TWEED,
WM. R. STEWART,
ORISON BLUNT,
} Committee.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—ACCORDING to law, to all persons having claims against JOHN M. POST, late of the County of Richmond, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the Executor and Executrix of the last will and testament of the said deceased, at the residence of Joshua Merserean, in the town of Castleton, in said County, on or before the 15th day of March next. —Dated Sept. 5, A. D. 1859.
MARY POST, Executrix.
JOSHUA MERSEREAU, Executor.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—THE RECEIVER of Taxes gives notice that the PERSONAL TAXES of Residents and non-Residents for the year 1859, will be received by him on and after the 12th SEPTEMBER, inst.
Due notice will be given of the time when TAXES on REAL ESTATE can be paid.
JAMES KELLY, Receiver.

THE PUBLIC ARE INVITED TO CALL on S. STEINFELD, No. 79 Nassau-st., and see the testimonials of the efficacy of the CORDIAL COGNAC BITTERS in curing all diseases of the bowels and digestive organs.

J. T. BAR

[illegible] GREAT SALT LAKE.

[illegible]—Affairs in the Territory.

From Our Own Correspondent.

[illegible], U. T., Tuesday, Aug. 16, 1859.

Judge Eckels's Court, in Great Salt Lake City, has been the occasion of a great deal of excitement, and some bloodshed. The case that I mentioned in my last of Franklin E. McNeil against Brigham Young, for false imprisonment, has resulted in the death of McNeil. The circumstances of the case are these:

In 1857 McNeil and a man named Farris, were arrested on Brigham's order and placed in irons, without any process of law, and with no other allegations against them than that they were American citizens, and devoted to their Government. The prisoners, during the Mormon stampede, effected their escape, and reached the Army in a destitute condition. McNeil afterward instituted the suit above-named, laying his damages at $25,000. He got a rule against Young to answer, but before the time appointed had arrived McNeil was shot down in the street. This was Brigham's final answer; for, of course, the suit dies with him. No arrests have been made, nor is it certainly known who committed the deed, as it was done at night, and the assassin, as soon as he fired, turned and fled; but suspicion rests upon the infamous Porter Rockwell, and also upon a man named John Martin.

Another case yet more aggravated has recently occurred. Some time last Winter the Commanding General ordered that the settlers be cleared off the Government Reservation in Rush Valley, where they were engaged in selling whiskey, near a detachment of the army, and keeping a hotel which was used as a rendezvous for thieves engaged in stealing Government mules. Lieuts. Marshall and Murray were sent to execute the order. They notified the settlers and appointed a time for them to vacate. All the settlers moved off at once, but in a few days afterward one Howard Spencer returned and reoccupied the house, and when asked whether he was not going to vacate, replied "No." His uncle, President Spencer, of Salt Lake City, had told him not to go; or words to that effect. Sergeant Pike was then ordered to take a small party of soldiers and force him to leave. When he approached the house Spencer attacked him with a pitchfork, and in self-defence Pike struck him over the head with his gun, inflicting a severe wound, for which the Grand Jury, of which President Spencer is a member, found an indictment against him, and a warrant was sent for his arrest. Pike was sent to the City for trial, accompanied by three of his companions as witnesses, and on the 11th instant, as the party were returning peaceably from Court in custody of the Marshal, and in the presence of an unusually large number of Mormons, Howard Spencer approached from the rear and shot the Sergeant, inflicting a wound which caused his death on the 13th inst.

At the time the murder was committed there were a large number of Mormons surrounding Spencer, and some of them were known to be policemen, and yet they made no attempt to arrest him, and when others attempted it the crowd rushed in between the pursuers and the pursued. About one hundred well-armed men accompanied Spencer to an open field adjacent to the city, and there defied any and all attempts at an arrest. Nor has the United States Marshal yet been able to capture him.

The Mormons are exulting over their triumphs, and applying every opprobrius epithet to the Army and the Judiciary that their imaginations can suggest; but forbearance will soon cease to be a virtue, and when the day of retribution does come it will be fearful indeed, for I have never before seen such deep looks of vengeance as settled upon the countenances of every soldier when the corpse of Pike was brought to camp. The entire army attended his funeral, and in the whole length of that line scarcely a word was spoken. Each man's brains were busy with thoughts of vengeance.

A very cowardly attack was made upon Cedar Fort, a Mormon village, about five miles distant, last night. The only damage done, however, was the killing of one horse and one cow, and burning a rick of hay, although several volleys were fired, fortunately no person was injured. It is not known by whom the attack was made; the Mormons charge it upon the soldiers, but further developments lead me to believe they were not engaged in it.

About the 28th of July an emigrant train was attacked at the Goose Creek Mountains, fifty miles north of Salt Lake City, and six men, two women and several children killed, and six men wounded, and the train then robbed. It is uncertain by whom the deed was committed; the Mormons charge it upon the Indians, and the Indians upon the Mormons. Which are the most consummate liars let an enlightened public determine. After careful inquiry, I have concluded that both were engaged in it. The Indians were led on by the Mormons, for one woman, who was afterwards found in a dying condition, by a man who had escaped from the train, said that she had been taken out and grossly abused by five white men disguised as Indians, who afterwards shot her through the thigh with a pistol ball, and in that condition left her to die. On receiving information of the massacre, Gen. Johnston sent Lieut. Gay with one company of Dragoons to chastise the Indians. When he arrived in the neighborhood, he hired a Mormon guide who led him into an ambush where the Indians were posted in a very strong position. There was no other alternative than to commence the fight at once; the attack commenced at daybreak on the 11th inst., Lieut. Gay having forty men in the action; there were about two hundred Indians, Bannocks and Shoshonees, all well armed. The fight lasted one hour and a half, and resulted in the rout of the Indians, leaving about twenty dead on the field; six Americans were wounded, but none killed. The Indians were reinforced the next day by two or three hundred Bannocks, but no other fight had occurred when the express started for camp. The General has ordered three additional companies to the neighborhood of the action, to scour the country.

A few days since, the bodies of two well-dressed men, one of them with the head entirely severed from the body, were found at the foot of the "Big Mountain;" they have not been recognized, and no clue to the murderers has been discovered. I have also been informed of several other murders committed since my last letter to you, but these are things of such frequent occurrence that they have ceased to be worth relating as matters of news. The entire number of murders that have been committed within this Judicial District alone, and of which I have official and reliable information, is over one hundred and sixty, and various reports induce me to believe that the real number is even larger.

Chief Justice Eckels' Court commences its session at Nephi, in this District, on the 22d inst. Judge Eckels has received a statement signed by twenty-seven persons, who have been summoned as jurors and witnesses, in which they declare that they will not attend unless they can be protected by the army, alleging as the cause for such action that they have just cause to entertain fears for their lives, and they know that the Court in itself is powerless to protect them. And, since the recent developments at Salt Lake City, it cannot be denied that their fears are well founded. I will not reflect upon President Buchanan's administration of Utah affairs, further than to remark that here is a United States Court about to be held within fifty miles of where the army is stationed, which the witnesses and jurors dare not attend for fear of losing their lives; and that the commanding General is well aware of the facts as they exist, and that he is powerless to furnish the strong arm of the Government to maintain the supremacy of the law without directly violating his recent instructions received from Washington. As a consequence, in all human probability, the Court, after attempting to administer the law, will be compelled to adjourn *sine die*, without having accomplished anything further than to demonstrate to his Excellency, the President, that in consequence of the course that he has seen fit to pursue, civil government cannot be administered in Utah, and that every attempt to administer it has ended in a tragical farce.

RICHARD.

Another Sam Patch Tragedy—Shields, the Jumper, Drowned.

From the Rochester Democrat, Wednesday.

For some time past, a man calling himself Shields has been advertising that on Friday of this week, the 16th inst., he would perform a wonderful exploit at Niagara Falls, by jumping from a height [illegible] into the river, below the cataract. For this purpose he proposed to erect a scaffold on the American side, not far from the place where Blondin's rope was suspended, and make a leap from its summit. But "man proposes and God disposes." The foolhardy adventurer has met with an untimely death. [illegible] afternoon he, in company with a young [illegible] Frank, went in a boat to the [illegible] the intended exploit, for the purpose of making [illegible]. Shields divested himself of [illegible], and swam from the shore to the middle [illegible] to ascertain the strength and direction [illegible], and had proceeded some [illegible] was caught in a whirlpool from [illegible] extricate himself. He called for [illegible], but before he could be [illegible] and disappeared, and his late [illegible]. The body had not been [illegible] Suspension Bridge last [illegible]. The *Union* of last evening [illegible] that his real name was O'Connor, and that he resided at [illegible] in this city, but it is said that his name appears on the register of the Franklin House at the Falls as O'Connor. Another statement is that his name was Sieman, and that he belonged in Lockport, where he has a brother residing. The authorities at the Falls have taken possession of the effects of the deceased, and hold them subject to the call of his friends. They consist of two suits of clothes and forty cents in money.

NATIONAL FAIR.

Seventh Annual Fair of the United States Agricultural Society.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Chicago, Monday, Sept. 12, 1859.

The National Fair will open to-morrow. I send you to-day a description of such objects as were displayed this afternoon. The weather is very fine, and the people are coming in rapidly. The hotels in the city are all full, and camping ground is provided within the Fair grounds for those who desire to camp out.

The Fair grounds were well chosen, and are admirably adapted for the purpose. They are three miles from the city, but easy of access by railroad, lake, or horse cars. Nearly fifty acres of ground are inclosed. There are a thousand stalls for cattle, and a race-course half a mile around. For the exhibition of the various articles, six buildings have been erected, each 150 feet long, well roofed and lighted. Motive power for the various machines is furnished by a thirty-horse power steam-engine, and two of Ericsson's caloric engines. About half the stalls are filled. Very little of the machinery which is to be exhibited is yet put up. Everything, indeed, is in an inchoate state. Even the seats in the amphitheatre, from which the ladies are to view the races and the military display, are only in course of construction. There is, as yet, no fruits, no farm products, no fine-art specimens displayed.

There is a good show of horses, mules, cattle and sheep. Among the most notable displays of cattle are those of J. Howard McHenry, of Baltimore County, Md.; C. D. Bent, of Iowa City, Iowa; and the Hon. John Wentworth, of this city. One of Mr. Wentworth's Durham bulls took the first prize at Freeport, last week. The Devon cattle of the other two gentlemen named are splendid animals, and I doubt whether better can be anywhere produced.

The only display of flowers yet on exhibition is that of the gardener of S. H. Kerfoot, this county. They entirely fill a small building, and consist of a mound covered with flowers in pots, and of flower baskets and huge bouquets. This display will be hard to beat. I do not think I have ever seen more taste displayed in the arrangement of flowers.

The City is full of strangers, some of whom are men of note. Among these are the Hon. Wm. B. Hubbard, of Columbus, Grand Master of the order of Knights Templars in America. He was received on his arrival here, by the Apollo Commandery, and escorted in grand style to his quarters. The grand encampment of the Knights Templars of the United States, commences here to-morrow. The general Grand Chapter of the United States, will hold its session at the same time. These bodies only meet once in three years, and it is expected that this session will be very largely attended. Delegates have already arrived from California, Oregon and Texas.

The Hon. Stephen A. Douglas arrived here on Saturday, and will remain during the week. His friends expect that he will address them during the week, and I don't think they will be disappointed. The Little Giant looks quite cheerful and hopeful, and yet the gray hairs are beginning to appear among his raven locks. The cares and anxieties of political life, and the constant strife in which he has been engaged for years past, no doubt begin to tell upon him. But he is a man of wonderful nerve, and great powers of endurance. If he speaks here this time he will have an attentive audience. The "Black Republicans," as he delights to call them, will not disturb him as they once did.

"Long John" Wentworth is here, of course. No gathering of this kind would be complete without him. He is fresh from the State Fair held at Freeport last week, where his fine blooded stock, principally mules, sheep and hogs, took several premiums. John is great on raising stock, and has tried his hand successively on cattle, horses, sheep, hogs, and even bull-pups. He is here ostensibly as a stock-raiser, but really in order to pull wires for the coming elections. He would give his eye-tooth to be elected Governor of Illinois, and who knows but what he may be? None of those Republicans who have been mentioned as his probable competitors, have a tithe either of his ability, tact and influence, or means. Shrewd, unscrupulous, untiring, cold-blooded, ungrateful, sparing neither friends or enemies when they stand in his way, he has fixed his eye upon the Gubernatorial chair, more because his success in that quarter will humiliate "the adverse faction" of the Republican Party, than for his own gratification. He "lacks advancement"—and if that faction of the Republican Party in Illinois which finds its exponent in the Chicago *Press and Tribune* could work its will upon him, he were doomed forever to an inglorious obscurity.

I met to-day, also, Ex-Gov. Reynolds, "the old ranger of Illinois," as he delights to be called. This old veteran, now seventy-one years of age, is hale and hearty as a buck. I heard him this morning giving his views on the women of the West. "Sir," said he, "you should have been at Freeport last week. I could have shown you women there, Sir. Farmers wives and daughters, Sir; the bloom of health on their cheeks, the light of God's truth sparkling in their bright eyes, and their step as light and springy as that of a deer. Such are the women, Sir, that are the salvation of our country. They will be here, Sir; they'll be here"—but at this moment a knot of politicians came up, and the conversation turned upon politics.

SPORTING NEWS.

The International Cricket Match—The Turf—American Horses in England, &c.

It is announced that the headquarters of the "Eleven" of England, who come to play the great Cricket match, will be at the Astor House. We find in *Wilkes' Spirit of the Times* the following list of the American players:

"Ten—or nearly one-half of the entire twenty-two—namely, Gibbes, Lang, Lillywhite, Waller, S. Wright, H. Wright, Bage, Comery, Scarlett and Walker, have been selected from the St. George's Club, of this City; five—Higham, Marsh, Crossley, Willby and Sharp—from the New-York Club; three—Senior, Barclay and Morgan—from Philadelphia; two—Hammond and Newhall—from Germantown; with Hallis from Newark, and Head from Chicago. Of these the most reliable batsmen are Gibbes, H. Wright, Willby, Crossley, Senior, Head, Hammond and Newhall, whilst Higham, Lillywhite, Lang and Hallis may be counted on, but with less certainty. The crack bowlers are Marsh, Hallis, S. Wright, Crossley, Comery and Sharp, with H. Wright, Gibbes and Lillywhite to fall back upon. The rival wicket-keepers are Lang and Higham, and which is the most certain and effective we imagine nothing but the toss up of a half-dollar can decide; but Higham has more style about him, and manages to produce the most striking sensation among the bystanders. Newhall is an unrivaled long-stop; and, of the whole number, nearly all are active and dexterous in the field."

The same paper explains the disparity of numbers between the English and American champions:

"Persons who are not thoroughly posted on the subject of Cricket in this country and England, may wonder at the disparity in numbers between the two sides. They will ask, why should we have to send twenty-two champions into the lists against eleven Britishers? On the same principle that you would, under ordinary circumstances, have to fight militia men against regular soldiers, at least two or three to one, to have any hope of succes. There is not a man of the All-England Eleven who is not in constant drill, discipline, practice, or whatever it may be called, pretty nearly every day throughout the season. They are hardly ever without a bat or a ball in their hands, and their entire minds and energies are absorbed in the study and science of the game. Here, on the contrary, some of our best players are men in business, who are unable to spare more than a few leisure hours a week from their offices and ledgers, whilst even our regular professionals have nothing like the opportunities for improvement enjoyed by the same class in England. With the odds now given, however, we think it will be found a rather close thing; and, whilst we fancy the Eleven may be the favorites in the betting, we shouldn't be at all surprised if they happened to be bowled over by their less scientific, but quite as determined, opponents."

The prospect of a great trot on the Eclipse Course is noticed by *Wilkes' Spirit*:

"We have at last the prospect of a really great trot, which will be a trot indeed, and we think will be honestly conducted. This has been brought about by the offer of Mr. John I. Snedicor, of the Eclipse Course, L. I., of two purses of $2,500 each, free for all trotting horses, mile heats, best three in five; *Flora Temple* and *Princess* to go in harness if they enter, and all other horses to be allowed to go as they please. This latter privilege of course allows them to go under saddle, which is considered to be an advantage of two or three seconds over harness, and five or six over the 'rig' to wagon. Both of these purses have closed with the following entries: *Flora Temple* and *Princess*, in harness; *Lancet* and *Patchen*, under saddle. *Lancet*, it will be recollected, is the slashing black gelding who has already beaten *Flora* this very same kind of race in 2:25½; and the formidable Jersey stallion very recently made five heats in harness all under 2:30, and two of them in 2:26¼ and 2:26½. He may, therefore, be seasonably expected to go in 2:24 under saddle, and to give the great mares a severe task. There are too many entries for this race to permit of collusion, and it will be a betting affair. The first of the two will come off between the 20th and 25th of this month. Mr. McMann and Mr. Eoff will drive their respective mares; *Lancet* is in the hands of Hiram Woodruff, and *Patchen* in charge of D. Tallman."

The following are the latest bits of news concerning the American horses in England:

"Mr. Harlan has matched his American horse, *Des Chiles*, 4 years, against Mr. C. Devin's *Independence*, 3 years, for $1,500 a side, half forfeit, to be run on Tuesday of the first October meeting, at Newmarket. *Des Chiles* carries 112 lbs., and *Independence*, 100 lbs. [illegible]

The [illegible] won by *Umpire* at the Stockton meeting, were first-class prizes, and grouped together some of the most formidable two-year-olds in England. The first of these races was The Cleveland Stakes, (three-quarters of a mile,) of five sovereigns each, with 100 added for two-year-olds, colts to carry 119 lbs., fillies 116 lbs. *Umpire*, however, carrying 124."

The programme for the Southern season is promising. Major Bacon's two Albion colts, *Bill Dearing* and *Bill Cheatham*, which ran with credit on Long Island, are engaged to appear at the Montgomery Fall Meeting; and the Jockey Club Fall Meeting over the Albion Course, at Gallatin, Tenn., opens on Monday, Sept. 19, with a programme of races and entries under it that promise fine sport. Col. Elliot has sent here for Gilpatrick, to ride *Hiawatha*, one of Albion's four-year-olds, at the meeting.

At the Fall regatta of the New York Yacht Club, to take place on the 22d inst., prizes to the value of $250 will be given to the winning boats, provided a sufficient number of entries are made to give interest to the occasion. The Club have also named the 5th of October for a rendezvous of yachts owned by members of the Club at City Island.

The Detroit papers positively deny that Seereiter, the billiard player, has received any challenge to play with Mr. Tieman, nor even an intimation that such a challenge was to be given. Further, if the challenge was given for $1,000 only, it would find no acceptance.

Base Ball.

KNICKERBOCKER OF NEW-YORK, VS. STARR, OF BROOKLYN.

The fly game between these Clubs was commenced on Tuesday, upon the grounds foot of Court-street, South Brooklyn. In consequence of the rain the game was postponed after four innings had been played.

STAR.	H. L.	Runs.	KNICKERBOCKER.	H. L.	Runs.
Tracy, c.	1	0	Adams, r. f.	2	0
F. Whiting, 1 b.	3	0	Stephens, 1 b.	1	1
Morris, c. f.	2	1	Davis, c. f.	1	1
S. Patchen, s. s.	2	0	Wood, 2 b.	0	1
Fairbanks, r. f.	1	1	Tyson, s. s.	2	0
Creighton, p.	1	1	McLaughlin, p.	2	0
Tickner, 2 b.	1	1	Kissan, 3 b.	2	0
Manley, 3 b.	1	1	Morrow, l. f.	1	0
Flanley, l. f.	0	0	Wright, c.	1	0
Total	12	6	Total	12	3

RUNS MADE IN EACH INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.
Knickerbocker	2	0	0	0—3
Star	1	2	3	0—6

Scorer for Starr—W. E. Hopkins.
Scorer for Knickerbocker—H. A. Thomas.
Umpire—W. E. Gelston, of Eagle Club.

LIBERTY, OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, VS. NEWARK CLUB.

These clubs played at Newark on Monday, the Newark boys winning the game. Below is the score:

LIBERTY.	H. L.	Runs.	NEWARK.	H. L.	Runs.
W. H. Cortelyou, p.	4	2	Dusebury, 1 b.	3	3
M. H. Hildebrant, c.	4	1	Dodd, 3 b.	4	2
Williams, 3 b.	3	2	Conklin, c.	3	3
Bergen, 2 b.	3	1	Wamboll, c. f.	3	3
Strong, 1 b.	3	2	Ford, 3 b.	4	2
Van Nuise, c. f.	3	1	Dougherty, r. f.	3	2
H. Cortelyou, l. f.	2	3	Conway, l. f.	3	3
Stout, s. s.	2	2	Manteville, s. s.	1	4
Wauser, r. f.	3	2	Dye, p.	5	0
		16			22

RUNS MADE IN EACH INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.
Liberty	3	1	2	1	0	1	2	1	5—16
Newark	3	0	0	3	0	13	0	1	2—22

Umpire.—J. Clark, of the Union Club, of Elizabeth.

Wednesday, Sept. 14.—Empire vs. Excelsior—Upon the grounds of the Gotham Club, at the Elysian Fields, Hoboken.

EXCELSIOR, OF BROOKLYN, VS. EMPIRE, OF NEW-YORK.

These Clubs played at Hoboken, upon the grounds of the Gotham Club, on Wednesday. The Excelsiors won the game. A large number of people were on the ground to witness the trial between these excellent clubs.

EMPIRE.	H. L.	Runs.	EXCELSIOR.	H. L.	Runs.
Hoyt, s. s.	2	4	Reynolds, s. s.	3	4
Gough, l. f.	3	2	Polhemus, c. f.	3	3
Benson, c.	5	1	Leggett, c.	4	2
Miller, 2 c.	1	4	J. Whiting, p.	4	2
Russell, r. f.	3	2	Holder, s. s.	2	4
Thorn, p.	3	2	E. Whiting, r. f.	3	3
Ward, 1 b.	3	2	Pearsall, 1 b.	3	3
Moore, 3 1.	2	3	Brainard, 3 b.	2	1
Smith, c. f.	5	0	Markham, l. f.	3	3
Total		20	Total		25

RUNS MADE IN EACH INNING:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.
Empire	1	6	0	2	1	0	7	2	1—20
Excelsior	2	0	1	1	10	4	2	0	5—25

Scorer for Empire—J. J. Bloomfield.
Scorer for Excelsior—W. A. Young.
Umpire—Morrow, of the Knickerbocker.

Thursday, Sept. 15.—Mutual vs. Gotham; at the Elysian Fields, Hoboken. Game called at 2½ o'clock, P. M.

[Advertisement.]
Boerhave, a Great Physician, who taught and practiced medicine for over 60 years, ordered, after his death, all his extensive medical library to be burned, excepting one volume of immense size. This was labeled "to my dear pupils." They opened it with profound veneration; it was all blank leaves; neither writing nor printing was there, save only on the first leaf was engrossed in plain German text these words, "Head cool, feet warm, and bowels open, will keep Doctors poor." He might have added, "if the patient is hot, cool him; if he is cool, warm him; if there is pain or restlessness, relieve him, if it can be done so safely; for pain and restlessness are often but the consequence of Nature's efforts to throw out offensive and hurtful matters, which if injudiciously interfered with, is of more injury than service to the sufferer. But irritating matters should be evacuated, and those secretions which are scanty should be made free. Above all, my dear pupils, do good but be sure and do no harm. Remember, Rome for 500 years had no physician, and that was the brightest period of her existence and of her power." But the Romans had a universal purgative, which in all its material elements was like Brandreth's pills, incapable of injuring, because only operative upon and around the parts involved in the disease. Brandreth's vegetable universal pills benefit when used by the sick, and what is of some consequence, perhaps, are certain not to injure. They purge, but you cannot be sick but from the retaining in your bodies of matters which purging always removes; and does not the dog, the horse and even the cat, always when sick, search for those herbs and grasses which open their bowels, and this cures them. And the experience of over a hundred years has proved that Brandreth's pills have always, benefited, and never injure those who have used them in sickness. They are Nature's medicine, because no matter what the disease may be, or how intense, or where situated, a dose of four, six or more always relieves, and perseverance cures when a cure is practicable, because they take from the blood only its impurities. The more skill exhibited in using them the more benefit is derived.

CASES DATED 1859, CONTINUED.

Dr. James Lull, of Potsdam, New-York, writes Aug. 11, 1859: "I met with a man three weeks ago who had slightly injured his finger two or three days before, which caused immediate pain, swelling and violent fever. When I saw him the pain and swelling had extended to his shoulder, depriving him of rest or sleep. The hand was turning dark colored, and on the point of mortification. His doctor was ignorant of the nature of his case. I got there at evening, and during the night I gave him a whole box of pills, applied a yeast poultice, and saved his life."

Mr. A. Ross, of Madrid, St. Lawrence Co., New-York, writes Aug. 22, 1859: "I can honestly and confidently recommend Brandreth's Pills to the favorable notice of the public, as the best medicine I have ever dealt in during my thirteen years' experience in the sale of medicines, having prescribed them in hundreds of cases of almost every form of disease with the happiest results, and I honestly believe they are the best medicine, as a universal remedy, that the world has yet propuced." Principal office No. 294 Canal-street. Price 25 cents per box.

[Advertisement.]
To Druggists and Physicians—Who are desirous of avoiding the raw, crude Brandies of "the past and present year:" We would call their attention to our choice stock of *old* Brandies, Wines, &c., purchased years since, when brandies were low, and now richly tempered by age and the favorable changes of climate and transportation, enabling us to furnish druggists, physicians and families with a *rare* article, *especially adapted for medical and family use*, at reasonable rates.

"Bininger's Old London Dock Gin," having driven the woldish speculators in spurious gins out of the market, has now attained a popularity *without precedent in the history of the trade*, possessing, as it does, the *intrinsic* medicinal qualities of an *old* and *pure* Gin. It has received the indorsement of thousands of physicians and druggists, who cheerfully testify to its nutritive, medicinal and recuperative qualities.

Orders from the country will meet with prompt attention. Circulars containing a list of articles and prices forwarded to those requiring them.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established 1778,)
Importers of Wines, &c., No. 338 Broadway, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]
As the apple on the borders of the Dead Sea, however tempting to the sight, is repugnant to the taste, and is nothing but ashes at the core, so experience detects, beneath the glare and tinsel of vicious pleasures nothing but delusion, mortification and disease. Ye to whom this applies, throw off the infatuation, and avail yourselves of the counsel and advice of Dr. H. A. Barrow, No. 194 Bleecker-street, New-York. Hours for consultation from 11 to 2, and from 4 to 8, daily, Sundays excepted.

[Advertisement.]
FALL CLOTHING.

Good black cloth frock coats	$5	to $8
Fine black cloth frock coats	10	to 14
The finest French cloth frock coats	15	to 20
Cassimere business coats	3 50	to 12
Complete cassimere business suits to match	6	to 20

At Evans', Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-street.

[Advertisement.]
Holloway's Pills.—Appetite gone, tongue fevered, bowels inactive, unmistakeable symptoms of a weak stomach and disordered liver, can be cured by a course of this unequaled tonic and anti-bilious medicine. Manufactory, 80 Maiden-lane, New-York.

[Advertisement.]
Wilder's Patent Salamander Safe.—The only reliable Fire-proof Safe in the world, having *again* sustained its celebrated reputation at the late fires in Oshkosh and Key West. Quirk Brothers, No. 96 Maiden-lane, New-York.

[Advertisement.]
Allcock's Porous Plasters.—They resolve and assuage pain by calling forth the acrid humors from parts internal to the skin. Sold at 25 cents each at No. 294 Canal-street, New-York, and by all Druggists.

[Advertisement.]
A Question Settled.—It was supposed that Knox had achieved perfection in hat-making before he issued his last production. But the supposition proved erroneous. He has startled the town with the beauty of his Fall style, and the demand for it is proving commensurate with its merits. When you want an elegant, durable and cheap hat, go for it to Knox's, No. 212 Broadway. Knox has settled the question as to who makes the best hat, as all are convinced.

[Advertisement.]
Queru's Cod-Liver Oil Jelly,
Approved by the Academy of Medicine, is twice more efficacious than the liquid oil, and is very easily taken.
To be had of the inventors, No. 135 Fourth-avenue, and all respectable druggists.
Penfold, Parker & Mower,
Wholesale Agents, No. 15 Beekman-street.

[Advertisement.]
Brady's Gallery
Has removed from No. 359 Broadway to No. 643 Broadway, corner of Bleecker-street.
Photographs, Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes.

[Advertisement.]
Gas! Gas! Gas!—Fixtures of beautiful designs and finish will be found at the great wholesale manufacturing dépôt of
Warner, Peck & Co.,
No. 376 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]
GURNEY'S GALLERY, NO. 707 BROADWAY,
First block below the New-York Hotel, Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Miniatures in Oil and Ivorytypes.

[Advertisement.]
Herring's Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New-York.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Second Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....Sept. 14.

$1,000 Mo. State 6s	85	450 N. Y. Central R.	80⅝
40,000 do....b60	85	500 do.	80⅝
37,000 Tenn. 6s, '90	86½	100 do....s10	80⅜
2,000 Va. State 6s	88½	800 do.	80⅜
500 City 6s, '70	92½	300 do....b60	80⅜
2,000 N. Y. Central 6s	84	400 do....b10	80⅜
1,000 N. Y. C. R. 7s	101½	100 do....b30	80⅝
10,000 N. Y. C. Bs. '76	86⅜	100 do....s30	80½
5,000 E. R. 1st m. bs.	85	300 do....s60	80
9,000 E. R. 3d m. bs. '83	63¾	500 Reading Railroad	45⅛
6,000 M. C. R. 8 p. c. 1st m. S. F. C. bs.	91	600 do....b60	45⅛
		300 do.	45⅛
1,000 M. S. S. F. bs.	56½	200 do....s10	45⅛
6,000 Ill. Cen. R. Bds.	87½	100 M. S. & N. Ia G. S'k	25⅛
44 Union Bank	100	650 do.	25
6 Bank of Commerce	98⅛	100 do....s25	24¾
30 do.	98	100 Ill. Central R.	68
13 Amer. Exch. Bank	101½	100 do....s30	67⅝
50 Del. & Hud. Can. Co.	94½	100 do....b30	68
18 do.	94½	150 do.	67⅝
10 Metropolitan Bank	111	100 do....b60	68
50 Grocers Bank	93	19 Clev. Col. & Cin. R	94½
5 Market Bank	102	250 Gal. & Chicago R.	76¼
15 Continental Bank	100	200 do....b30	76¼
22 St. Nicholas Bank	95	200 do....b60	76¼
125 Cumb. Coal Pref.	14	100 do.	76
100 do....b60	14	50 do....s30	75¾
295 Pacific M. S. S. Co.	83	100 do....s15	76
9 do.	83¼	50 do....b15	76½
100 do....b30	83½	34 do.	76½
100 do.	83½	100 do....s10	76½
200 do....s10	83½	100 Chic. & R. I. R....s30	70
250 Harlem R. Pref.	37½	1150 do.	70
100 Mich. Cen. R.	47½	100 do....b7	70
300 do....b60	48	100 do....b30	70
300 Harlem Railroad	10⅝	25 do.	69½
50 Second-av. R....b30	103½		

SECOND BOARD.

$15,000 Mo. St. 6s...b60	85	10 Cleve. & Tol. R.	24⅛
10,000 do....b60	84½	100 do.	25
10,000 do.	84½	200 do....b30	25
50 D. & H. Canal Co....s60	93½	400 Chi. & Rock I. R.	69½
250 N. Y. Central R.	80½	100 do....s60	69½
50 do....b10	80⅛	50 Gal. & Chi. R....b10	75¾
100 do....b10	80⅛	250 do....b60	75⅝
150 do....s3	80⅛	50 do....b30	75⅝
200 do....s10	80⅛	50 do.	75⅝
300 do.	80½	200 do.	75⅝
75 Pac. M. S. Co.	83½	250 do....b10	75⅝
20 Mich. Central R.	47½	200 do....s3	75⅝
50 do....b10	47½	50 Nor. & Wor. R.	44
200 do....s30	47	50 do.	45
100 M. S. & N. I. G. S.	24⅛		

Wednesday, Sept. 14—P. M.

Our special Washington correspondent sends us to-day some very interesting, as well as new and authentic figures, on the current and prospective finances of the Federal Government. His letter will be found at length in another part of this paper. It appears that the Secretary of the Treasury, on a revision of his estimates of Revenue for the fiscal year of 1860, ending June 30, next, claims that his Customs will yield at least $62,400,000, instead of $58,000,000, (as heretofore estimated, and that with other resources he will be able to reimburse or purchase the Public Debt to the extent of $7,751,000, without reducing his working balance below six millions at the end of the year. He has already determined that no Treasury Bills falling due *after 30th June last* will be reissued, or in any way renewed. The amount then subject to renewal was less than five millions; since then the Sub-Treasurer in New-York, and other parties for the Government, have disposed of about two millions. His revised budget for 1860 is thus presented:

To provide for all wants of year		$63,321,000
With cash balance June 30, '59	$4,339,000	
Treasury Bills	4,953,000	
Loan of Jan. 24	1,380,000	
Together	$10,672,000	
Customs of year	62,400,000	
Lands and miscellaneous	4,000,000	—$77,072,000
Leaving surplus June 30, 1860		$13,751,000

The Stock Exchange partially yielded on the Western Shares, as indicated at the close of business yesterday, under the general anxiety, founded in good part by a recently created *Short* interest, within the Board of Brokers, to have the market fall off. This feeling would seem to be favored by the facts that the extreme rise in Galena and Chicago Shares is equal to 14@15, and on Rock Island, 10@11 ℔ cent., and that upon this advance there has been a good deal of realizing, and it is not surprising, therefore, that such repeated demonstrations as we have had for several days past, and especially this afternoon, to force the market down, should, for a season at least, be persevered in. But, nevertheless, the Brokers and Jobbers on the Exchange appear to be as much at fault now as last week, and prices rebound about as soon as the various experiments made against them cease. This may be owing, in good part, to the stubborn firmness shown by New-York Central, since it passed 80 ℔ cent. a second time, as the whole Share list sympathizes more or less with it. Or, it may be from the firmness of the actual holders of the favorite Western Stocks to operate on the daily fluctuations of the market, within the present range of prices, while the improvement in the traffic this Fall holds out the prospect of still higher figures. Yesterday afternoon Galena fell from the top price of the day to 76¼. This morning it was again pressed at 76¼@76½. In the afternoon contracts were made down to 75¾ at the Second Board, and after the adjournment the price receded to 75¾@76 ℔ cent., which is a fraction better than it closed only day before yesterday. In Rock Island the transactions were at 70, almost uniformly, until the Second Board, when contracts were made at 69¾@69½ ℔ cent. After the adjournment, the price left off 69¾@70 ℔ cent. In New-York Central, closing yesterday at 80⅝, the fluctuations were down to 80¼ cash and 80 sellers' option, at the early Board, then up to 81 on the Street, again down to 80¼ at the Second Board, with an apparently preconcerted effort to break the market, and then up again to 80¾ after the adjournment. These three Stocks gave the tone to the speculative dealings, so that the other Western shares and Hudson and Harlem fluctuated with them. The Pacific Mail shares were again firmer, selling up to 83½, and Panama and Delaware and Hudson steady. In State Stocks, Tennessees and Virginias were steady, while in Missouris the sales were large, first at 85 in the forenoon, and 84¾ at the Second Board. The business in Railway Bonds was fairly distributed. The Erie mortgages lower; New-York Centrals firm, and Illinois Centrals in request at 87½ ℔ cent., with 3½ ℔ cent. due on 1st October, for which provision we understand has already been made. The general market, after the Second Board, left off firm on the speculative Shares.

We have no changes to note in Money, which continues in easy supply, with a fair employment at 7 ℔ cent. for Discounts, but only a moderate inquiry at 6 ℔ cent. on demand Loans. Some of the private banking houses are leaving Money with the Brokers at 5 ℔ cent., subject to call, without notice. The Exchanges are quiet since the mail closed for the *Africa*. There is a fair export inquiry for Gold bars, of which the supply is made liberal by the last California arrival, for the German steamer to-morrow, and the French packet—the *Arago*—on Saturday. The Customs to-day are $76,000; other receipts into the Sub-Treasury $125,000; disbursements $186,000; balance $4,890,002.

The following are the Currency, Land Warrant and Specie quotations for the week, [illegible] for us from the rate current at the banking office of Thompson Brothers:

	℔ cent. discount.
New-York State Currency	—@ ¼
New-England and New-Jersey	—@ ¼
Philadelphia	¼@ ¼
Baltimore	—@ ¼
Interior Pennsylvania	⅜@ ½
Interior Maryland	—@ ⅜
Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana	—@ ⅝
South Carolina and Georgia	—@1
North Carolina	—@1
Virginia	—@ ¾
Illinois and Wisconsin	—@1¼
Michigan	—@ ¾
Tennessee	1¼@1½
Free Indiana	1¼@1½
Louisiana	—@1
Mobile	1⅛@1⅝
Canada	⅜@ ½
Missouri	1¼@1½

LAND WARRANTS.

Land Warrants are quite unsettled, and we omit quotations.

DRAFTS AND CHECKS.

Drafts and Checks on Philadelphia	1-5 dis.
Drafts and Checks on Baltimore	1-5 dis.
Drafts and Checks on Boston	1-5 dis.
Drafts and Checks on Cincinnati	½ dis.
Drafts and Checks on Chicago	1½ dis.
Drafts and Checks on St. Louis	1 dis.
Drafts and Checks on Detroit	⅝ dis.
Drafts and Checks on New-Orleans	1 dis.
Bank of England Notes ℔ £	$4 86
Bank of France Notes ℔ Fc	18c.
United States Post-office Scrip	8@12 dis.

SPECIE.

Silver.	Buying.			Buying.	
Mexican Dols.	$1 05½@1 06		Old Am. Qr. Dols.	1 02@	—
Spanish Dollars	1 08@	—	Spanish Qrs. each	23@	[illegible]
Five-franc pcs	97½@	—	Span. ⅛ & 1-16 ℔ oz.	1 25@	—
French Crowns	1 10@	—	*Gold.*		
German Crowns	1 08@	—	Sovereigns	4 85@	4 8
Prussian Thalers	71@	—	Twenty francs	3 85@	—
Guilders	40@	—	Ten-thaler pcs.	7 85@	—
English Silver	4 80@	—	Ten-guilder pcs.	3 98@	—
Species	1 08@	—	Spanish Doub'n.	16 20@	16 30
Old Am. Half Dols.	1 04@	—	Patriot Doub'n.	15 50@	15 60
			Gold.—Am. Old	6c. prem.	

The earnings of the New-York and Erie Railroad for the month of August, 1859,

were	$359,114 59
Earnings August, 1858	383,281 96
Decrease	$24,167 37

WEEKLY AVERAGES OF THE PHILADELPHIA BANKS.

BANKS.	LOANS. Sept. 5.	Sept. 12.	SPECIE. Sept. 5.	Sept. 12.
Philadelphia	2,349,000	2,377,000	836,000	848,000
North America	2,786,027	2,810,124	695,079	684,429
Farm. & Mech.	3,728,950	3,659,982	901,596	920,990
Commercial	1,456,000	1,467,490	252,000	284,000
N. Liberties	1,211,000	1,204,000	356,000	327,000
Mechanics'	1,682,269	1,623,880	345,975	294,792
Southwark	945,330	951,256	228,965	233,847
Kensington	794,580	789,025	133,552	148,282
Penn Township	816,486	820,502	174,851	174,111
Western	1,377,749	1,343,268	288,391	271,151
Manuf. & Mech.	1,130,410	1,144,740	177,902	188,820
Commerce	603,430	608,847	195,576	206,594
Girard	1,974,925	2,009,305	326,757	279,555
Tradesmen's	580,873	594,832	135,773	128,382
Consolidation	483,012	482,812	74,991	84,077
City	800,813	793,271	107,526	115,228
Commonwealth	316,502	608,155	99,906	111,916
Corn Exchange	364,884	365,705	62,496	80,612
Union	412,552	412,857	67,754	59,744
Total	24,640,746	24,606,821	5,436,000	5,431,509

BANKS.	DEPOSITS. Sept. 5.	Sept. 12.	CIRCULATION. Sept. 5.	Sept. 12.
Philadelphia	1,547,000	1,586,000	266,000	261,000
North America	1,759,465	1,748,969	262,296	269,275
Farm. & Mech.	2,745,210	2,729,641	367,575	374,220
Commercial	685,000	718,000	149,000	147,005
Mechanics'	877,005	862,322	154,528	156,830
N. Liberties	849,000	822,000	107,000	113,000
Southwark	665,699	684,506	96,700	114,045
Kensington	532,797	565,587	127,420	128,090
Penn Township	584,782	591,688	88,035	86,090
Western	952,549	918,765	116,630	122,830
Manuf. & Mech.	578,226	600,680	137,384	137,505
Commerce	477,497	467,795	78,115	79,375
Girard	876,159	853,565	190,590	298,960
Tradesmen's	446,419	439,265	91,330	91,325
Consolidation	287,818	290,135	92,960	97,505
City	407,084	411,613	106,660	110,840
Commonwealth	200,871	186,102	84,810	90,765
Corn Exchange	219,991	229,761	86,135	91,460
Union	209,000	203,316	89,595	103,085
Total	14,901,572	14,960,709	2,762,837	2,785,146

The Phenix Fire Insurance Company's semi-annual dividend is 10 ℔ cent.

The Galena Road.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The inclosed is from one of the morning papers:

"Although some of the Western roads show increased receipts, yet these arise from temporary causes, as in the instance of the Galena and Chicago Railroad Company, on the line of whose road the State Fair at Freeport has been held. Besides, the comparison is made with the receipts of 1858—a very depressed year—while if compared with 1857 the comparison would be highly unfavorable, namely:

Earnings of the Galena and Chicago Railroad Company for September, 1857		$250,354 45
Do.	do. September, 1858	161,949 22

September, 1859, first week about $52,000, or equal, if continued at that rate per week, to $200,000 for this current month—a decline of $50,000 from 1857."

If the commercial editor means to imply by the above that the increase on the Galena Railroad for the first week in September was caused by the temporary travel of visitors to the State Fair at Freeport, he will find by the *items* of receipts published in all the morning papers (excepting the one referred to) that such is *not* the case, but that of the $12,700 increase for the week $10,560 is from freight, and but a small portion is from passengers. Also, please inform the writer of the above that the receipts instead of being "about $52,000," they were $57,000 for the first week in September, "or equal, if continued at that rate, to" $228,000 "for the current month, a decline of" $22,000 (instead of "$50,000") from 1857. Which year (1857) also please remind him the Galena and Chicago Railroad Company paid 20 ℔ cent. in dividends. V.

Erie Election.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The Election of Directors to manage the affairs of the Erie Railroad Company, is announced to take place on the 11th prox.

As the stockholders have heretofore taken very little interest in this matter, I, as one of them, feel somewhat anxious that some movement by those most interested should take place previous to that time, and a suitable ticket be prepared, to be composed from the largest stockholders, who will honestly devote their time and talents to extricate its affairs from its present critical state.

It cannot be possible that the stockholders will permit so important an event to them to take the usual course, enabling the present board to elect themselves as heretofore. Nothing but an active new direction will give them any hopes, or inspire the public with any confidence in the future, but a ticket omitting every one of the present incumbents. Who will make a public call? ERIE.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS

☞ UNITED STATES COUPON BONDS of 1865 and 1874.
NEW-YORK STATE SIX PER CENT. STOCK of 1875.
NEW-YORK FIVE PER CENT. STOCK of 1860, 1874 and 1875, for investments and banking purposes.
THOMPSON BROTHERS, No. 2 Wall-st.

Markets by Telegraph.

Buffalo, Wednesday, Sept. 14—6 P. M.

Flour less active and market easier but unchanged; sales 900 bbls. Wheat—New Spring opened at an advance; the stock for present delivery being light, but closed easier; sales 5,000 bush. No. 2 Chicago Spring, to arrive, at 85c.; 10,500 bush., to arrive by steamer, at 86c.; 1,000 bush. No. 1 ditto, to arrive, at 87½c.; 16,000 bush. ditto, afloat, at 88c. Red and White Winter scarce, the former in demand, the latter dull. Corn, in a few hands, advanced 1c.@2c.; sales 14,000 bush. No. 1 Illinois at 71c.@72c. Oats, Barley and Rye quiet. *Imports*—10,000 bbls. Flour; 115,000 bushels Wheat; 38,000 bushels Corn; 18,000 bush. Oats; 16,000 bush. Rye. *Canal Exports*—40,000 bush. Flour; 35,000 bush. Wheat; 15,700 bush. Corn.

Chicago, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

Flour quiet. Wheat dull and 2c.@3c. lower; sales of 45,000 bushels Spring at 74c. Corn quiet; sales of 2,000 bushels at 65c., on board. Oats firm. *Receipts*—5,000 bbls. Flour; 105,000 bushels Wheat; 12,000 bushels Corn. *Shipments*—4,000 bbls. Flour; 19,000 bushels Wheat; 14,500 bushels Corn.

Philadelphia, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

Flour unchanged. Wheat—Sales 8,000 bushels White at $1 28@$1 30; Red, $1 20@$1 21. Corn advancing; sales 9,000 bushels Yellow at 80c.@81c. New Southern Oats 35c.@36c. Whisky steady.

Baltimore, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

Flour steady. Wheat buoyant; sales 15,000 bushels; White $1 40; Red $1 10@$1 15. Corn firm; White 80c.@82c.; Yellow 83c. Provisions firm; Bacon 10c.; Mess Pork $15. Whisky dull; Ohio 28½c.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

Philadelphia, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

Stocks dull; Pennsylvania State Fives, 93; Reading Railroad, 22⅝; Morris Canal, 51⅛; Long Island Railroad, 10⅞; Pennsylvania Railroad, 40⅝.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Name.	Date.		Leaves.	For.
Bavaria	Sept.	15	New-York	Southa'tn
Jason	Sept.	15	New-York	Galway
Arago	Sept.	17	New-York	Southa'tn
North Briton	Sept.	17	Quebec	Liverpool
Europa	Sept.	21	Boston	Liverpool
Anglo-Saxon	Sept.	24	Quebec	Liverpool
Kangaroo	Sept.	24	New-York	Liverpool
Ocean Queen	Sept.	24	New-York	Southa'tn
Persia	Sept.	28	New-York	Liverpool

FROM EUROPE.

Kangaroo	Aug.	31	Liverpool	New-York
Persia	Sept.	3	Liverpool	New-York
Borussia	Sept.	4	Southa'tn	New-York
New-York	Sept.	6	Southa'tn	New-York
Nova Scotian	Sept.	7	Liverpool	Quebec
John Bell	Sept.	10	Glasgow	Quebec
Arabia	Sept.	10	Liverpool	Boston
Balbec	Sept.	10	Liverpool	Halifax

FOR CUBA.

Philadelphia	Sept.	17	New-York	Havana

FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

Star of the West	Sept.	20	New-York	Aspinwall
North Star	Sept.	20	New-York	Aspinwall

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship North Star, from Aspinwall—Mr. Merritt and lady, G. A. Brock and family, S. Miller and family, brother and lady, Miss E. Lane, C. McKinley, Miss E. Goddard, Col. S. Y. Sawyer and family, C. E. Howard, S. Moore, C. [illegible], [illegible], port, G. Moss, [illegible], Britton, F. Stone, Mrs. [illegible], Hughes, Capt. Shiddy, Capt. G. O. [illegible], G. S. Morgan, W. Mason, C. Merrill, [illegible] child, H. B. Alsoner, E. D. Wallace, [illegible], Hains, F. Poe, L. Brannitt, M. M. Clark, [illegible] and lady, S. Holbrook, G. Moore, P. Dough[illegible], F. W. Holbrook, H. Paine, G. Maur, S. G. [illegible], Bushnell, H. Ealen, S. Cotton, R. Pratt, [illegible]cock, C. Hedges Hancock, H. Barclay, A. [illegible], Perkins, E. Hanley, S. M. Ball, S. Woodville, [illegible] Hughes, H. Ordell, Mrs. R. F. Thomas, H. [illegible], and 450 in the steerage.

In steamship Philadelphia, from New-Orleans and Havana—Miss Woods, Mrs. Kline and child, James Pike, M. Savio, R. De Arrmas, E. Morris, J. Lacoste, J. N. Surie, F. Perez, F. Calvo, D. Moran, Mr. Gardine and family, T. Marques, Mrs. Roncery, child and servant, F. Marques, F. B. Capris, and others.

In brig Josiah Jex, from Black River, Jam.—The Rev. E. R. Reinke, lady and 4 children, Mrs. John Laughton and 2 children, C. Root.

In ship Harry Hastings, from San Francisco—John N. Fordham, Boswell Hubbard.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 5 40 | Sun sets.... 6 10 | Moon rises.... 7 [illegible]

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 9 [illegible] | Gov. Island. 9 [illegible] | Hell Gate.... 11 [illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, Sept. 14.

Cleared.

Steamship Jason, Nicholson, Galway, American Express Co.

Steamers Thomas Swan, Layfield, Baltimore, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Boston, Sellew, Philadelphia, F. Perkins.

Ships N. Thompson, Dickman, New-Orleans, [illegible] & Fosdick; M. C. Day, Chase, New-Orleans, [illegible] Carver & Chase; American Eagle, Moore, London, [illegible] C. Morgan & Wiley; Johanna Wilhelmine, (Brem.) Thierman, Hamburg, Funch & Meincke; F. A. Palmer, Allen, San Francisco, Post, Smith & Co.

Barks Z. D., Fairfield, Montevideo, [illegible] Co.; Cuba, Bates, Aspinwall, Post & Small; Indian Queen, Thompson, Havana, W. W. Russell; Louis, (Brem.) Wilmsen, Bremen, H. Coope.

Brigs Aurate, Davis, Mobile, Oakley & Keating; Alma, (Br.,) Brown, Nassau, J. R. Bacon.

Schooners Ann D., Newton, Alexandria, M. Bedell; E. Sheddon, White, Washington, B. Blossom & Son; S. Bruen, Douglas, Georgetown, [illegible]; [illegible] roughs, Jenks, Charleston, Dunham & Dimon; G. Adams, Hulse, Apalachicola, [illegible]; G. Hoffman, Lewis, Fogo, N. F., Post & Small; T. F. Barklow, Bedell, Norfolk, M. Bedell; J. W. Faulkner, Boston, Dayton & Sprague; Black Squall, Denison, Cedar Keys, Bennet & Deake.

Sloops Willard, Buckingham, Newport, master; Victoria, Post, Hartford, H. B. Rackett; Oregon, Rhodes, Providence, master.

Arrived.

Steamship Philadelphia, Harrison, New-Orleans Sept. 5, via Key West 9th and Havana the 9th, with mdse. and passengers to M. O. Roberts. Has 91 passengers and $95,000 in specie. Sept. 6, 100 miles from S. W. Pass, passed ship Silas Greenman, for New-York. The bark Lyra, Gibbs, arrived at Key West on the 8th. Steamer Fulton would leave on a cruise the same day for south side of Cuba—all well.

Steamship North Star, Jones, Aspinwall 6th inst., at 3 P. M., with mdse. and passengers to D. B. Allen. Arrived 12:30 A. M. of the 14th.

Steamer Boston, Sellew, Philadelphia and Cape May, with mdse. and passengers to F. Perkins.

Steamer Petrel, Baker, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Ship Harry Hastings, (of Boston,) Tucker, San Francisco June 4, passed Cape Horn July 20, with mdse. to Willets & Co.

Brig Josiah Jex, (of Machias,) Munson, Black River, Jam., 22 ds., with logwood, &c., to Thompson & Hunter. Sld. in co. with schr. Eldad, for New-York.

Brig Uruxillo, Mulligan, Port-au-Prince Aug. 23, with logwood, coffee, &c., to E. Beck.

Brig Mary, (Br.,) Honeywell, C. B., 21 ds., with coal and oil to A. Smithers.

Schr. Eclipse, Cook, Cardenas 12 ds., with sugar to master. Experienced heavy weather the entire passage. 12th inst., off the Tavern Houses, encountered a heavy squall from W., which blew away flying-jib and jib-topsail.

Schr. Jas. Steele, Norton, Conwayboro, N. C., 12 ds., with naval stores to master.

Schr. Crinoline, Praddock, Edenton, N. C., 3 ds., with grain to master.

Schr. Ann, Cole, City Point 4 ds., with flour to Jas. Hunter & Co.

Schr. Arnon, Crosby, Alexandria 7 ds., with mdse. to Safford & Dodge.

Schr. Augusta, Kelley, Albany, with mdse. for New-Bedford.

Schr. E. A. Stevens, Hunter, Albany, with mdse. for Boston.

Schr. Orion, Reed, Eastport 7 ds., with plaster to Brett, Son & Co.

Schr. Mary, Baker, Rondout, coal, for New-Haven.

Schr. Superior, Roberson, Port Ewen, coal, for Saco.

Schr. Glide, Lovell, Port Ewen, coal, for Dighton.

Schr. Vintage, Coleman, Albany, mdse., for Boston.

Schr. Flying Fish, Lowe, Gloucester 3 ds., with fish.

Schr. Zenith, Harris, Little River, N. C., 4 ds., grain.

Schr. Emblem, Manning, Yarmouth 5 ds., with fish.

Schr. Elizabeth, West, Barnstable 3 ds., with fish.

Schr. Mary Elizabeth, Chase, Gloucester 3 ds., fish.

WIND—Sunrise, W.; sunset, N.

Below.

Ship Neptune's Car, Forbes, Penang, at anchor near Romer Shoals.

Ship Reporter, Howes, Liverpool Aug. 8, anchored off the Bar.

Ship Australia, Spencer, Liverpool July 28.

Ship Ophelia, from Glasgow, at anchor on the Bar; also ship Vanduse and one bark.

Sailed.

Steamship Africa, Liverpool, crossed the Bar at 1 P. M.; Barks Ocean Home, Apalachicola; Lamplighter, Galveston; Lone Star, Mobile. Brigs C. H. Kennedy, Point Petre; Phantom, (Br.,) St. John, N. B., and others. Also ship American Eagle, for London.

By Telegraph.

HIGHLANDS, Sept. 14, sunset—The ships Australia and Reporter, from Liverpool, and two unknown ships are at anchor on the Bar. The ship Neptune's Car is at anchor in the Swash Channel. One barkantine is in the offing. Wind N. and blowing freshly.

SANDY HOOK, Sept. 14, sunset—No vessels in sight. Wind blowing a gale from the N. N. W.

BOSTON, Sept. 14—Below bark Bounding Billow, from Beyrout.

HAMPTON ROADS, Sept. 14—Arr. ship Archer, 75 ds. from Callao; schr. John W. Miner, 14 ds. from Sombrero Island.

Miscellaneous.

Vessels in Port.—According to the Shipping List there were in this port on Tuesday, 29 steamers, 132 ships, 89 barks, 95 brigs, and 200 schooners—total 545. Of these, 125 were up for foreign, and 80 for domestic ports in the United States, leaving 311 vessels engaged in the coasting trade, and laid up waiting freights.

The schooner J. W. Miner, of New-York, Temple, master, arrived at Hampton Roads yesterday from Sombrero Island with a cargo of guano. Sombrero guano is reported active at $30 per ton.

The ship Horizon, 1,000 tons register, is now on the Great Balance Dock for repairs. She will be stripped, recaulked and newly coppered. The ship Agnes Leeds is also on the large Sectional Dock for the same purpose.

Notice to Mariners.

The following letter is from Capt. Simmons, of the Br. brig Standard, from Bathurst, West Coast of Africa, at Baltimore:

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify and state that all the charts and sailing directions for the coast of Africa, that have come under our notice, are incorrect as regards the entrance to the Gambia. Bird Island having now entirely disappeared, the Mangroves also having been washed down for several years. The high tree that stood out in the Barra country, forming a leading mark for the African knoll, has also either decayed away or been cut down by the natives. There are now three large nun buoys indicating the principal dangers of the entrance; one painted red, off Bird Spit, which is a guide to the navigator making Cape St. Mary from the northward; one black, on the N. E. part of the African knoll, which must be left on the starboard hand going in; and one white, on the eastern edge of the middle ground, which must also be left on the starboard hand. A ship bound in will make both buoys about the same time, as she approaches the knoll.

As Bathurst is the place of considerable trade, and visited by a good many American vessels, we publish this, hoping it may be useful to strangers on the coast, especially as a pilot cannot always be obtained without much delay.

ABRAM SIMMONS,
Master of brig Standard, of Barnstable.
J. A. JOHNSTONE,
Late master B. C. schr. Shamrock, of Bathurst, B. A.

Shipping at San Francisco.

San Francisco, Aug. 19.—The loss by damaged cargo by ship Young America is not as great as was expected. One cause of damage was from a leak in the fore-peak; considerable water was delivered into the well before it was discovered.

The ship Orpheus leaked in several places in the upper deck, and has damaged some cargo.

The ship David Crockett has landed her cargo in fine order, except some goods damaged by a heavy sea, which stove in a hatch, no sweat. The ship Amos Lawrence has sweated, and leaked in her waterway seams and sills of the deck-houses. The ship Ocean Express landed her cargo in tolerable good order, but leaked some in the waterway seams and around the bitts. The ship Chariot of Fame sweated considerable, and also damaged some cargo by the salt water in the upper between decks. The ship Belle of the West, from Boston, has leaked badly in her upper works. The ship Harwester, from Boston, damaged some cargo stowed forward between decks. The ships May flower and Dashing Wave, from Boston, also damaged some cargo. The ship Northern Eagle has landed her cargo in a most miserable condition, hardly a sound package; there are evident signs that at some time on the passage she had from two to three feet of water between decks, thus washing from side to side, leaked through the lower deck and hatches down into the lower hold. The ship Dictator has been docked, and about 100 sheets of copper that were gone or partly replaced, and every sheet remained as [illegible] broken off a great many. The cause of this [illegible] been the swelling of the felt put on in cold [illegible] upon examination the nails appeared to be [illegible] is the third case of the kind that we have [illegible] ship is now seaworthy. Captain Windsor [illegible] Challenger, reports that the ship has leaked [illegible] day she came off the dock in New-York.

Foreign Ports.

At Port-au-Prince, Aug. 28, bark Charles [illegible] hence, dischg.; brigs John Boynton, do. do.; [illegible], Blye, for New-York in 4 ds.

At Black River, Jam., Aug. 20, brig Leonidas, for New-York in 2 ds.

Callao, Aug. 12—Arr. Am. ship Return, [illegible] Am. barks Joseph Hall, 103 ds. from New-York; [illegible] Tangier, Paita; Am. ship Edward Stanley, Chinchas; Fair Winds, Valparaiso; 15th, John Sidney, 21 ds. from San Francisco; Norseman, Chinchas; Northern [illegible], 58 ds. from San Francisco; 21st, Herald of the Morning, Chinchas.

Sailed, Aug. 13, Am. ships Katherine, Chinchas; Imperial, do.; 16th, James Hovey, United States; 19th, Indian, do.; 19th, Norseman, do.; 20th, Northern Chief, do.

Paita, Aug. 25—Arr. Am. whale bark Clarion, in a [illegible] damaged, having been in contact with Peruvian bark Serpiente Marina, on the 19th inst., during the night, off the Lobos Island, coast of Peru; the Clarion has lost bowsprit, cutwater, and port bow stove, with sundry other damages received during the collision. The Serpiente Marina sustained no [illegible].

Off and On—Aug. 20, Am. whale bark [illegible] 25th, do. do. Albert, 1,400 sp.

Sailed, Aug. 22, Am. bark George and [illegible]

Valparaiso, Aug. 5—Arr. ship Orpheus, [illegible] Boston.

Sailed, Aug. 1, Am. ships Lizzie Spaulding, Australia; 4th, Fair Wind, Callao; 5th, Orpheus, [illegible]; 6th, Am. bark Alsama, do.; 9th, Am. ship [illegible] Caldera.